

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 164, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 164, 130) contains.

RGB(218, 164, 130)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(218, 164, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAA482
RGB	218, 164, 130
RGB Percent	85%, 64%, 51%
CMY	0.1451, 0.3569, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.40, 0.15
HSL	23°, 54%, 68%
HSV	23°, 40%, 85%
XYZ	46.2182, 43.0681, 26.9961
YIQ	176.2700, 43.0980, 0.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

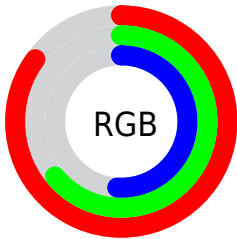
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 185, 130
Decimal	14328962
CIE Lab	71.60, 15.59, 25.39
CIE LCh	72, 29.797, 58.448
Yxy	43.0681, 0.3975, 0.3704
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292519042 (0xFFDAA482)
YUV	176.2700, -22.8111, 36.5972
Hunter-Lab	65.6263, 10.8651, 21.5488

Details

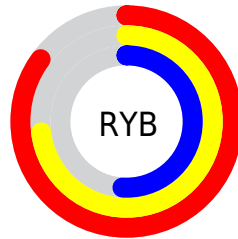
The RGB color **218, 164, 130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **130, 184, 218**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 219, 183**, and **161, 112, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **218, 151, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 177, 152**.

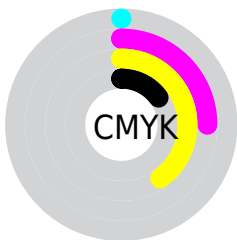
Distribution



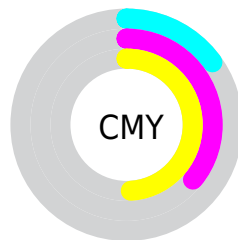
- Red (85%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 164, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 164, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 218, 164, 130

255, 255, 255


 255, 219, 183

 255, 248, 211

 255, 255, 239


 218, 164, 130

 189, 138, 105

 161, 112, 80

 134, 88, 57

 107, 64, 35

 81, 42, 13

 56, 21, 0

 33, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 218, 164, 130

 218, 164, 130

■ 218, 151, 108

■ 218, 177, 152

■ 218, 137, 86

■ 218, 191, 174

■ 218, 124, 65

■ 218, 204, 195

■ 218, 110, 43

■ 218, 218, 217

■ 218, 97, 21

■ 218, 231, 239

■ 218, 84, 0

■ 218, 244, 255

■ 218, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 157, 151



218, 164, 130



196, 173, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 164, 130



106, 190, 173



177, 169, 223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 164, 130



130, 184, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 178, 229



218, 164, 130



89, 190, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 164, 130



136, 188, 146



102, 186, 221



209, 160, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 164, 130



177, 179, 123



102, 186, 221



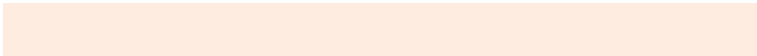
165, 172, 227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 164, 130



255, 236, 224



218, 130, 184



128, 117, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 164, 130



255, 180, 133



218, 208, 130



110, 103, 99



173, 67, 0



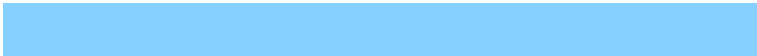
46, 18, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 184, 218



133, 208, 255



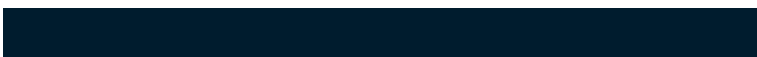
130, 140, 218



99, 105, 110



0, 106, 173



0, 28, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 164, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

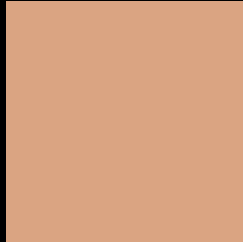
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 164, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

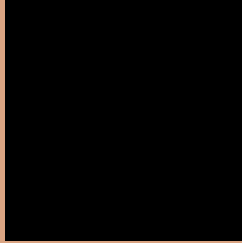
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 164, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 164, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 164, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
218, 164, 130

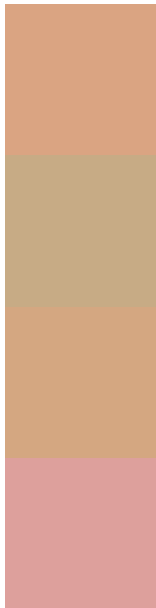
Protanopia
188, 175, 135

Deuteranopia
208, 168, 129



Tritanopia
222, 158, 171

Trichromacy



Original Color
218, 164, 130

Protanomaly
199, 171, 133

Deuteranomaly
212, 167, 129

Tritanomaly
221, 160, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color
218, 164, 130

Achromatopsia
176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly
191, 172, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 164, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 164, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 164, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 164, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 164, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 164, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 164, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 164, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 164, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 164, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 164, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 164,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 164, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 164, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
164, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor