

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 190, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 190, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(218, 190, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DABE77
RGB	218, 190, 119
RGB Percent	85%, 75%, 47%
CMY	0.1451, 0.2549, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.45, 0.15
HSL	43°, 57%, 66%
HSV	43°, 45%, 85%
XYZ	50.6567, 53.0642, 25.0253
YIQ	190.2780, 39.4790, -16.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

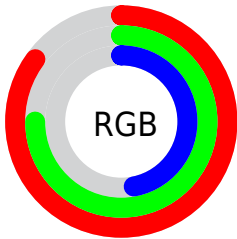
Format	Color
RYB	158, 218, 119
Decimal	14335607
CIELab	77.91, 0.59, 39.41
CIELCh	78, 39.414, 89.143
Yxy	53.0642, 0.3935, 0.4122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292525687 (0xFFDABE77)
YUV	190.2780, -35.1401, 24.3122
Hunter-Lab	72.8452, -3.3499, 30.6231

Details

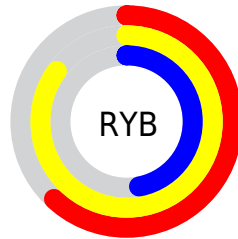
The RGB color **218, 190, 119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **119, 147, 218**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 246, 172**, and **161, 137, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **218, 184, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 196, 141**.

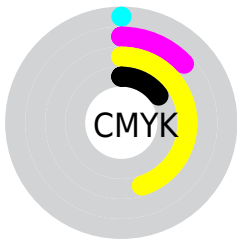
Distribution



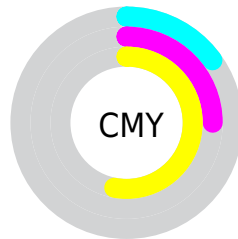
- Red (85%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 190, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 190, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 218, 190, 119

255, 255, 255


 255, 246, 172

 255, 255, 200

 255, 255, 228


 218, 190, 119

 189, 163, 94


 161, 137, 69

 134, 112, 45

 107, 87, 20


 81, 64, 0


 56, 42, 0

 31, 22, 0


 0, 0, 0

 218, 190, 119


 218, 190, 119

 218, 184, 97


 218, 196, 141

 218, 178, 75

 218, 202, 163

 218, 172, 54


 218, 208, 184

 218, 165, 32

 218, 215, 206

 218, 159, 10

 218, 221, 228

 218, 156, 0

 218, 227, 250

 218, 233, 255

 218, 239, 255

 218, 245, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 177, 131



218, 190, 119



180, 201, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 190, 119



51, 211, 227



238, 171, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 190, 119



119, 147, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 184, 255



218, 190, 119



78, 206, 254

Square

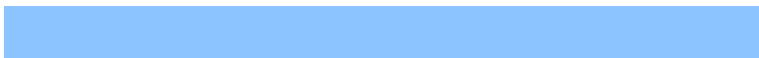
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 190, 119



90, 212, 190



139, 196, 255



255, 165, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 190, 119



152, 207, 144



139, 196, 255



226, 175, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



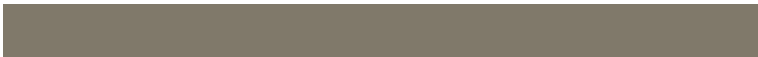
218, 190, 119



255, 245, 219



218, 119, 147



128, 121, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 190, 119



255, 216, 117



197, 218, 119



110, 107, 99



173, 124, 0



46, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 147, 218



117, 156, 255



140, 119, 218



99, 102, 110



0, 49, 173



0, 13, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 190, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 190, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 190, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 190, 119.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 190, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

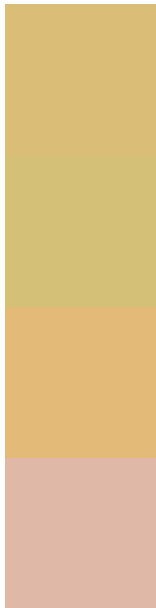
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
226, 181, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

218, 190, 119

Protanomaly

213, 192, 120

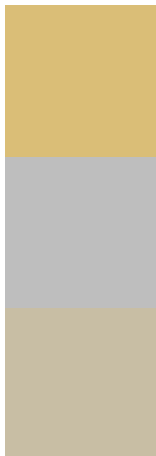
Deuteranomaly

228, 186, 120

Tritanomaly

223, 184, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

218, 190, 119

Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190

Achromatomaly

200, 190, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 190, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 190, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 190, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 190, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 190, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 190, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 190, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 190, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 190, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 190, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 190, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 190,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 190, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 190, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
190, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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