

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 224, 236)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 224, 236) contains.

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Color

RGB(218, 224, 236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAE0EC
RGB	218, 224, 236
RGB Percent	85%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1451, 0.1216, 0.0745
CMYK	0.08, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	220°, 32%, 89%
HSV	220°, 8%, 93%
XYZ	70.7094, 74.2729, 89.9662
YIQ	223.5740, -7.4280, 2.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

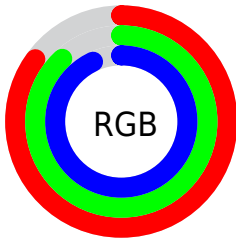
Format	Color
R _{YB}	218, 223, 236
Decimal	14344428
CIE Lab	89.05, 0.25, -6.55
CIE LCh	89, 6.555, 272.154
Yxy	74.2729, 0.3010, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292534508 (0xFFDAE0EC)
YUV	223.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884
Hunter-Lab	86.1817, -4.3643, -1.5664

Details

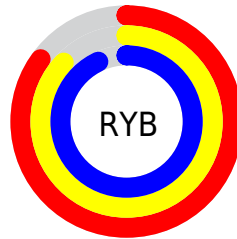
The RGB color **218, 224, 236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **236, 230, 218**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **163, 169, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 208, 236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 240, 236**.

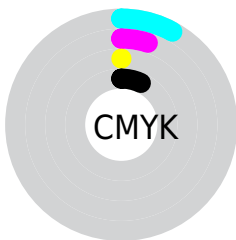
Distribution



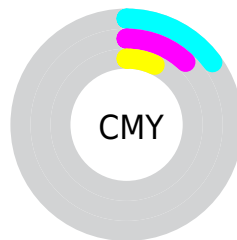
- Red (85%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 224, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 224, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 218, 224, 236

255, 255, 255

■ 218, 224, 236

■ 190, 196, 208

■ 163, 169, 180

■ 137, 142, 153

■ 111, 117, 127

■ 87, 92, 102

■ 64, 69, 78

■ 41, 47, 56

■ 21, 26, 34


■ 0, 0, 12

 218, 224, 236


 218, 224, 236


 194, 208, 236


 242, 240, 236


 171, 193, 236


 255, 255, 236

 147, 177, 236

 124, 161, 236

 100, 145, 236

 76, 130, 236

 53, 114, 236

 29, 98, 236

 6, 82, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 226, 234



218, 224, 236



226, 222, 234

Triad

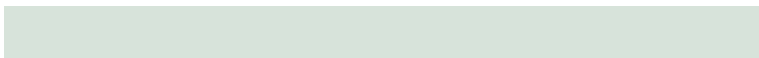
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 224, 236



237, 220, 217



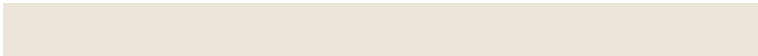
215, 227, 218

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 224, 236



236, 230, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 225, 213



218, 224, 236



235, 221, 213

Square

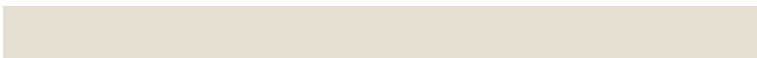
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 224, 236



237, 220, 223



229, 223, 211



210, 228, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 224, 236



230, 221, 231



229, 223, 211



217, 226, 216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 224, 236



250, 252, 255



218, 236, 230



125, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



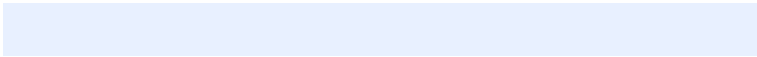
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 224, 236



232, 240, 255



221, 218, 236



106, 109, 117



0, 60, 181



0, 18, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 218, 224



255, 232, 240



233, 236, 218



117, 106, 109



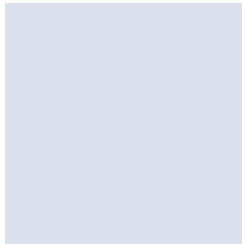
181, 0, 60



54, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 224, 236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

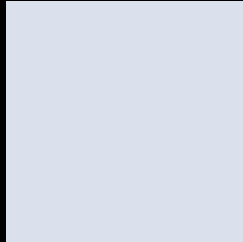
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 224, 236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

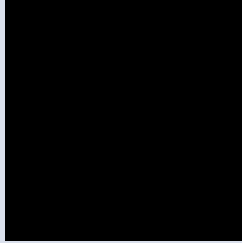
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

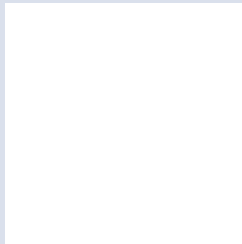
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 224, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 224, 236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 224, 236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

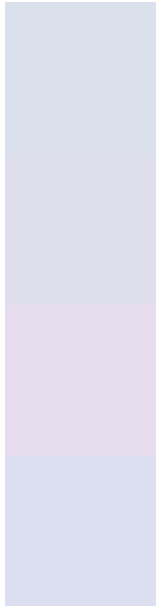
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
219, 223, 241

Trichromacy



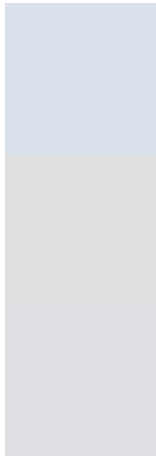
Original Color
218, 224, 236

Protanomaly
222, 223, 235

Deuteranomaly
231, 220, 237

Tritanomaly
219, 223, 239

Monochromacy



Original Color
218, 224, 236

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
222, 224, 228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 224, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 224, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 224, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 224, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 224, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 224, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 224, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 224, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 224, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 224, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 224, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 224,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 224, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 224, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
224, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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