

# Converting Colors

RGB(218, 232, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(218, 232, 226) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(218, 232, 226)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAE8E2
RGB	218, 232, 226
RGB Percent	85%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.1451, 0.0902, 0.1137
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	154°, 23%, 88%
HSV	154°, 6%, 91%
XYZ	71.4975, 78.1096, 83.2599
YIQ	227.1300, -6.4180, -4.8340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

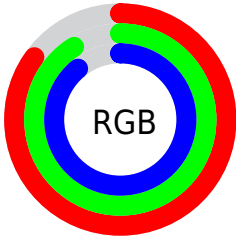
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 227, 232
Decimal	14346466
CIE Lab	90.83, -5.74, 1.30
CIE LCh	91, 5.888, 167.245
Yxy	78.1096, 0.3070, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292536546 (0xFFDAE8E2)
YUV	227.1300, -0.5571, -8.0070
Hunter-Lab	88.3797, -10.2612, 6.0104

# Details

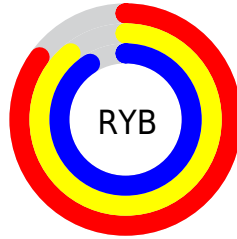
The RGB color **218, 232, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **232, 218, 224**, and the grayscale version is **227, 227, 227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **163, 176, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 232, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241, 232, 236**.

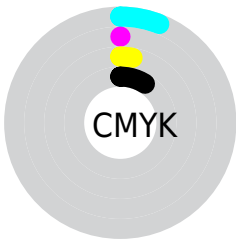
# Distribution



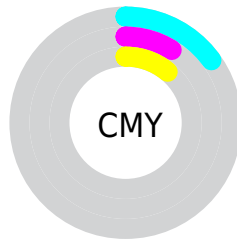
- Red (85%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 232, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 232, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 218, 232, 226

255, 255, 255

■ 218, 232, 226

■ 190, 204, 198

■ 163, 176, 171

■ 137, 150, 144

■ 111, 124, 119

■ 87, 99, 94

■ 64, 75, 70

■ 42, 53, 48


■ 21, 31, 27

■ 0, 6, 0

 218, 232, 226

 218, 232, 226

 195, 232, 216

 241, 232, 236

 172, 232, 206

 255, 232, 246

 148, 232, 196

 255, 232, 255

 125, 232, 186

 102, 232, 176

 79, 232, 166

 56, 232, 156

 32, 232, 146

 9, 232, 137

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



223, 231, 221



218, 232, 226



215, 232, 232

# Triad

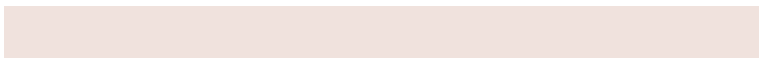
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 232, 226



227, 228, 239



240, 226, 221

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



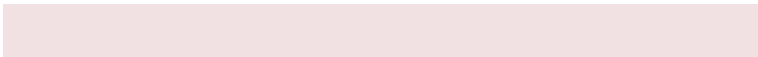
218, 232, 226



232, 218, 224

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241, 225, 226



218, 232, 226



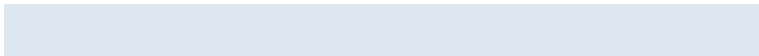
234, 226, 236

# Square

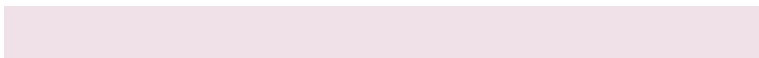
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



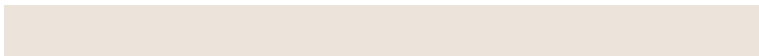
218, 232, 226



221, 230, 240



239, 225, 231



236, 227, 218

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



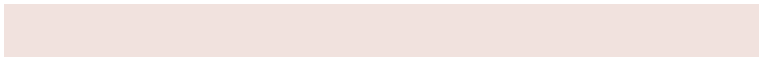
218, 232, 226



216, 232, 235



239, 225, 231



241, 226, 222



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 232, 226



250, 255, 253



224, 232, 218



125, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

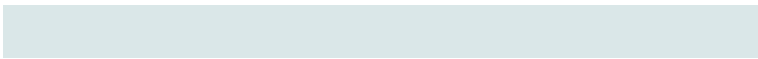
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 232, 226



237, 255, 247



218, 231, 232



106, 115, 111



0, 179, 102



0, 51, 29



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 218, 224



255, 237, 245



232, 219, 218



115, 106, 110



179, 0, 77

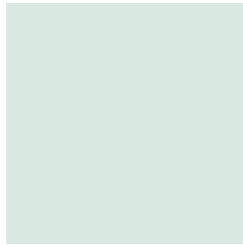


51, 0, 22



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 232, 226 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

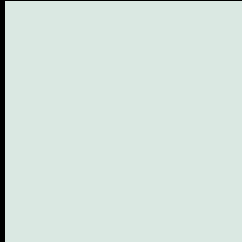
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 232, 226 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

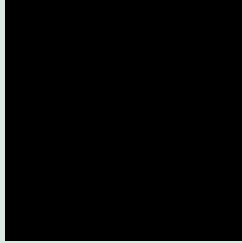
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

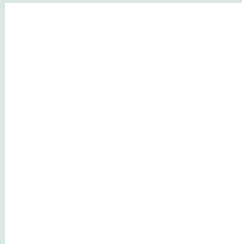
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 218, 232, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 232, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 232, 226.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

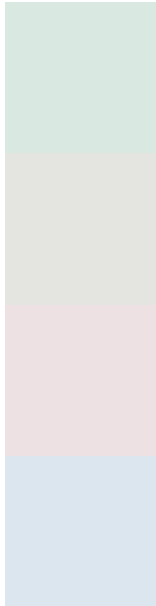
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
221, 229, 247

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

218, 232, 226

**Protanomaly**

228, 229, 224

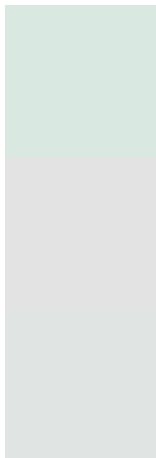
**Deuteranomaly**

238, 225, 227

**Tritanomaly**

220, 230, 239

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

218, 232, 226

**Achromatopsia**

227, 227, 227

**Achromatomaly**

224, 229, 227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 232, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 232, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 232, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 232, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 232, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 232, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 232, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 232, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 232, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 232, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 232, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 232, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 232, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 232, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
232, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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