

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 236, 200)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 236, 200) contains.

RGB(218, 236, 200)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(218, 236, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAECC8
RGB	218, 236, 200
RGB Percent	85%, 93%, 78%
CMY	0.1451, 0.0745, 0.2157
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.15, 0.07
HSL	90°, 49%, 85%
HSV	90°, 15%, 93%
XYZ	69.3342, 79.0665, 66.2506
YIQ	226.5140, 0.8280, -15.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

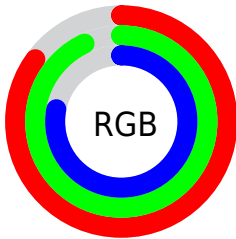
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 236, 218
Decimal	14347464
CIE _{Lab}	91.26, -12.25, 15.46
CIE _{LCh}	91, 19.727, 128.384
Yxy	79.0665, 0.3230, 0.3683
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292537544 (0xFFDAECC8)
YUV	226.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668
Hunter-Lab	88.9193, -16.4247, 18.0687

Details

The RGB color **218, 236, 200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **218, 200, 236**, and the grayscale version is **227, 227, 227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **163, 180, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 236, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 236, 224**.

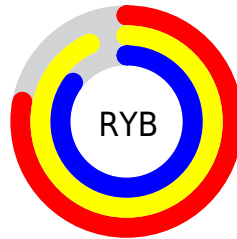
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (93%)

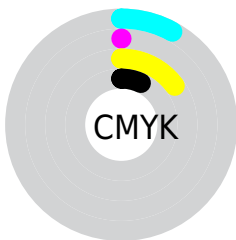
Blue (78%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (85%)

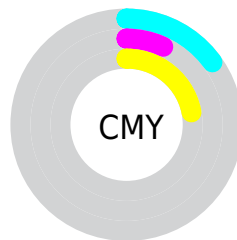


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 236, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 236, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 218, 236, 200

255, 255, 255

■ 218, 236, 200

■ 190, 208, 173

■ 163, 180, 146

■ 137, 153, 120

■ 111, 127, 95

■ 86, 102, 72

■ 63, 78, 49

■ 40, 55, 28

■ 21, 34, 3

■ 0, 9, 0

 218, 236, 200

 218, 236, 200

 206, 236, 176


 230, 236, 224

 194, 236, 153


 242, 236, 247


 183, 236, 129


 253, 236, 255


 171, 236, 106


 255, 236, 255

 159, 236, 82

 147, 236, 58

 135, 236, 35

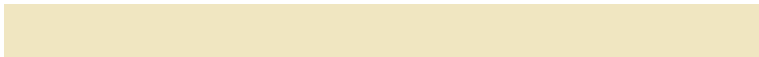
 124, 236, 11

 118, 236, 0

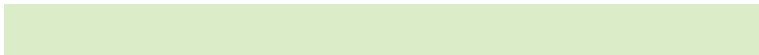
Harmonies

Analogous

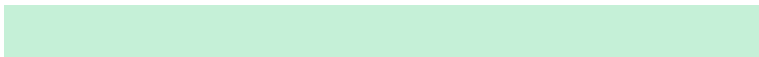
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



240, 230, 193



218, 236, 200



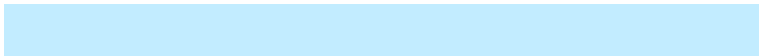
197, 240, 215

Triad

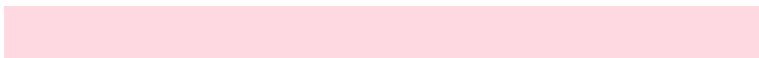
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 236, 200



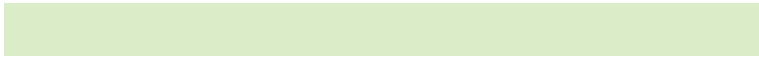
194, 236, 255



255, 217, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 236, 200



218, 200, 236

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 219, 244



218, 236, 200



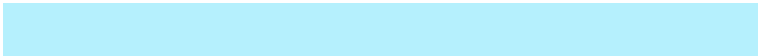
216, 230, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 236, 200



181, 240, 253



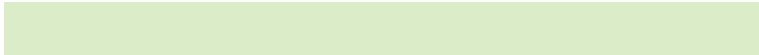
240, 223, 255



255, 219, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 236, 200



187, 241, 228



240, 223, 255



255, 217, 232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 236, 200



249, 255, 242



236, 218, 200



124, 128, 120



0, 0, 0



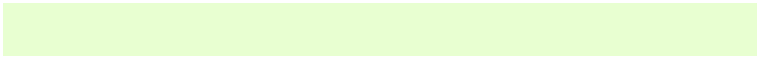
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 236, 200



232, 255, 209



200, 236, 200



111, 117, 106



91, 181, 0



27, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 200, 236



232, 209, 255



236, 200, 236



111, 106, 117



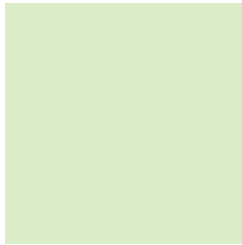
91, 0, 181



27, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 236, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

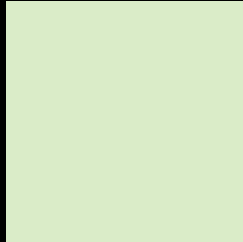
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 236, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

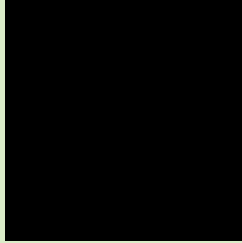
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

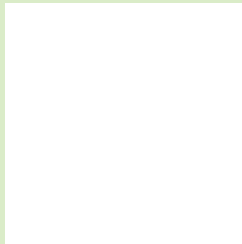
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 236, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 236, 200.

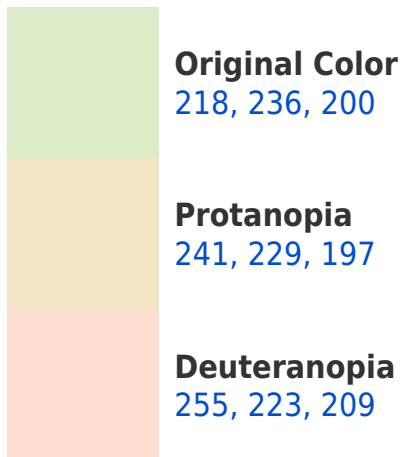


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 236, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

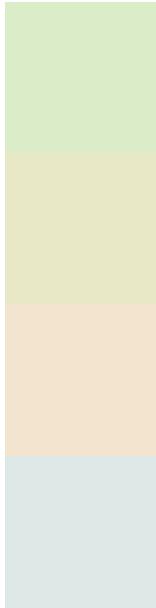
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
225, 229, 247

Trichromacy



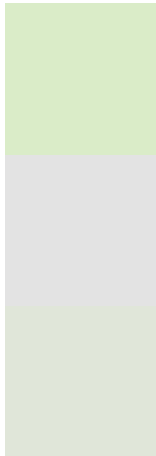
Original Color
218, 236, 200

Protanomaly
233, 232, 198

Deuteranomaly
242, 228, 206

Tritanomaly
222, 232, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color
218, 236, 200

Achromatopsia
227, 227, 227

Achromatomaly
224, 230, 217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 236, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 236, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 236, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 236, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 236, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 236, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 236, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 236, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 236, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 236, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 236, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 236,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 236, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 236, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
236, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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