

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 37, 136)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 37, 136) contains.

RGB(218, 37, 136)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(218, 37, 136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA2588
RGB	218, 37, 136
RGB Percent	85%, 15%, 53%
CMY	0.1451, 0.8549, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.38, 0.15
HSL	327°, 71%, 50%
HSV	327°, 83%, 85%
XYZ	34.0189, 18.0061, 24.9751
YIQ	102.4050, 76.0970, 69.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

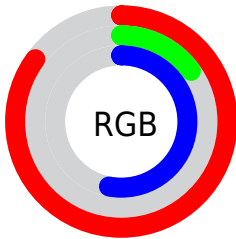
Format	Color
R_{YB}	218, 37, 136
Decimal	14296456
CIE _{Lab}	49.50, 72.66, -9.49
CIE _{LCh}	50, 73.276, 352.558
Yxy	18.0061, 0.4418, 0.2338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292486536 (0xFFDA2588)
YUV	102.4050, 16.5623, 101.3768
Hunter-Lab	42.4336, 68.8442, -5.1927

Details

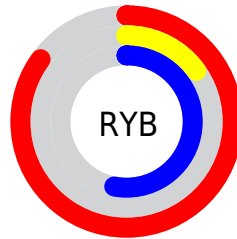
The RGB color **218, 37, 136** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **37, 218, 119**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 105, 189**, and **158, 0, 86** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **218, 15, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 59, 146**.

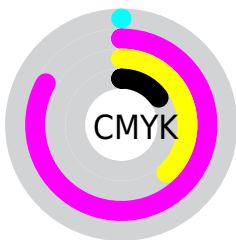
Distribution



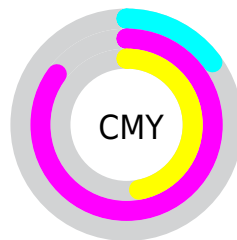
- Red (85%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 37, 136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 37, 136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



218, 37, 136



218, 37, 136

255, 255, 255



188, 0, 111



255, 105, 189



158, 0, 86



255, 134, 217



128, 0, 63



255, 164, 245



98, 0, 41



255, 193, 255



71, 0, 21



255, 223, 255



40, 0, 1



255, 253, 255



0, 0, 0



218, 37, 136



218, 37, 136



218, 15, 126



218, 59, 146

■ 218, 0, 119

■ 218, 81, 156

■ 218, 102, 166

■ 218, 124, 176

■ 218, 146, 185

■ 218, 168, 195

■ 218, 190, 205

■ 218, 211, 215

■ 218, 233, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 74, 194



218, 37, 136



223, 44, 74

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 37, 136



98, 128, 0



0, 141, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 37, 136



37, 218, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 144, 164



218, 37, 136



0, 139, 31

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 37, 136



156, 110, 0



0, 143, 100



0, 130, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 37, 136



210, 69, 34



0, 143, 100



0, 143, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 37, 136



255, 191, 226



118, 37, 218



128, 89, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 37, 136



255, 0, 139



218, 37, 46



110, 99, 105



173, 0, 95



46, 0, 25

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 37, 136



255, 0, 139



37, 218, 209



110, 99, 105



173, 0, 95



46, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 37, 136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

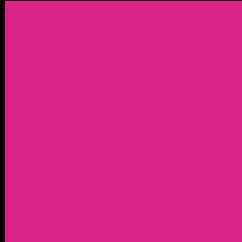
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 37, 136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 37, 136 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 37, 136.

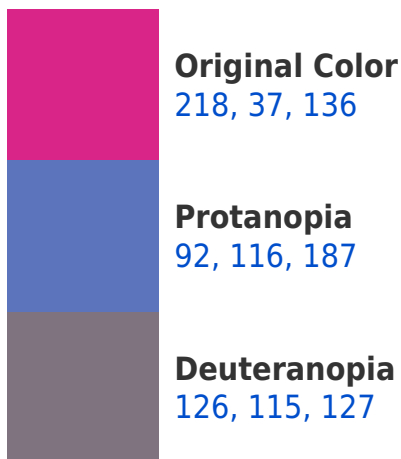


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 37, 136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
213, 62, 65

Trichromacy



Original Color

218, 37, 136



Protanomaly

138, 87, 168



Deuteranomaly

159, 87, 130



Tritanomaly

215, 53, 91

Monochromacy



Original Color

218, 37, 136



Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102



Achromatomaly

144, 78, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 37, 136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 37, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 37, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 37, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 37, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 37, 136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 37, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 37, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 37, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 37, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 37, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 37,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 37, 136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 37, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218, 37,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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