

Converting Colors

RGB(219, 144, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(219, 144, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(219, 144, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB90AE
RGB	219, 144, 174
RGB Percent	86%, 56%, 68%
CMY	0.1412, 0.4353, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.21, 0.14
HSL	336°, 51%, 71%
HSV	336°, 34%, 86%
XYZ	46.8267, 38.0626, 44.9232
YIQ	169.8450, 35.0700, 25.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

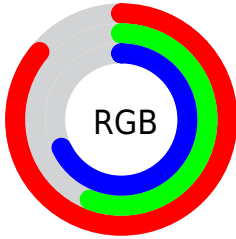
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 144, 174
Decimal	14389422
CIE Lab	68.07, 32.54, -3.95
CIE LCh	68, 32.783, 353.084
Yxy	38.0626, 0.3607, 0.2932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292579502 (0xFFDB90AE)
YUV	169.8450, 2.0484, 43.1089
Hunter-Lab	61.6949, 27.5162, 0.0144

Details

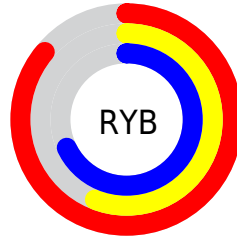
The RGB color **219, 144, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **144, 219, 189**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 199, 229**, and **163, 92, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 122, 161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 166, 187**.

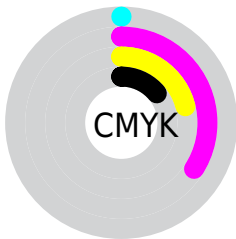
Distribution



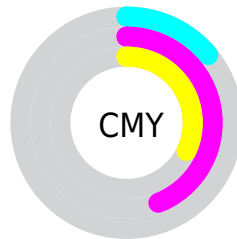
- Red (86%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 219, 144, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 219, 144, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 219, 144, 174

 219, 144, 174

255, 255, 255

 190, 118, 147

 255, 199, 229

 163, 92, 122

 255, 227, 255

 135, 68, 97

 109, 43, 73

 83, 19, 51

 58, 0, 30

 38, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0

 219, 144, 174

 219, 144, 174

■ 219, 122, 161

■ 219, 166, 187

■ 219, 100, 148

■ 219, 188, 200

■ 219, 78, 135

■ 219, 210, 213

■ 219, 56, 121

■ 219, 232, 227

■ 219, 35, 108

■ 219, 253, 240

■ 219, 13, 95

■ 219, 255, 253

■ 219, 0, 88

■ 219, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 150, 202



219, 144, 174



224, 145, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 144, 174



163, 171, 111



73, 178, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 144, 174



144, 219, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64, 182, 188



219, 144, 174



128, 178, 129

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219, 144, 174



192, 162, 107



93, 182, 158



115, 171, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 144, 174



219, 149, 127



93, 182, 158



64, 180, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 144, 174



255, 230, 240



189, 144, 219



128, 112, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 144, 174



255, 150, 192



219, 152, 144



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 69



46, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 144, 174



255, 150, 192



144, 211, 219



110, 99, 103



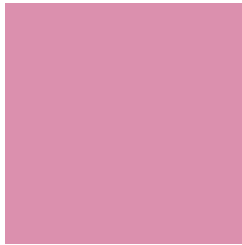
173, 0, 69



46, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 144, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

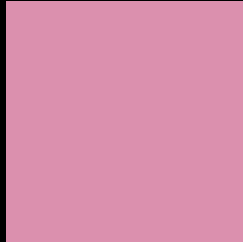
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 144, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 219, 144, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 144, 174.

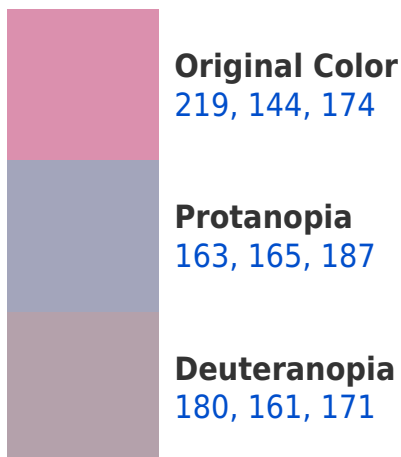


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 144, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
217, 147, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color

219, 144, 174



Protanomaly

183, 157, 182



Deuteranomaly

194, 155, 172



Tritanomaly

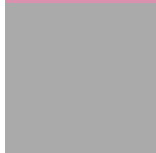
218, 146, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color

219, 144, 174



Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170



Achromatomaly

188, 161, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 219, 144, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(219, 144, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 144, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 144, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 144, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 219, 144, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 144, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 144, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 144, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 144, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 144, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 144,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 219, 144, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 144, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
144, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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