

Converting Colors

RGB(219, 180, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(219, 180, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(219, 180, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBB4F9
RGB	219, 180, 249
RGB Percent	86%, 71%, 98%
CMY	0.1412, 0.2941, 0.0235
CMYK	0.12, 0.28, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	274°, 85%, 84%
HSV	274°, 28%, 98%
XYZ	62.6336, 54.5421, 96.8491
YIQ	199.5270, 1.0950, 29.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

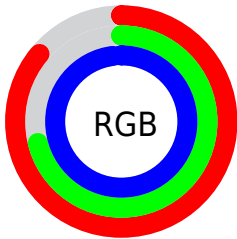
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 180, 249
Decimal	14398713
CIE Lab	78.78, 26.58, -28.93
CIE LCh	79, 39.292, 312.575
Yxy	54.5421, 0.2926, 0.2548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292588793 (0xFFDDBB4F9)
YUV	199.5270, 24.3902, 17.0778
Hunter-Lab	73.8526, 22.1416, -26.0550

Details

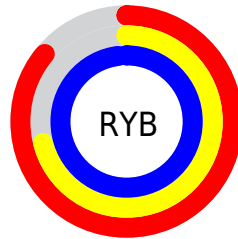
The RGB color **219, 180, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **210, 249, 180**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 236, 255**, and **163, 127, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 155, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 205, 249**.

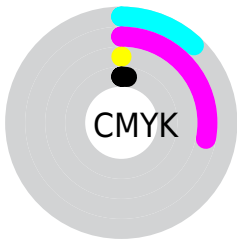
Distribution



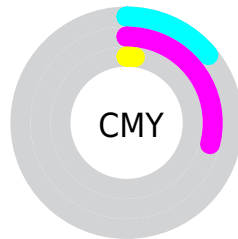
- Red (86%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 219, 180, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 219, 180, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 219, 180, 249

255, 255, 255

 255, 236, 255

 219, 180, 249


 191, 153, 220

 163, 127, 192

 137, 102, 165

 110, 77, 139

 85, 54, 113

 61, 31, 88

 37, 9, 64

 18, 0, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 219, 180, 249

■ 219, 180, 249

■ 208, 155, 249

■ 230, 205, 249

■ 197, 130, 249

■ 241, 230, 249

■ 187, 105, 249

■ 251, 255, 249

■ 176, 80, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

■ 165, 55, 249

■ 154, 31, 249

■ 143, 6, 249

■ 141, 0, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168, 193, 255



219, 180, 249



253, 170, 218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 180, 249



238, 185, 126



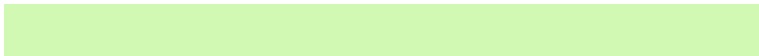
73, 215, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 180, 249



210, 249, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 213, 172



219, 180, 249



204, 198, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219, 180, 249



255, 174, 147



164, 207, 140



59, 212, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 180, 249



255, 167, 193



164, 207, 140



88, 215, 197

Sweetspot

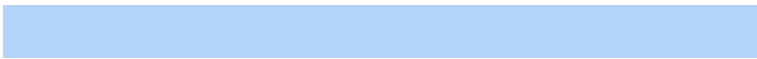
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 180, 249



246, 235, 255



180, 211, 249



122, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 180, 249



218, 171, 255



249, 180, 246



120, 112, 125



107, 0, 189



35, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

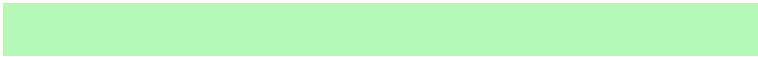
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 180, 210



255, 171, 207



180, 249, 183



125, 112, 118



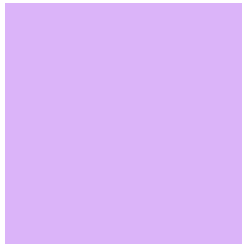
189, 0, 82



61, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 180, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

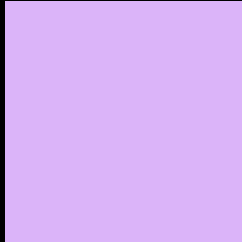
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 180, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 219, 180, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 180, 249.

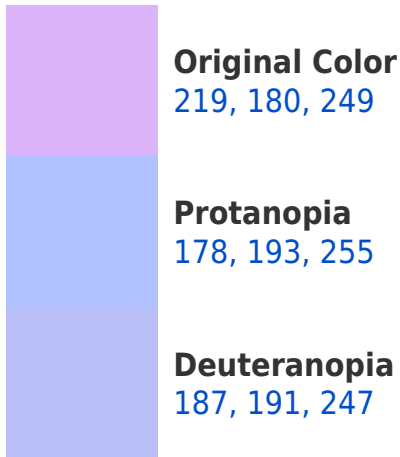



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 180, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 189, 203

Trichromacy



Original Color

219, 180, 249



Protanomaly

193, 188, 253



Deuteranomaly

199, 187, 248



Tritanomaly

215, 186, 220

Monochromacy



Original Color

219, 180, 249



Achromatopsia

200, 200, 200



Achromatomaly

207, 193, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 219, 180, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 180, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 180, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 180, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 180, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 219, 180, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 180, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 180, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 180, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 180, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 180, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 180,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 219, 180, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 180, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
180, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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