

Converting Colors

RGB(219, 91, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(219, 91, 181) contains.

RGB(219, 91, 181)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(219, 91, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB5BB5
RGB	219, 91, 181
RGB Percent	86%, 36%, 71%
CMY	0.1412, 0.6431, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.17, 0.14
HSL	318°, 64%, 61%
HSV	318°, 58%, 86%
XYZ	41.2950, 25.8784, 46.5346
YIQ	139.5320, 47.3980, 55.1260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

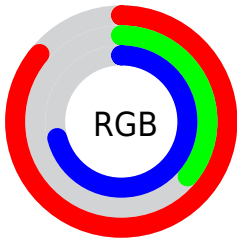
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 91, 181
Decimal	14375861
CIE Lab	57.92, 60.07, -23.20
CIE LCh	58, 64.392, 338.883
Yxy	25.8784, 0.3632, 0.2276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292565941 (0xFFDB5BB5)
YUV	139.5320, 20.4437, 69.6934
Hunter-Lab	50.8709, 55.8754, -18.6265

Details

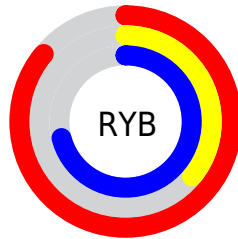
The RGB color **219, 91, 181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **91, 219, 129**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 147, 237**, and **161, 30, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 69, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 113, 188**.

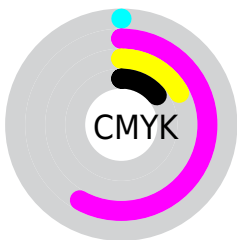
Distribution



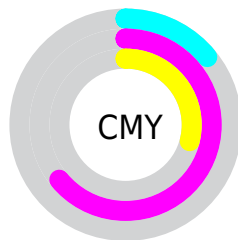
- Red (86%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 219, 91, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 219, 91, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 219, 91, 181

 219, 91, 181

255, 255, 255

 190, 62, 154

 255, 147, 237

 161, 30, 128

 255, 175, 255

 133, 0, 103

 255, 204, 255

 105, 0, 78

 255, 233, 255

 78, 0, 55

 53, 0, 34

 17, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 219, 91, 181

 219, 91, 181

■ 219, 69, 174

■ 219, 113, 188

■ 219, 47, 168

■ 219, 135, 194

■ 219, 25, 161

■ 219, 157, 201

■ 219, 3, 155

■ 219, 179, 207

■ 219, 0, 154

■ 219, 200, 214

■ 219, 222, 220

■ 219, 244, 227

■ 219, 255, 233

■ 219, 255, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 116, 228



219, 91, 181



240, 81, 125

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 91, 181



151, 142, 0



0, 164, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 91, 181



91, 219, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 165, 155



219, 91, 181



90, 155, 42

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219, 91, 181



198, 121, 22



0, 163, 96



0, 156, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 91, 181



236, 90, 88



0, 163, 96



0, 165, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 91, 181



255, 209, 241



127, 91, 219



128, 99, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 91, 181



255, 77, 202



219, 91, 119



110, 99, 106



173, 0, 122



46, 0, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 91, 181



255, 77, 202



91, 219, 191



110, 99, 106



173, 0, 122



46, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 91, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

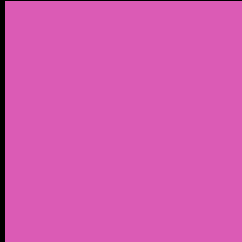
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 91, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 219, 91, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 91, 181.

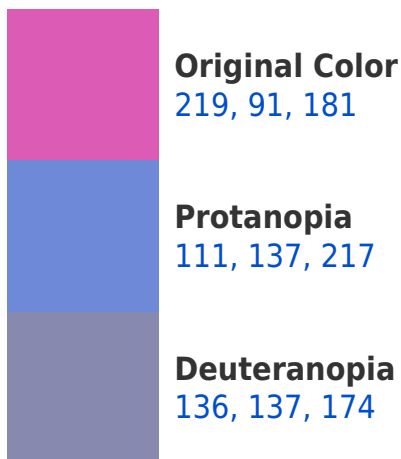


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 91, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 107, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color
219, 91, 181



Protanomaly
150, 120, 204



Deuteranomaly
166, 120, 177

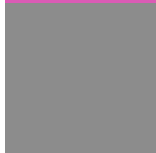


Tritanomaly
215, 101, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color
219, 91, 181



Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140



Achromatomaly
169, 122, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 219, 91, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 91, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 91, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 91, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 91, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 219, 91, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 91, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 91, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 91, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 91, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 91, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 91,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 219, 91, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 91, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 91,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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