

Converting Colors

RGB(219, 93, 251)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(219, 93, 251) contains.

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Color

RGB(219, 93, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB5DFB
RGB	219, 93, 251
RGB Percent	86%, 36%, 98%
CMY	0.1412, 0.6353, 0.0157
CMYK	0.13, 0.63, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	288°, 95%, 67%
HSV	288°, 63%, 98%
XYZ	50.5404, 29.8538, 94.3654
YIQ	148.6860, 24.3780, 75.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

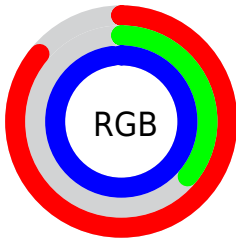
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 93, 251
Decimal	14376443
CIE Lab	61.53, 70.90, -57.02
CIE LCh	62, 90.984, 321.197
Yxy	29.8538, 0.2892, 0.1708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292566523 (0xFFDB5DFB)
YUV	148.6860, 50.4408, 61.6654
Hunter-Lab	54.6386, 69.4936, -64.1516

Details

The RGB color **219, 93, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **125, 251, 93**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 150, 255**, and **160, 28, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 68, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 118, 251**.

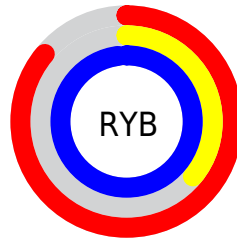
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (36%)

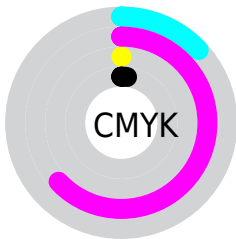
Blue (98%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (98%)

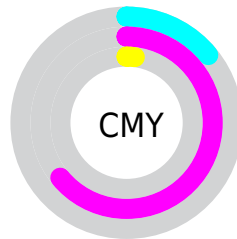


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (14%)
















Magenta (64%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 219, 93, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 219, 93, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 219, 93, 251	 219, 93, 251
255, 255, 255	 189, 63, 222
 255, 150, 255	 160, 28, 194
 255, 179, 255	 132, 0, 166
 255, 208, 255	 103, 0, 139
 255, 238, 255	 75, 0, 113
	 48, 0, 88
	 13, 0, 63
	 0, 3, 40
	 0, 1, 18

■ 219, 93, 251

■ 219, 93, 251

■ 214, 68, 251

■ 224, 118, 251

■ 209, 43, 251

■ 229, 143, 251

■ 204, 18, 251

■ 234, 168, 251

■ 200, 0, 251

■ 239, 193, 251

■ 244, 218, 251

■ 250, 244, 251

■ 255, 255, 251

■ 255, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64, 138, 255



219, 93, 251



255, 34, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 93, 251



200, 137, 0



0, 183, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 93, 251



125, 251, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 181, 121



219, 93, 251



126, 162, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



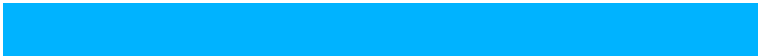
219, 93, 251



255, 97, 0



0, 175, 28



0, 179, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 93, 251



255, 25, 122



0, 175, 28



0, 183, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 93, 251



245, 207, 255



93, 127, 251



122, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 93, 251



216, 61, 255



251, 93, 206



122, 112, 125



150, 0, 189



49, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 93, 125



255, 61, 100



93, 251, 138



125, 112, 115



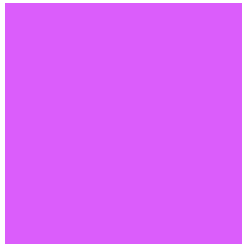
189, 0, 38



61, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 93, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

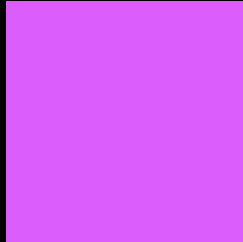
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 219, 93, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

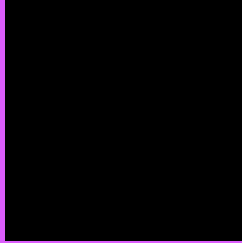
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 219, 93, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 93, 251.

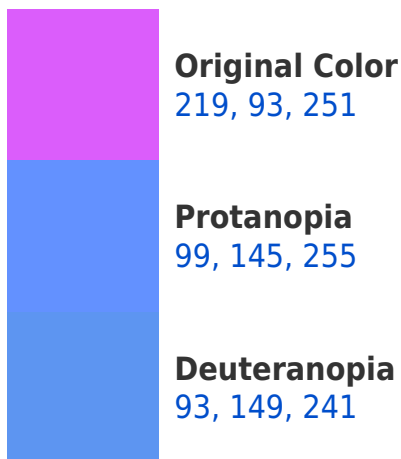


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 219, 93, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
203, 127, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color
219, 93, 251



Protanomaly
143, 126, 254



Deuteranomaly
139, 129, 245



Tritanomaly
209, 115, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color
219, 93, 251



Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149



Achromatomaly
174, 129, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 219, 93, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 93, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 93, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 93, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 93, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 219, 93, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 93, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 93, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 93, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 93, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 93, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 93,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 219, 93, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 93, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 93,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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