

Converting Colors

RGB(21, 3, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(21, 3, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(21, 3, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1503FF
RGB	21, 3, 255
RGB Percent	8%, 1%, 100%
CMY	0.9176, 0.9882, 0.0000
CMYK	0.92, 0.99, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	244°, 100%, 51%
HSV	244°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	18.3918, 7.4446, 95.0753
YIQ	37.1100, -70.1640, 82.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

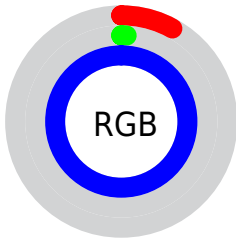
Format	Color
R _Y B	21, 3, 255
Decimal	1377279
CIE Lab	32.80, 78.86, -107.03
CIE LCh	33, 132.943, 306.385
Yxy	7.4446, 0.1521, 0.0616
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279567359 (0xFF1503FF)
YUV	37.1100, 107.4198, -14.1285
Hunter-Lab	27.2847, 72.5734, -187.5005

Details

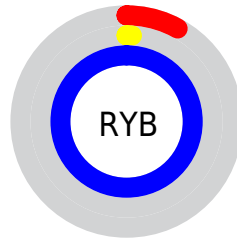
The RGB color **21, 3, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **237, 255, 3**, and the grayscale version is **36, 36, 36**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125, 73, 255**, and **0, 0, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 0, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 28, 255**.

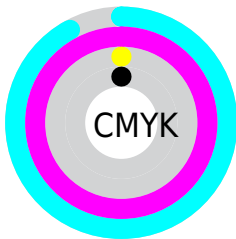
Distribution



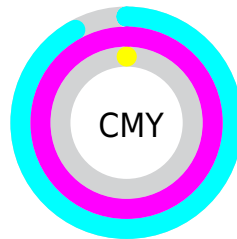
- Red (8%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 21, 3, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 21, 3, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21, 3, 255



21, 3, 255

255, 255, 255



0, 0, 225



125, 73, 255



0, 0, 196



160, 101, 255



0, 0, 168



194, 128, 255



0, 0, 140



227, 156, 255



0, 17, 113



255, 184, 255



0, 12, 88



255, 213, 255



0, 7, 63



255, 242, 255



0, 3, 41



0, 1, 18

■ 21, 3, 255

■ 21, 3, 255

■ 18, 0, 255

■ 45, 28, 255

■ 68, 54, 255

■ 92, 80, 255

■ 116, 105, 255

■ 139, 131, 255

■ 163, 156, 255

■ 187, 181, 255

■ 210, 207, 255

■ 234, 233, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 94, 255



21, 3, 255



205, 0, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21, 3, 255



157, 15, 0



0, 106, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 3, 255



237, 255, 3

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 103, 0



21, 3, 255



75, 82, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21, 3, 255



214, 0, 0



0, 98, 0



0, 110, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 3, 255



234, 0, 96



0, 98, 0



0, 105, 62

Sweetspot

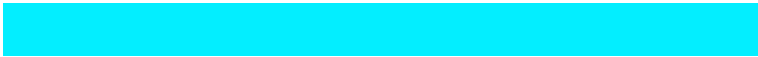
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 3, 255



184, 179, 255



3, 238, 255



85, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 3, 255



18, 0, 255



146, 3, 255



116, 115, 128



14, 0, 191



5, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 3, 237



255, 0, 237



112, 255, 3



128, 115, 127



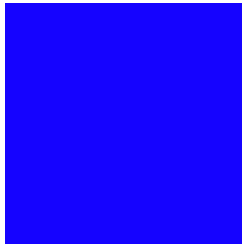
191, 0, 178



64, 0, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 21, 3, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

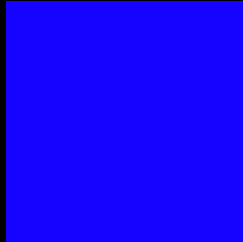
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 21, 3, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

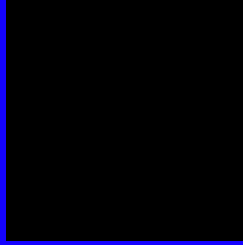
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 21, 3, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 21, 3, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 21, 3, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


21, 3, 255

Protanopia

0, 75, 157

Deuteranopia

0, 80, 133



Tritanopia
0, 86, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 3, 255

Protanomaly

8, 49, 193

Deuteranomaly

8, 52, 177

Tritanomaly

8, 56, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 3, 255

Achromatopsia

37, 37, 37

Achromatomaly

31, 25, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 21, 3, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 3, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 3, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 3, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 3, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 21, 3, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 3, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 3, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 3, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 3, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 3, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 3, 255)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 21, 3, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 3, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 3,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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