

Converting Colors

RGB(220, 238, 203)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(220, 238, 203) contains.

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Color

RGB(220, 238, 203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCEECB
RGB	220, 238, 203
RGB Percent	86%, 93%, 80%
CMY	0.1373, 0.0667, 0.2039
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.15, 0.07
HSL	91°, 51%, 86%
HSV	91°, 15%, 93%
XYZ	70.8692, 80.6765, 68.3368
YIQ	228.6280, 0.5070, -14.7010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

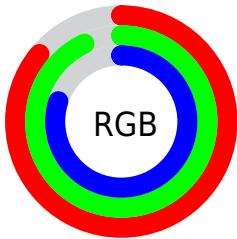
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 238, 221
Decimal	14479051
CIE _{Lab}	91.99, -12.07, 14.95
CIE _{LCh}	92, 19.213, 128.914
Yxy	80.6765, 0.3223, 0.3669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292669131 (0xFFDCEECB)
YUV	228.6280, -12.6346, -7.5668
Hunter-Lab	89.8201, -16.3464, 17.7651

Details

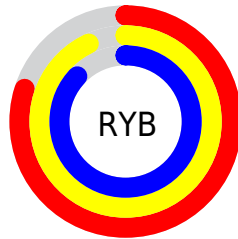
The RGB color **220, 238, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 203, 238**, and the grayscale version is **229, 229, 229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **165, 182, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 238, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 238, 227**.

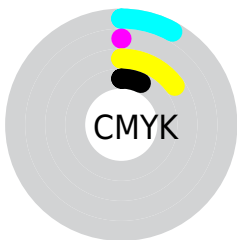
Distribution



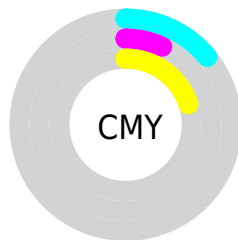
- Red (86%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 220, 238, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 220, 238, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 220, 238, 203

255, 255, 255

■ 220, 238, 203

■ 192, 210, 176

■ 165, 182, 149

■ 138, 155, 123

■ 113, 129, 98

■ 88, 104, 74

■ 65, 80, 51

■ 42, 57, 30

■ 22, 35, 6

■ 0, 13, 0

 220, 238, 203

 220, 238, 203

 208, 238, 179

 232, 238, 227

 196, 238, 155


 244, 238, 251

 183, 238, 132

 255, 238, 255

 171, 238, 108

 159, 238, 84

 147, 238, 60

 134, 238, 36

 122, 238, 13

 116, 238, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

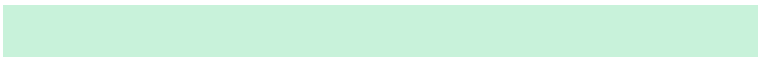
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 233, 196



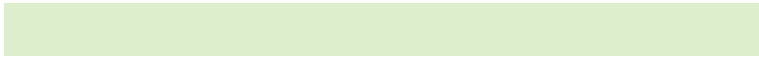
220, 238, 203



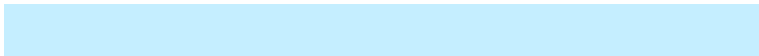
200, 242, 218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220, 238, 203



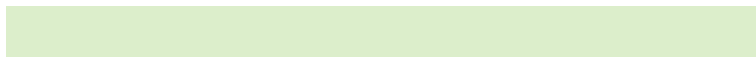
197, 238, 255



255, 219, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220, 238, 203



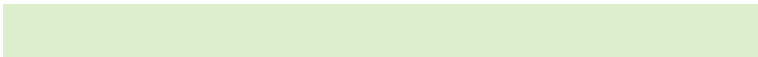
221, 203, 238

Split Complementary

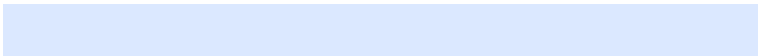
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 221, 246



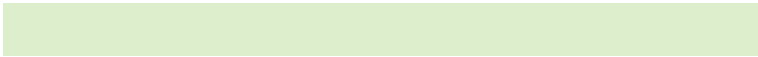
220, 238, 203



219, 232, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



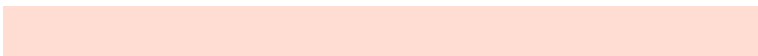
220, 238, 203



185, 241, 254



242, 226, 255



255, 221, 210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220, 238, 203



190, 243, 231



242, 226, 255



255, 219, 233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220, 238, 203



250, 255, 245



238, 220, 203



124, 128, 121



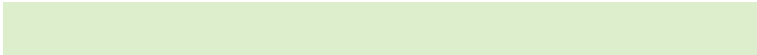
0, 0, 0



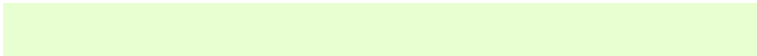
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

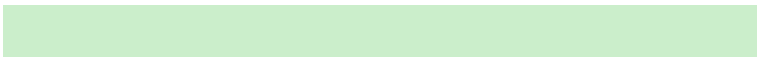
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220, 238, 203



231, 255, 209



203, 238, 203



114, 120, 108



89, 184, 0



27, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 203, 238



233, 209, 255



238, 203, 238



114, 108, 120



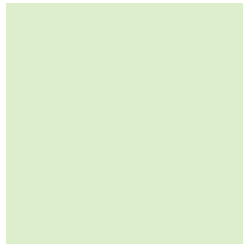
94, 0, 184



29, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 220, 238, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 220, 238, 203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

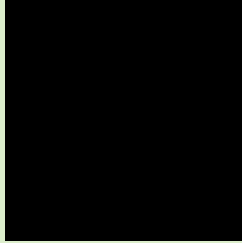
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

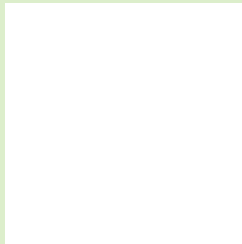
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 220, 238, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 220, 238, 203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 220, 238, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

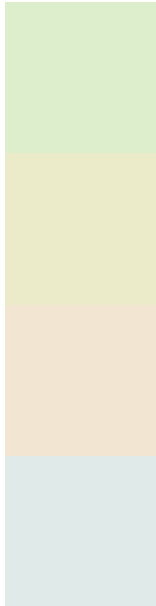




Tritanopia

227, 231, 250

Trichromacy



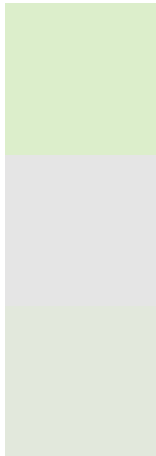
Original Color
220, 238, 203

Protanomaly
235, 234, 201

Deuteranomaly
242, 230, 210

Tritanomaly
224, 234, 233

Monochromacy



Original Color
220, 238, 203

Achromatopsia
229, 229, 229

Achromatomaly
226, 232, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 220, 238, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 238, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 238, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 238, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 238, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 220, 238, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 238, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 238, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 238, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 238, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 238, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 238,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 220, 238, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 238, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
238, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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