

Converting Colors

RGB(221, 149, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(221, 149, 219) contains.

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Color

RGB(221, 149, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DD95DB
RGB	221, 149, 219
RGB Percent	87%, 58%, 86%
CMY	0.1333, 0.4157, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.01, 0.13
HSL	302°, 51%, 73%
HSV	302°, 33%, 87%
XYZ	53.3524, 41.9815, 72.3091
YIQ	178.5080, 20.4420, 37.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

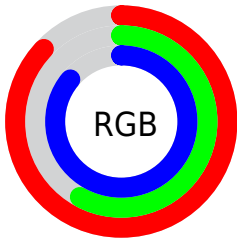
Format	Color
R _Y B	221, 149, 219
Decimal	14521819
CIE Lab	70.86, 38.07, -24.74
CIE LCh	71, 45.396, 326.983
Yxy	41.9815, 0.3183, 0.2504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292711899 (0xFFDD95DB)
YUV	178.5080, 19.9626, 37.2655
Hunter-Lab	64.7931, 33.5937, -20.8124

Details

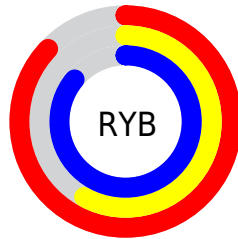
The RGB color **221, 149, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **149, 221, 151**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 204, 255**, and **165, 97, 164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 127, 218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 171, 220**.

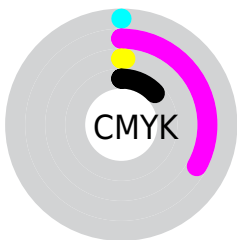
Distribution



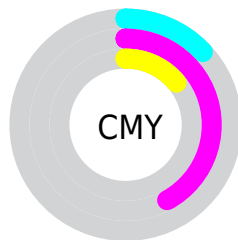
- Red (87%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 221, 149, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 221, 149, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 221, 149, 219

 221, 149, 219


255, 255, 255


 193, 123, 191

 255, 204, 255

 165, 97, 164

 255, 233, 255

 138, 72, 137

 111, 47, 112

 86, 22, 87

 61, 0, 64

 40, 0, 42

 0, 1, 19

 0, 0, 0

■ 221, 149, 219

■ 221, 149, 219

■ 221, 127, 218

■ 221, 171, 220

■ 221, 105, 218

■ 221, 193, 220

■ 221, 83, 217

■ 221, 215, 221

■ 221, 61, 217

■ 221, 237, 221

■ 221, 39, 216

■ 221, 255, 222

■ 221, 16, 215

■ 221, 255, 223

■ 221, 0, 215

■ 221, 255, 223

■ 221, 255, 224

■ 221, 255, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 164, 247



221, 149, 219



248, 140, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 149, 219



203, 170, 89



0, 194, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 149, 219



149, 221, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33, 195, 168



221, 149, 219



161, 182, 98

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 149, 219



235, 155, 105



111, 191, 127



0, 189, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 149, 219



253, 141, 151



111, 191, 127



0, 195, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 149, 219



255, 230, 254



150, 149, 221



128, 112, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 149, 219



255, 156, 252



221, 149, 184



110, 99, 109



173, 0, 169



46, 0, 45

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 149, 219



255, 156, 252



149, 221, 186



110, 99, 109



173, 0, 169



46, 0, 45

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 149, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

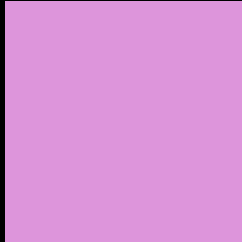
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 149, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

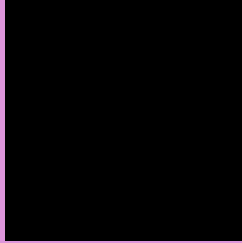
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 221, 149, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 149, 219.

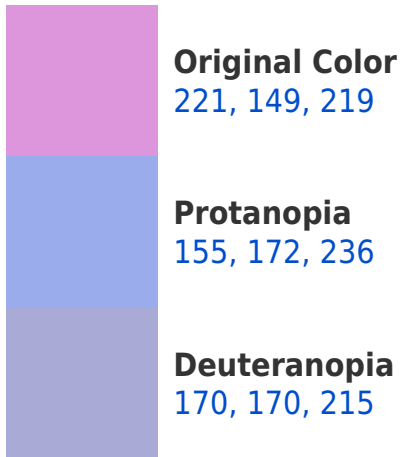



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 149, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
215, 159, 171

Trichromacy



Original Color

221, 149, 219



Protanomaly

179, 164, 230



Deuteranomaly

189, 162, 216



Tritanomaly

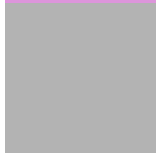
217, 155, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color

221, 149, 219



Achromatopsia

179, 179, 179



Achromatomaly

194, 168, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 221, 149, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 149, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 149, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 149, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 149, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 221, 149, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 149, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 149, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 149, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 149, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 149, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 149, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 221, 149, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 149, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
149, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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