

Converting Colors

RGB(221, 196, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(221, 196, 183) contains.

RGB(221, 196, 183)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(221, 196, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDC4B7
RGB	221, 196, 183
RGB Percent	87%, 77%, 72%
CMY	0.1333, 0.2314, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.17, 0.13
HSL	21°, 36%, 79%
HSV	21°, 17%, 87%
XYZ	58.1060, 58.2709, 52.9846
YIQ	201.9930, 19.0730, 1.2570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

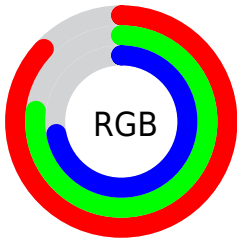
Format	Color
RYB	221, 203, 183
Decimal	14533815
CIELab	80.89, 6.73, 9.74
CIELCh	81, 11.838, 55.351
Yxy	58.2709, 0.3431, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292723895 (0xFFDDC4B7)
YUV	201.9930, -9.3635, 16.6691
Hunter-Lab	76.3354, 2.2860, 12.2814

Details

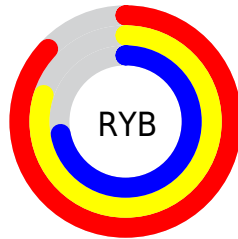
The RGB color **221, 196, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 208, 221**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 239**, and **166, 142, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 181, 161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 211, 205**.

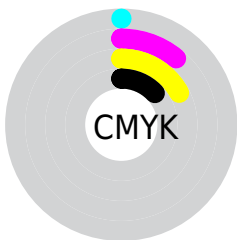
Distribution



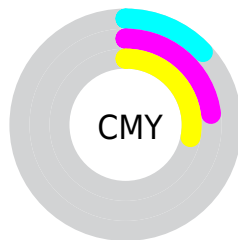
- Red (87%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 221, 196, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 221, 196, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 221, 196, 183

255, 255, 255

 255, 253, 239

 221, 196, 183

 193, 169, 156


 166, 142, 130

 139, 117, 105

 113, 92, 81

 88, 69, 58

 65, 46, 36

 42, 26, 15

 20, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 221, 196, 183

■ 221, 196, 183

■ 221, 181, 161

■ 221, 211, 205

■ 221, 167, 139

■ 221, 225, 227

■ 221, 152, 117

■ 221, 240, 249

■ 221, 138, 95

■ 221, 254, 255

■ 221, 123, 73

■ 221, 255, 255

■ 221, 109, 50

■ 221, 94, 28

■ 221, 80, 6

■ 221, 76, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 194, 192



221, 196, 183



212, 199, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 196, 183



177, 207, 199



201, 199, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 196, 183



183, 208, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 202, 223



221, 196, 183



173, 207, 210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 196, 183



187, 206, 188



177, 205, 219



214, 195, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 196, 183



204, 202, 180



177, 205, 219



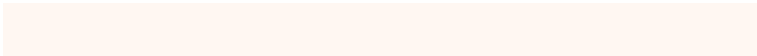
196, 200, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 196, 183



255, 247, 242



221, 183, 208



128, 122, 120



0, 0, 0



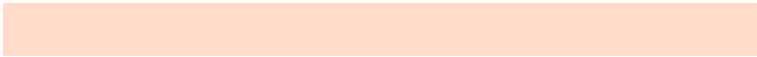
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 196, 183



255, 220, 201



221, 215, 183



110, 102, 99



173, 59, 0



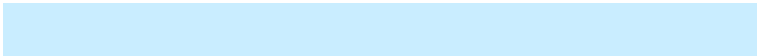
46, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 208, 221



201, 237, 255



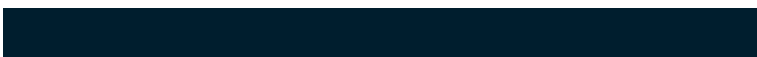
183, 189, 221



99, 106, 110



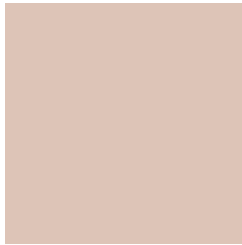
0, 114, 173



0, 30, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 196, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

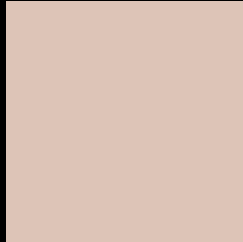
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 196, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

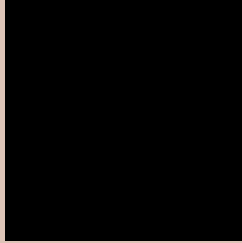
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 221, 196, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 196, 183.

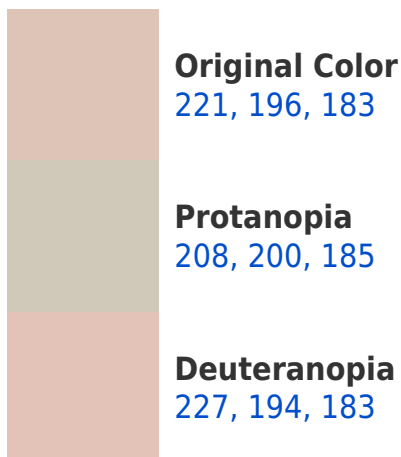


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 196, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
224, 192, 207

Trichromacy



Original Color

221, 196, 183

Protanomaly

213, 199, 184

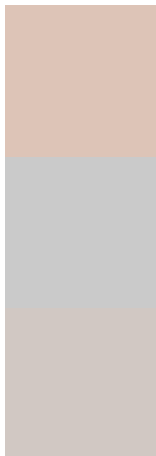
Deuteranomaly

225, 195, 183

Tritanomaly

223, 193, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color

221, 196, 183

Achromatopsia

202, 202, 202

Achromatomaly

209, 200, 195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 221, 196, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 196, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 196, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 196, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 196, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 221, 196, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 196, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 196, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 196, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 196, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 196, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 196,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 221, 196, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 196, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
196, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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