

Converting Colors

RGB(221, 230, 242)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(221, 230, 242) contains.

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Color

RGB(221, 230, 242)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDE6F2
RGB	221, 230, 242
RGB Percent	87%, 90%, 95%
CMY	0.1333, 0.0980, 0.0510
CMYK	0.09, 0.05, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	214°, 45%, 91%
HSV	214°, 9%, 95%
XYZ	74.1426, 78.3766, 95.2249
YIQ	228.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

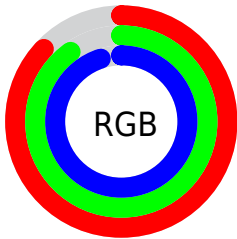
Format	Color
R _Y B	221, 227, 242
Decimal	14542578
CIE Lab	90.95, -0.73, -6.86
CIE LCh	91, 6.900, 263.951
Yxy	78.3766, 0.2993, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292732658 (0xFFDDE6F2)
YUV	228.6770, 6.5682, -6.7327
Hunter-Lab	88.5306, -5.4382, -1.8019

Details

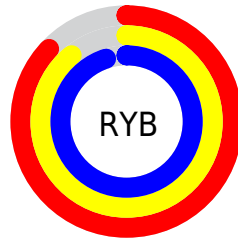
The RGB color **221, 230, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **242, 233, 221**, and the grayscale version is **229, 229, 229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **166, 175, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 216, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **245, 244, 242**.

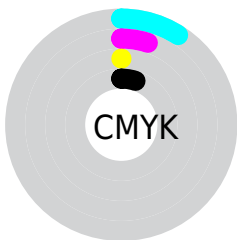
Distribution



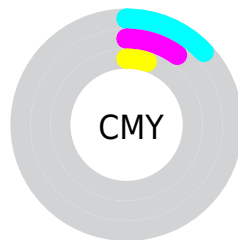
- Red (87%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 221, 230, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 221, 230, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 221, 230, 242

255, 255, 255

■ 221, 230, 242

■ 193, 202, 214

■ 166, 175, 186

■ 139, 148, 159

■ 114, 122, 133

■ 89, 97, 108

■ 66, 74, 83

■ 43, 51, 60

■ 23, 30, 39

■ 0, 5, 18

■ 221, 230, 242

■ 221, 230, 242

■ 197, 216, 242

■ 245, 244, 242

■ 173, 202, 242

■ 255, 255, 242

■ 148, 189, 242

■ 124, 175, 242

■ 100, 161, 242

■ 76, 147, 242

■ 52, 133, 242

■ 27, 119, 242

■ 3, 106, 242

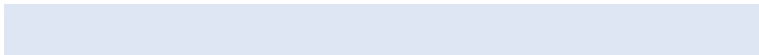
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215, 232, 239



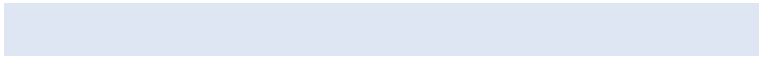
221, 230, 242



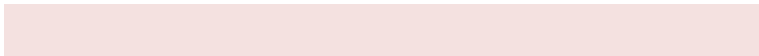
229, 228, 241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 230, 242



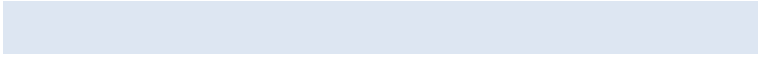
244, 225, 224



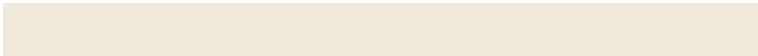
221, 232, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 230, 242



242, 233, 221

Split Complementary

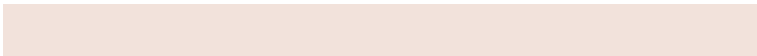
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 230, 217



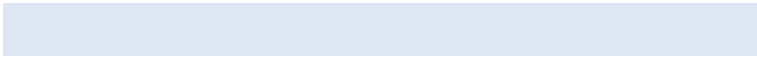
221, 230, 242



242, 226, 219

Square

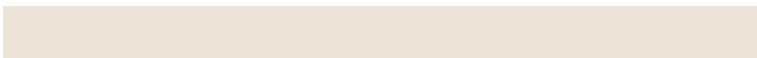
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 230, 242



242, 225, 231



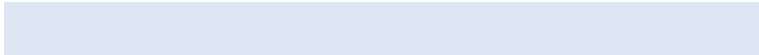
236, 228, 216



215, 233, 227

Rectangle

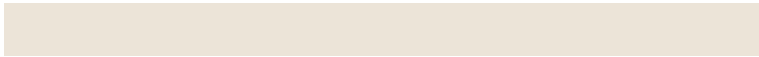
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 230, 242



234, 226, 239



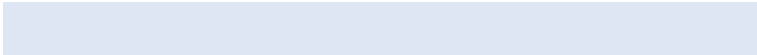
236, 228, 216



224, 232, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 230, 242



247, 251, 255



221, 242, 233



122, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



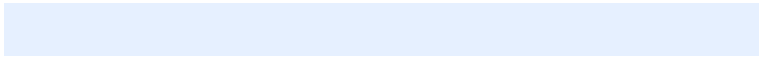
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 230, 242



230, 240, 255



222, 221, 242



108, 113, 120



0, 79, 184



0, 24, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 221, 230



255, 230, 240



241, 242, 221



120, 108, 113



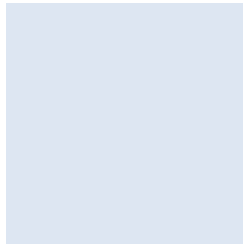
184, 0, 79



56, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 230, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

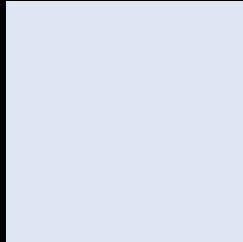
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 230, 242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

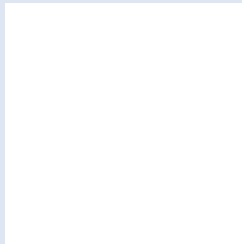
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 221, 230, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 230, 242.

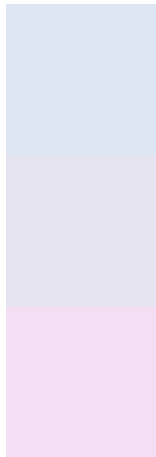


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 230, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
221, 230, 242

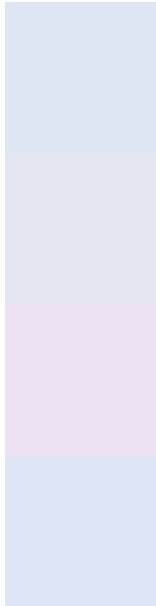
Protanopia
230, 228, 241

Deuteranopia
244, 222, 244



Tritanopia
222, 229, 247

Trichromacy



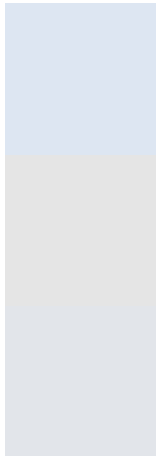
Original Color
221, 230, 242

Protanomaly
227, 229, 241

Deuteranomaly
236, 225, 243

Tritanomaly
222, 229, 245

Monochromacy



Original Color
221, 230, 242

Achromatopsia
229, 229, 229

Achromatomaly
226, 229, 234

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 221, 230, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 230, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 230, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 230, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 230, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 221, 230, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 230, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 230, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 230, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 230, 242); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 230, 242); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 230, 242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 221, 230, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 230, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
230, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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