

Converting Colors

RGB(221, 67, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(221, 67, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(221, 67, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DD4381
RGB	221, 67, 129
RGB Percent	87%, 26%, 51%
CMY	0.1333, 0.7373, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.42, 0.13
HSL	336°, 69%, 56%
HSV	336°, 70%, 87%
XYZ	35.7884, 20.9714, 22.9305
YIQ	120.1140, 71.8820, 51.9300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

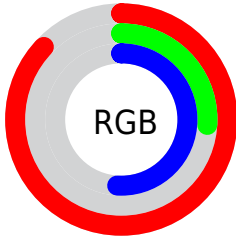
Format	Color
R_{YB}	221, 67, 129
Decimal	14500737
CIE Lab	52.92, 63.99, -0.17
CIE LCh	53, 63.992, 359.851
Yxy	20.9714, 0.4491, 0.2632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292690817 (0xFFDD4381)
YUV	120.1140, 4.3808, 88.4770
Hunter-Lab	45.7946, 59.3569, 2.3682

Details

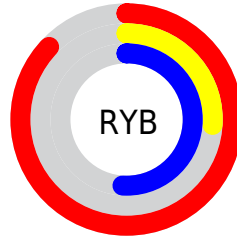
The RGB color **221, 67, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **67, 221, 159**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 125, 182**, and **161, 0, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 45, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 89, 142**.

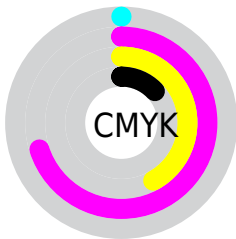
Distribution



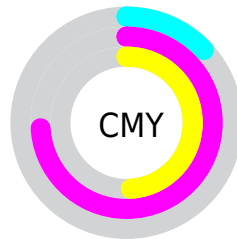
- Red (87%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 221, 67, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 221, 67, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 221, 67, 129

 221, 67, 129

255, 255, 255

 191, 33, 104

 255, 125, 182

 161, 0, 80

 255, 154, 209

 131, 0, 57

 255, 183, 237

 102, 0, 36


 255, 212, 255

 74, 0, 14


 255, 242, 255

 45, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 221, 67, 129

 221, 67, 129

 221, 45, 116

 221, 89, 142

■ 221, 23, 103

■ 221, 111, 155

■ 221, 1, 89

■ 221, 133, 169

■ 221, 0, 89

■ 221, 155, 182

■ 221, 178, 195

■ 221, 200, 208

■ 221, 222, 221

■ 221, 244, 235

■ 221, 255, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



191, 85, 183



221, 67, 129



220, 77, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 67, 129



97, 139, 5



0, 146, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 67, 129



67, 221, 159

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 151, 180



221, 67, 129



0, 147, 67

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 67, 129



152, 124, 0



0, 151, 124



0, 133, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 67, 129



205, 93, 42



0, 151, 124



0, 148, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 67, 129



255, 201, 223



157, 67, 221



128, 96, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 67, 129



255, 41, 127



221, 80, 67



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 70



46, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 67, 129



255, 41, 127



67, 208, 221



110, 99, 103



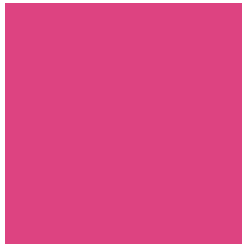
173, 0, 70



46, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 67, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

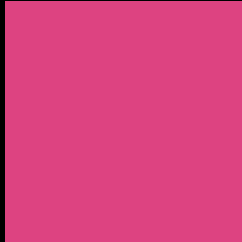
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 221, 67, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 221, 67, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 67, 129.

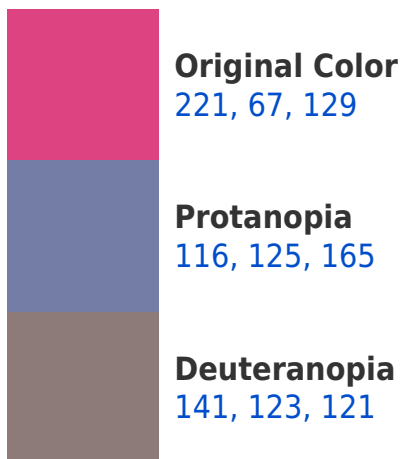


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 221, 67, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
218, 78, 83

Trichromacy



Original Color

221, 67, 129



Protanomaly

154, 104, 152



Deuteranomaly

170, 103, 124



Tritanomaly

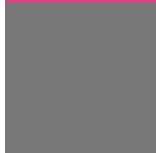
219, 74, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

221, 67, 129



Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120



Achromatomaly

157, 101, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 221, 67, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 67, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 67, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 67, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 67, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 221, 67, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 67, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 67, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 67, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 67, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 67, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 67,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 221, 67, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 67, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221, 67,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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