

Converting Colors

RGB(222, 194, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(222, 194, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(222, 194, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEC281
RGB	222, 194, 129
RGB Percent	87%, 76%, 51%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2392, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.42, 0.13
HSL	42°, 58%, 69%
HSV	42°, 42%, 87%
XYZ	53.3784, 55.6981, 28.7064
YIQ	194.9620, 37.5530, -14.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

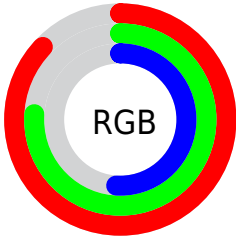
Format	Color
RYB	169, 222, 129
Decimal	14598785
CIELab	79.44, 1.13, 36.31
CIELCh	79, 36.329, 88.211
Yxy	55.6981, 0.3874, 0.4042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292788865 (0xFFDEC281)
YUV	194.9620, -32.5193, 23.7123
Hunter-Lab	74.6312, -2.9361, 29.4364

Details

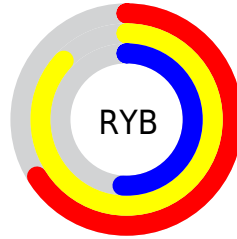
The RGB color **222, 194, 129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **129, 157, 222**, and the grayscale version is **195, 195, 195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 250, 183**, and **165, 141, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222, 187, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **222, 201, 151**.

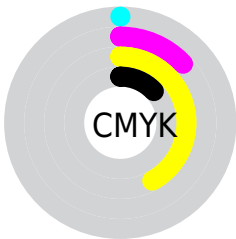
Distribution



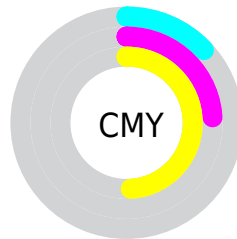
- Red (87%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 222, 194, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 222, 194, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 222, 194, 129


255, 255, 255


 255, 250, 183


 255, 255, 211


 255, 255, 239

 222, 194, 129

 193, 167, 103

 165, 141, 78

 138, 115, 54

 111, 91, 31


 85, 67, 5

 61, 45, 0

 36, 25, 0

 0, 0, 0

 222, 194, 129

 222, 194, 129

■ 222, 187, 107

■ 222, 201, 151

■ 222, 181, 85

■ 222, 207, 173

■ 222, 174, 62

■ 222, 214, 196

■ 222, 167, 40

■ 222, 221, 218

■ 222, 161, 18

■ 222, 227, 240

■ 222, 155, 0

■ 222, 234, 255

■ 222, 241, 255

■ 222, 247, 255

■ 222, 254, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



249, 182, 140



222, 194, 129



187, 204, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222, 194, 129



81, 215, 228



238, 178, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222, 194, 129



129, 157, 222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 189, 255



222, 194, 129



99, 210, 253

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222, 194, 129



107, 215, 194



148, 201, 255



255, 171, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222, 194, 129



161, 210, 151



148, 201, 255



227, 181, 242

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



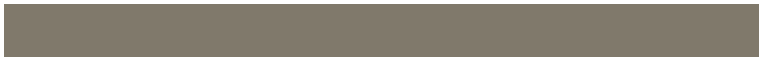
222, 194, 129



255, 245, 222



222, 129, 158



128, 121, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222, 194, 129



255, 217, 128



205, 222, 129



112, 109, 101



176, 123, 0



48, 34, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 157, 222



128, 166, 255



146, 129, 222



101, 104, 112



0, 53, 176



0, 15, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 194, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

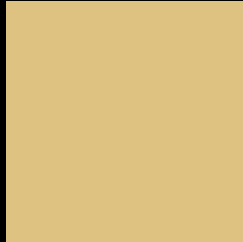
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 194, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

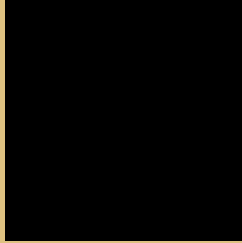
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 222, 194, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 194, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 194, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
222, 194, 129

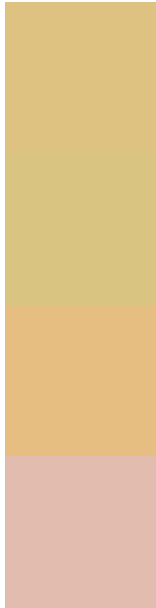
Protanopia
214, 197, 130

Deuteranopia
236, 188, 130



Tritanopia
229, 185, 200

Trichromacy



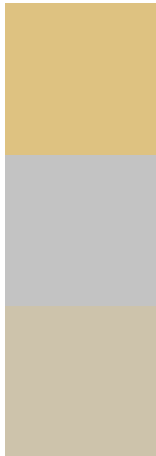
Original Color
222, 194, 129

Protanomaly
217, 196, 130

Deuteranomaly
231, 190, 130

Tritanomaly
226, 188, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color
222, 194, 129

Achromatopsia
195, 195, 195

Achromatomaly
205, 195, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 222, 194, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 194, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 194, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 194, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 194, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 222, 194, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 194, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 194, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 194, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 194, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 194, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 194, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 222, 194, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 194, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
194, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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