

Converting Colors

RGB(222, 198, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(222, 198, 144) contains.

RGB(222, 198, 144)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(222, 198, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEC690
RGB	222, 198, 144
RGB Percent	87%, 78%, 56%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2235, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.35, 0.13
HSL	42°, 54%, 72%
HSV	42°, 35%, 87%
XYZ	55.3523, 57.9314, 34.6501
YIQ	199.0200, 31.6380, -11.7060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

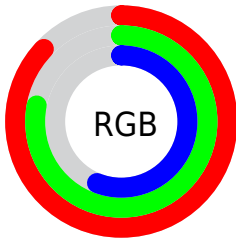
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 222, 144
Decimal	14599824
CIE Lab	80.70, 0.73, 30.18
CIE LCh	81, 30.188, 88.612
Yxy	57.9314, 0.3742, 0.3916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292789904 (0xFFDEC690)
YUV	199.0200, -27.1249, 20.1535
Hunter-Lab	76.1127, -3.3845, 26.2873

Details

The RGB color **222, 198, 144** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **144, 168, 222**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 198**, and **166, 144, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222, 191, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **222, 205, 166**.

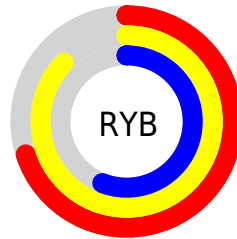
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (78%)

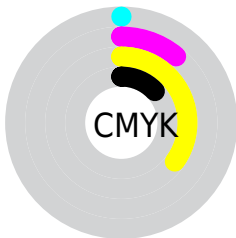
Blue (56%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (56%)

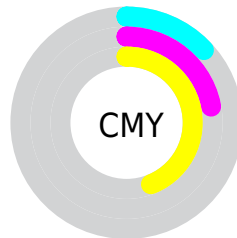


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)


Magenta (22%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 222, 198, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 222, 198, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 222, 198, 144

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 198

 255, 255, 226

 222, 198, 144

 194, 171, 118

 166, 144, 93

 139, 119, 69

 112, 94, 46


 87, 71, 23


 62, 48, 0


 38, 28, 0

 6, 2, 0


 0, 0, 0

 222, 198, 144

 222, 198, 144

 222, 191, 122

 222, 205, 166

 222, 184, 100

 222, 212, 188

 222, 178, 77

 222, 218, 211

 222, 171, 55

 222, 225, 233

 222, 164, 33

 222, 232, 255

 222, 157, 11

 222, 239, 255

 222, 154, 0

 222, 246, 255

 222, 253, 255

 222, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



245, 189, 153



222, 198, 144



192, 207, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222, 198, 144



115, 215, 226



235, 185, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222, 198, 144



144, 168, 222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 194, 250



222, 198, 144



128, 211, 248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222, 198, 144



130, 216, 198



163, 203, 255



254, 180, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222, 198, 144



170, 211, 162



163, 203, 255



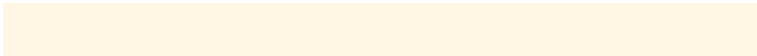
226, 187, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222, 198, 144



255, 246, 227



222, 144, 169



128, 122, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222, 198, 144



255, 222, 148



208, 222, 144



112, 109, 101



176, 122, 0



48, 34, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 168, 222



148, 181, 255



158, 144, 222



101, 104, 112



0, 54, 176



0, 15, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 198, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 198, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

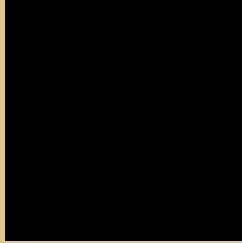
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 222, 198, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 198, 144.

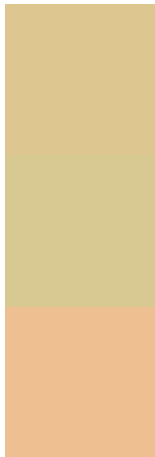


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 198, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
222, 198, 144

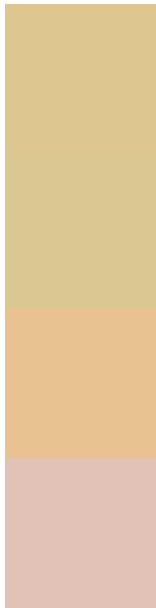
Protanopia
216, 200, 145

Deuteranopia
238, 192, 145



Tritanopia
229, 190, 205

Trichromacy



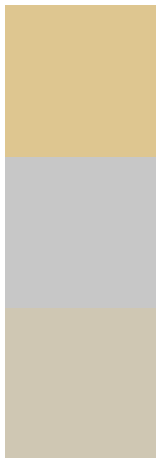
Original Color
222, 198, 144

Protanomaly
218, 199, 145

Deuteranomaly
232, 194, 145

Tritanomaly
226, 193, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color
222, 198, 144

Achromatopsia
199, 199, 199

Achromatomaly
207, 199, 179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 222, 198, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 198, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 198, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 198, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 198, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 222, 198, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 198, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 198, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 198, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 198, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 198, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 198,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 222, 198, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 198, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
198, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor