

Converting Colors

RGB(222, 207, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(222, 207, 235) contains.

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Color

RGB(222, 207, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEC FEB
RGB	222, 207, 235
RGB Percent	87%, 81%, 92%
CMY	0.1294, 0.1882, 0.0784
CMYK	0.06, 0.12, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	272°, 41%, 87%
HSV	272°, 12%, 92%
XYZ	67.4324, 66.1534, 87.8121
YIQ	214.6770, -0.0480, 11.8880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

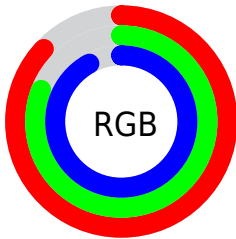
Format	Color
R _Y B	222, 207, 235
Decimal	14602219
CIE Lab	85.07, 10.28, -11.90
CIE LCh	85, 15.721, 310.823
Yxy	66.1534, 0.3046, 0.2988
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292792299 (0xFFDECFEB)
YUV	214.6770, 10.0192, 6.4223
Hunter-Lab	81.3347, 5.6537, -7.0774

Details

The RGB color `222, 207, 235` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `220, 235, 207`, and the grayscale version is `215, 215, 215`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `167, 153, 179` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `211, 184, 235`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `233, 231, 235`.

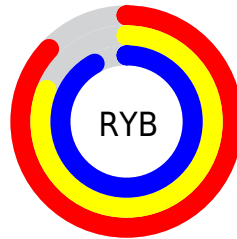
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (81%)

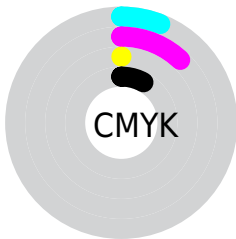
Blue (92%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (92%)

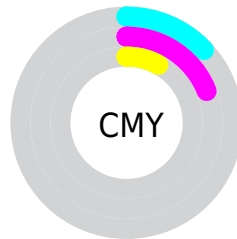


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 222, 207, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 222, 207, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 222, 207, 235

255, 255, 255

■ 222, 207, 235

■ 194, 179, 207

■ 167, 153, 179

■ 140, 127, 152

■ 115, 102, 127

■ 90, 78, 101

■ 67, 55, 77


■ 44, 33, 55

■ 24, 12, 33


■ 0, 0, 8

 222, 207, 235

 222, 207, 235

 211, 184, 235

 233, 231, 235

 200, 160, 235

 244, 254, 235

 189, 137, 235

 255, 255, 235


 178, 113, 235

 255, 255, 235

 167, 90, 235

 157, 66, 235

 146, 42, 235

 135, 19, 235

 126, 0, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 212, 241



222, 207, 235



237, 203, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222, 207, 235



234, 208, 185



176, 221, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222, 207, 235



220, 235, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 220, 202



222, 207, 235



219, 213, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222, 207, 235



243, 204, 194



202, 218, 190



176, 220, 231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222, 207, 235



242, 202, 213



202, 218, 190



178, 221, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222, 207, 235



250, 245, 255



207, 220, 235



125, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222, 207, 235



238, 219, 255



235, 207, 234



112, 106, 117



97, 0, 181



29, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 207, 220



255, 219, 236



207, 235, 208



117, 106, 111



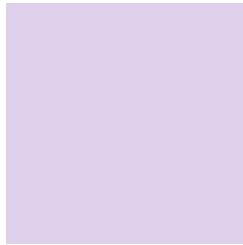
181, 0, 84



54, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 207, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

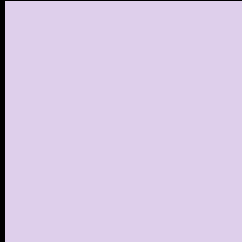
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 207, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

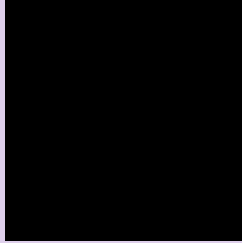
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

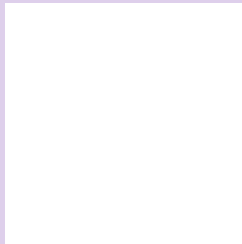
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 222, 207, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 207, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 207, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
222, 207, 235

Protanopia
209, 211, 238

Deuteranopia
223, 207, 235



Tritanopia
220, 209, 225

Trichromacy



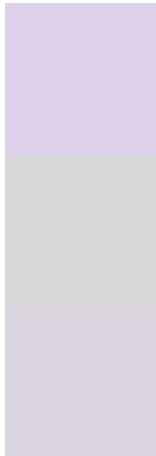
Original Color
222, 207, 235

Protanomaly
214, 210, 237

Deuteranomaly
223, 207, 235

Tritanomaly
221, 208, 229

Monochromacy



Original Color
222, 207, 235

Achromatopsia
215, 215, 215

Achromatomaly
218, 212, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 222, 207, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 207, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 207, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 207, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 207, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 222, 207, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 207, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 207, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 207, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 207, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 207, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 207,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 222, 207, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 207, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
207, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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