

Converting Colors

RGB(222, 236, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(222, 236, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(222, 236, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEECC2
RGB	222, 236, 194
RGB Percent	87%, 93%, 76%
CMY	0.1294, 0.0745, 0.2392
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.18, 0.07
HSL	80°, 53%, 84%
HSV	80°, 18%, 93%
XYZ	69.8573, 79.4155, 62.6858
YIQ	227.0260, 5.1380, -16.0300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

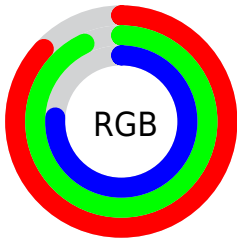
Format	Color
RYB	194, 236, 208
Decimal	14609602
CIELab	91.42, -11.80, 18.83
CIELCh	91, 22.222, 122.071
Yxy	79.4155, 0.3296, 0.3747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292799682 (0xFFDEECC2)
YUV	227.0260, -16.2818, -4.4078
Hunter-Lab	89.1154, -16.0264, 20.6748

Details

The RGB color **222, 236, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 194, 236**, and the grayscale version is **227, 227, 227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 251**, and **167, 180, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 236, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 236, 218**.

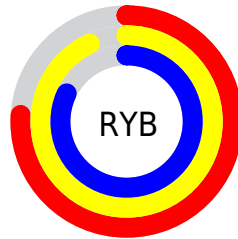
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (93%)

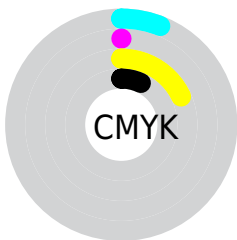
Blue (76%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (82%)

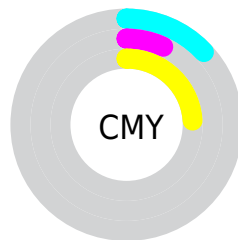


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 222, 236, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 222, 236, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 222, 236, 194

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 255, 251

■ 222, 236, 194

■ 194, 208, 167

■ 167, 180, 140

■ 140, 153, 115

■ 114, 127, 90

■ 90, 102, 66

■ 66, 78, 44

■ 43, 56, 22

■ 24, 34, 0

■ 0, 10, 0

■ 222, 236, 194

■ 222, 236, 194

■ 214, 236, 170

■ 230, 236, 218

■ 206, 236, 147

■ 238, 236, 241

■ 198, 236, 123

■ 246, 236, 255

■ 191, 236, 100

■ 253, 236, 255

■ 183, 236, 76

■ 255, 236, 255

■ 175, 236, 52

■ 167, 236, 29

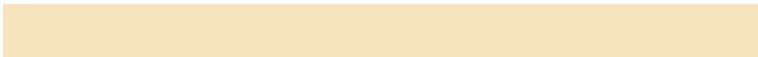
■ 159, 236, 5

■ 157, 236, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

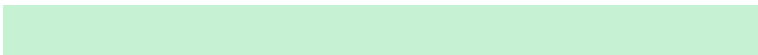
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 229, 188



222, 236, 194



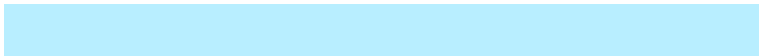
198, 241, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222, 236, 194



184, 238, 255



255, 216, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222, 236, 194



208, 194, 236

Split Complementary

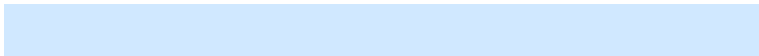
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 218, 251



222, 236, 194



208, 232, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



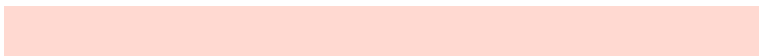
222, 236, 194



173, 242, 252



236, 224, 255



255, 217, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222, 236, 194



185, 242, 224



236, 224, 255



255, 216, 237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222, 236, 194



251, 255, 242



236, 208, 194



125, 128, 120



0, 0, 0



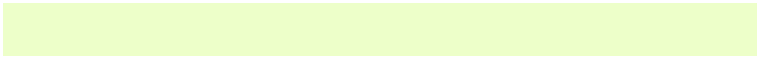
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222, 236, 194



237, 255, 201



201, 236, 194



113, 117, 106



121, 181, 0



36, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 194, 236



219, 201, 255



229, 194, 236



109, 106, 117



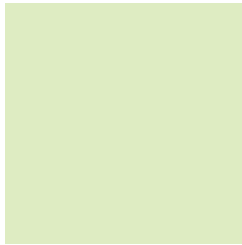
60, 0, 181



18, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 236, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

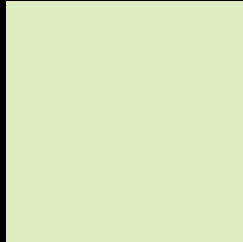
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 222, 236, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

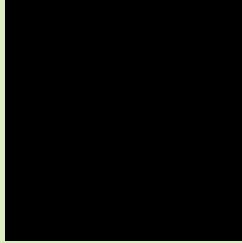
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

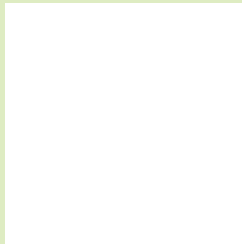
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 222, 236, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 236, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 222, 236, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

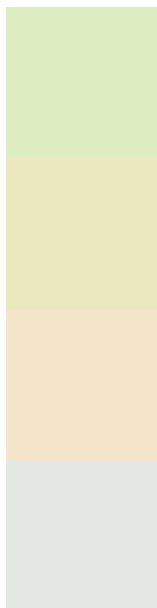




Tritanopia

230, 229, 247

Trichromacy



Original Color

222, 236, 194

Protanomaly

235, 232, 192

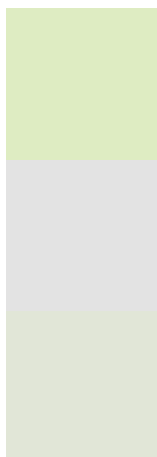
Deuteranomaly

243, 228, 202

Tritanomaly

227, 232, 228

Monochromacy



Original Color

222, 236, 194

Achromatopsia

227, 227, 227

Achromatomaly

225, 230, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 222, 236, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 236, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 236, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 236, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 236, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 222, 236, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 236, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 236, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 236, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 236, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 236, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 236,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 222, 236, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 236, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
236, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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