

# Converting Colors

RGB(223, 127, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(223, 127, 142) contains.

<b>RGB(223, 127, 142)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(223, 127, 142)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF7F8E
RGB	223, 127, 142
RGB Percent	87%, 50%, 56%
CMY	0.1255, 0.5020, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.36, 0.13
HSL	351°, 60%, 69%
HSV	351°, 43%, 87%
XYZ	42.9033, 32.8197, 29.6648
YIQ	157.4140, 52.4010, 25.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

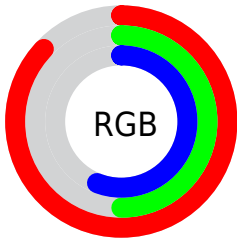
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 127, 142
Decimal	14647182
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.01, 38.66, 8.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 39.539, 12.119
Yxy	32.8197, 0.4071, 0.3114
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292837262 (0xFFDF7F8E)
YUV	157.4140, -7.5991, 57.5189
Hunter-Lab	57.2885, 33.4236, 9.4008

# Details

The RGB color **223, 127, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **127, 223, 208**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 181, 196**, and **165, 75, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 105, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 149, 161**.

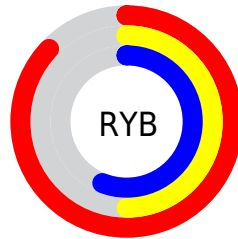
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (50%)

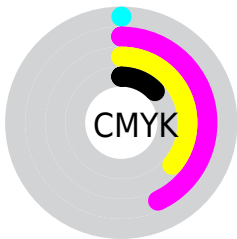
Blue (56%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (56%)

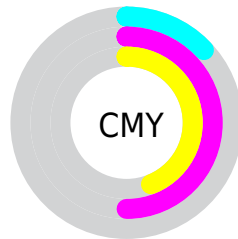


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 127, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 127, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 223, 127, 142

 223, 127, 142

255, 255, 255

 194, 101, 116

 255, 181, 196

 165, 75, 92

 255, 209, 223

 137, 50, 69

 255, 238, 252

 109, 24, 46

 82, 0, 26

 57, 0, 0

 26, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 223, 127, 142

 223, 127, 142

 223, 105, 123

 223, 149, 161

 223, 82, 104

 223, 172, 180

 223, 60, 86

 223, 194, 198

 223, 38, 67

 223, 216, 217

 223, 16, 48

 223, 239, 236

 223, 0, 35

 223, 255, 255

 223, 255, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 130, 178



223, 127, 142



217, 134, 109

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 127, 142



125, 167, 101



53, 165, 222

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 127, 142



127, 223, 208

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 171, 201



223, 127, 142



77, 172, 132

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 127, 142



163, 158, 85



0, 174, 169



126, 154, 224

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 127, 142



204, 141, 93



0, 174, 169



5, 167, 217

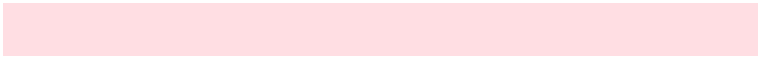


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 127, 142



255, 222, 227



207, 127, 223



128, 107, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 127, 142



255, 122, 143



223, 159, 127



112, 101, 103



176, 0, 27



48, 0, 8



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 127, 142



255, 122, 143



127, 191, 223



112, 101, 103



176, 0, 27



48, 0, 8



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 127, 142 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

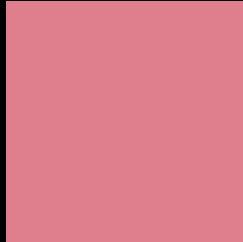
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 127, 142 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 223, 127, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 127, 142.

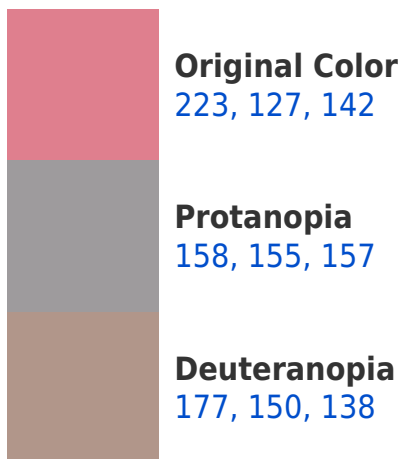


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 127, 142.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

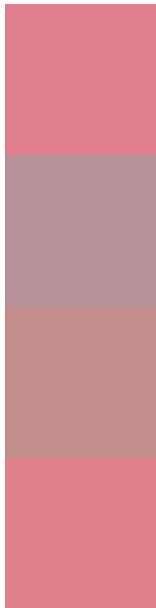
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
223, 128, 137

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
223, 127, 142

**Protanomaly**  
182, 145, 152

**Deuteranomaly**  
194, 142, 139

**Tritanomaly**  
223, 128, 139

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
223, 127, 142

**Achromatopsia**  
157, 157, 157

**Achromatomaly**  
181, 146, 152

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 127, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 127, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 127, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 127, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 127, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 127, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 127, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 127, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 127, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 127, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 127, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 127,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 127, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 127, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
127, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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