

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 127, 19)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 127, 19) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 127, 19)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF7F13
RGB	223, 127, 19
RGB Percent	87%, 50%, 7%
CMY	0.1255, 0.5020, 0.9255
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.91, 0.13
HSL	32°, 84%, 47%
HSV	32°, 91%, 87%
XYZ	38.1383, 30.9137, 4.5729
YIQ	143.3920, 91.8840, -13.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

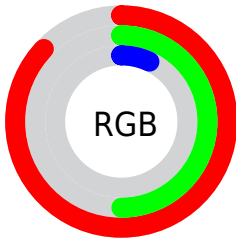
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 223, 19
Decimal	14647059
CIE Lab	62.43, 30.71, 65.71
CIE LCh	62, 72.534, 64.953
Yxy	30.9137, 0.5180, 0.4199
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292837139 (0xFFDF7F13)
YUV	143.3920, -61.3253, 69.8162
Hunter-Lab	55.6001, 25.1401, 34.0437

Details

The RGB color **223, 127, 19** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **19, 115, 223**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 180, 78**, and **161, 77, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 118, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 137, 41**.

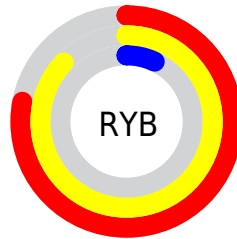
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (50%)

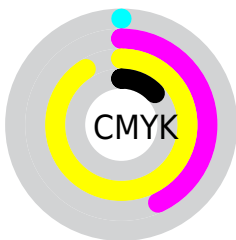
Blue (7%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (7%)

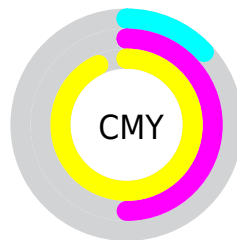


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)


















Magenta (50%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 127, 19 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 127, 19 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 223, 127, 19	 223, 127, 19
 255, 255, 255	 192, 101, 0
 255, 180, 78	 161, 77, 0
 255, 208, 105	 131, 53, 0
 255, 237, 132	 101, 29, 0
 255, 255, 160	 73, 4, 0
 255, 255, 188	 47, 0, 0
 255, 255, 216	 0, 0, 0
 255, 255, 246	

 223, 127, 19  223, 127, 19

■ 223, 118, 0

■ 223, 137, 41

■ 223, 148, 64

■ 223, 158, 86

■ 223, 169, 108

■ 223, 179, 131

■ 223, 190, 153

■ 223, 200, 175

■ 223, 211, 197

■ 223, 221, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 98, 81



223, 127, 19



171, 152, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 127, 19



0, 180, 160



164, 129, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 127, 19



19, 115, 223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 155, 255



223, 127, 19



0, 179, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 127, 19



0, 177, 93



0, 172, 255



236, 97, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 127, 19



129, 163, 0



0, 172, 255



126, 139, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 127, 19



255, 223, 186



223, 19, 118



128, 108, 87



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 127, 19



255, 135, 0



220, 223, 19



112, 107, 101



176, 93, 0



48, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 115, 223



0, 120, 255



22, 19, 223



101, 106, 112



0, 83, 176



0, 23, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 127, 19 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 127, 19 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 127, 19 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 127, 19.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 127, 19.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


223, 127, 19

Protanopia

171, 152, 26

Deuteranopia

191, 144, 0



Tritanopia
227, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

223, 127, 19

Protanomaly

190, 143, 23

Deuteranomaly

203, 138, 7

Tritanomaly

226, 121, 88

Monochromacy



Original Color

223, 127, 19

Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly

172, 137, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 127, 19 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 127, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 127, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 127, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 127, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 127, 19 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 127, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 127, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 127, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 127, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 127, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 127,  
19) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 127, 19 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 127, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
127, 19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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