

# Converting Colors

RGB(223, 165, 234)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(223, 165, 234) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(223, 165, 234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFA5EA
RGB	223, 165, 234
RGB Percent	87%, 65%, 92%
CMY	0.1255, 0.3529, 0.0824
CMYK	0.05, 0.29, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	290°, 62%, 78%
HSV	290°, 29%, 92%
XYZ	58.7378, 48.5388, 84.1150
YIQ	190.2080, 12.4190, 33.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

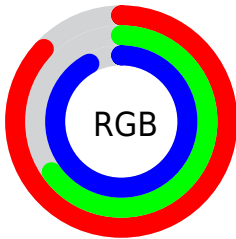
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 165, 234
Decimal	14657002
CIE Lab	75.16, 32.94, -26.33
CIE LCh	75, 42.176, 321.361
Yxy	48.5388, 0.3069, 0.2536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292847082 (0xFFDFA5EA)
YUV	190.2080, 21.5895, 28.7586
Hunter-Lab	69.6698, 28.5694, -22.8143

# Details

The RGB color **223, 165, 234** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 234, 165**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 221, 255**, and **167, 112, 178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 142, 234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 188, 234**.

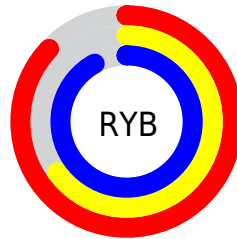
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (65%)

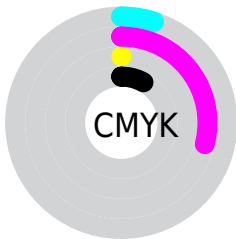
Blue (92%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (92%)

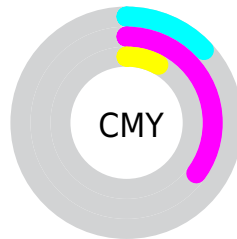


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 165, 234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 165, 234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 223, 165, 234

255, 255, 255

 255, 221, 255


 255, 249, 255

 223, 165, 234

 195, 138, 206

 167, 112, 178

 140, 87, 151

 114, 63, 125

 88, 39, 100

 64, 15, 76

 40, 0, 53


 10, 0, 31

 0, 0, 2

 223, 165, 234

 223, 165, 234

 219, 142, 234


 227, 188, 234

 216, 118, 234

 230, 212, 234

 212, 95, 234


 234, 235, 234

 208, 71, 234

 238, 255, 234

 204, 48, 234

 242, 255, 234

 201, 25, 234

 245, 255, 234

 197, 1, 234

 249, 255, 234

 197, 0, 234

 253, 255, 234

 255, 255, 234

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 179, 255



223, 165, 234



253, 156, 198

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 165, 234



220, 179, 108



0, 205, 212

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 165, 234



176, 234, 165

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84, 205, 172



223, 165, 234



182, 191, 111

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 165, 234



248, 165, 126



137, 200, 135



5, 201, 245

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 165, 234



255, 155, 172



137, 200, 135



36, 206, 199



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 165, 234



251, 232, 255



165, 177, 234



125, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 165, 234



241, 166, 255



234, 165, 211



115, 106, 117



152, 0, 181



45, 0, 54



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 165, 176



255, 166, 180



165, 234, 188



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 29



54, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 165, 234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

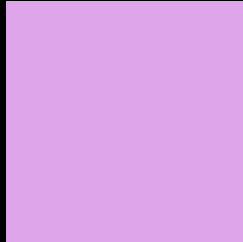
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 165, 234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

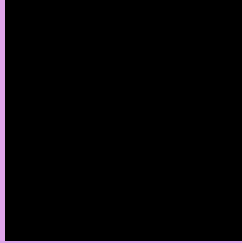
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 223, 165, 234 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 165, 234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 165, 234.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
216, 174, 187

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
223, 165, 234



**Protanomaly**  
187, 176, 242



**Deuteranomaly**  
196, 176, 232

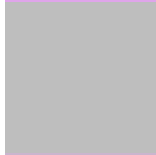


**Tritanomaly**  
219, 171, 204

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
223, 165, 234



**Achromatopsia**  
190, 190, 190



**Achromatomaly**  
202, 181, 206

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 165, 234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 165, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 165, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 165, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 165, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 165, 234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 165, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 165, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 165, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 165, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 165, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 165,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 165, 234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 165, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
165, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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