

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 207, 243)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 207, 243) contains.

RGB(223, 207, 243)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(223, 207, 243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFCFF3
RGB	223, 207, 243
RGB Percent	87%, 81%, 95%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1882, 0.0471
CMYK	0.08, 0.15, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	267°, 60%, 88%
HSV	267°, 15%, 95%
XYZ	68.9219, 66.7847, 94.0522
YIQ	215.8880, -2.0200, 14.5880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

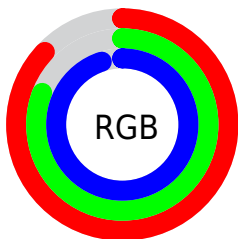
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 207, 243
Decimal	14667763
CIE Lab	85.40, 12.16, -15.65
CIE LCh	85, 19.819, 307.830
Yxy	66.7847, 0.3000, 0.2907
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292857843 (0xFFDFCFF3)
YUV	215.8880, 13.3662, 6.2372
Hunter-Lab	81.7219, 7.5285, -11.0304

Details

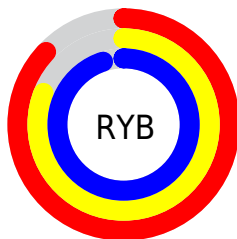
The RGB color **223, 207, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **227, 243, 207**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **168, 153, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210, 183, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **236, 231, 243**.

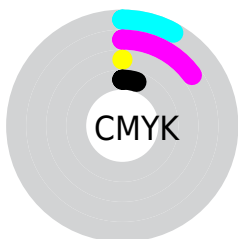
Distribution



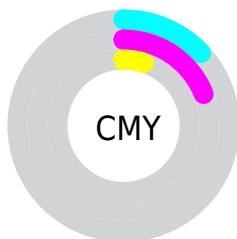
- Red (87%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 207, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 207, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 223, 207, 243

255, 255, 255

■ 223, 207, 243

■ 195, 179, 215

■ 168, 153, 187

■ 141, 127, 160

■ 115, 102, 134

■ 91, 78, 108

■ 67, 55, 84

■ 44, 33, 61

■ 24, 12, 39

■ 0, 1, 17

■ 223, 207, 243

■ 223, 207, 243

■ 210, 183, 243

■ 236, 231, 243

■ 196, 158, 243

■ 250, 255, 243

■ 182, 134, 243

■ 255, 255, 243

■ 169, 110, 243

■ 156, 86, 243

■ 142, 61, 243

■ 129, 37, 243

■ 115, 13, 243

■ 108, 0, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 213, 250



223, 207, 243



242, 202, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 207, 243



241, 207, 179



167, 224, 218

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 207, 243



227, 243, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 223, 199



223, 207, 243



223, 214, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 207, 243



251, 202, 191



202, 219, 183



164, 223, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 207, 243



250, 201, 215



202, 219, 183



171, 224, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 207, 243



249, 245, 255



207, 227, 243



124, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 207, 243



230, 209, 255



241, 207, 243



116, 110, 122



83, 0, 186



26, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

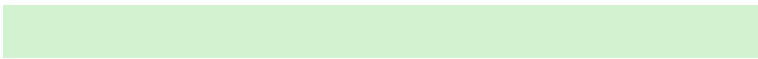
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 207, 227



255, 209, 235



209, 243, 207



122, 110, 117



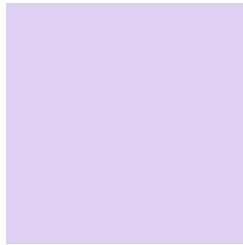
186, 0, 103



59, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 207, 243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

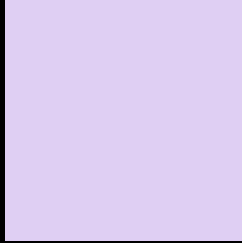
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 207, 243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

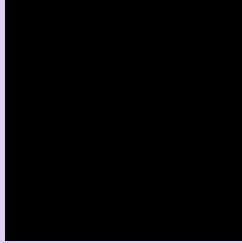
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

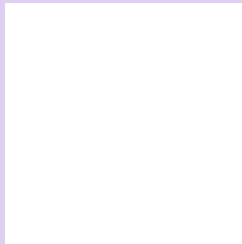
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 207, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 207, 243.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 207, 243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
223, 207, 243

Protanopia
207, 212, 246

Deuteranopia
220, 208, 243



Tritanopia
220, 210, 226

Trichromacy



Original Color
223, 207, 243

Protanomaly
213, 210, 245

Deuteranomaly
221, 208, 243

Tritanomaly
221, 209, 232

Monochromacy



Original Color
223, 207, 243

Achromatopsia
216, 216, 216

Achromatomaly
219, 213, 226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 207, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 207, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 207, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 207, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 207, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 207, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 207, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 207, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 207, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 207, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 207, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 207,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 207, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 207, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
207, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor