

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 217, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 217, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 217, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFD9FF
RGB	223, 217, 255
RGB Percent	87%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.13, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	249°, 100%, 93%
HSV	249°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	73.2943, 72.5337, 104.7451
YIQ	223.1260, -8.6220, 13.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

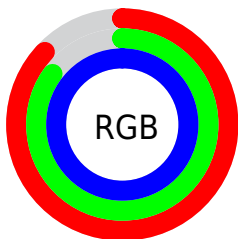
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 217, 255
Decimal	14670335
CIE Lab	88.22, 9.26, -17.74
CIE LCh	88, 20.009, 297.578
Yxy	72.5337, 0.2925, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292860415 (0xFFDFD9FF)
YUV	223.1260, 15.7139, -0.1105
Hunter-Lab	85.1667, 4.5750, -13.3031

Details

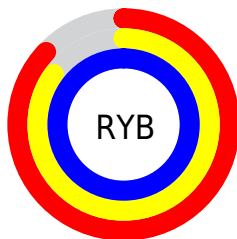
The RGB color `223, 217, 255` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `249, 255, 217`, and the grayscale version is `223, 223, 223`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `168, 162, 198` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `202, 192, 255`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `244, 243, 255`.

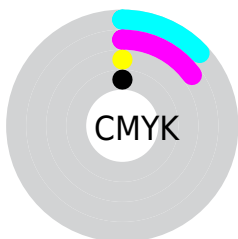
Distribution



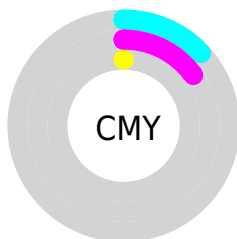
- Red (87%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 217, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 217, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 223, 217, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 223, 217, 255

■ 195, 189, 226

■ 168, 162, 198

■ 141, 136, 171

■ 115, 111, 144

■ 90, 86, 119

■ 66, 63, 94


■ 44, 41, 70

■ 22, 21, 48


■ 0, 0, 27

 223, 217, 255

 223, 217, 255


 202, 192, 255

 244, 243, 255

 180, 166, 255

255, 255, 255


 159, 141, 255

 137, 115, 255

 116, 90, 255

 94, 64, 255

 73, 38, 255

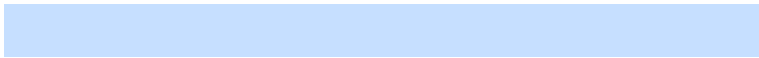
 51, 13, 255

 40, 0, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 223, 255



223, 217, 255



245, 211, 242

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 217, 255



254, 213, 190



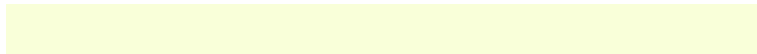
178, 232, 219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 217, 255



249, 255, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 230, 200



223, 217, 255



238, 219, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 217, 255



255, 209, 205



217, 226, 187



171, 232, 238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 217, 255



255, 209, 230



217, 226, 187



183, 232, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 217, 255



246, 245, 255



217, 249, 255



122, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 217, 255



216, 209, 255



242, 217, 255



117, 115, 128



30, 0, 191



10, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

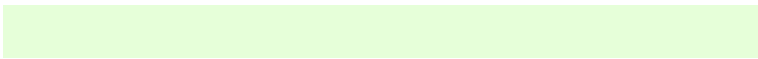
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 217, 249



255, 209, 248



230, 255, 217



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 161



64, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 217, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

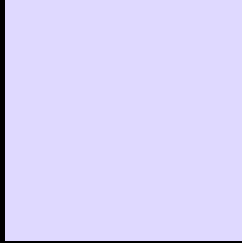
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 217, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

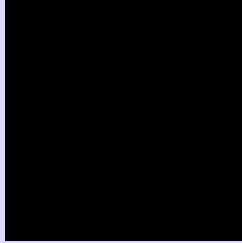
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 217, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 217, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 217, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
223, 217, 255

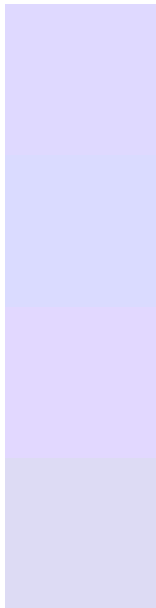
Protanopia
215, 220, 255

Deuteranopia
227, 216, 255



Tritanopia
220, 220, 237

Trichromacy



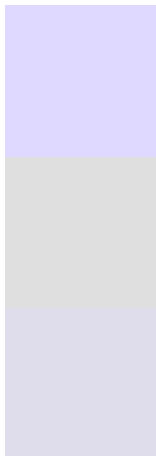
Original Color
223, 217, 255

Protanomaly
218, 219, 255

Deuteranomaly
226, 216, 255

Tritanomaly
221, 219, 244

Monochromacy



Original Color
223, 217, 255

Achromatopsia
223, 223, 223

Achromatomaly
223, 221, 235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 217, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 217, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 217, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 217, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 217,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 217, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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