

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 234, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 234, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 234, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFEACA
RGB	223, 234, 202
RGB Percent	87%, 92%, 79%
CMY	0.1255, 0.0824, 0.2078
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.14, 0.08
HSL	81°, 43%, 85%
HSV	81°, 14%, 92%
XYZ	70.5149, 78.7979, 67.3701
YIQ	227.0630, 3.7160, -12.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

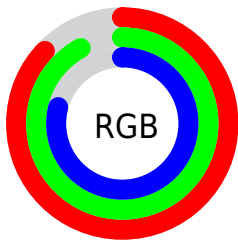
Format	Color
RYB	202, 234, 213
Decimal	14674634
CIELab	91.14, -9.18, 14.30
CIELCh	91, 16.999, 122.703
Yxy	78.7979, 0.3254, 0.3637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292864714 (0xFFDFEACA)
YUV	227.0630, -12.3561, -3.5633
Hunter-Lab	88.7682, -13.5490, 17.1399

Details

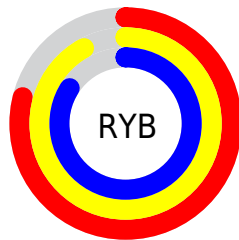
The RGB color **223, 234, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **213, 202, 234**, and the grayscale version is **227, 227, 227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **168, 178, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 234, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 234, 225**.

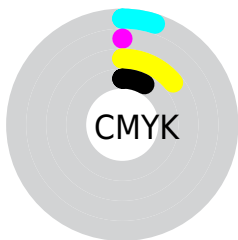
Distribution



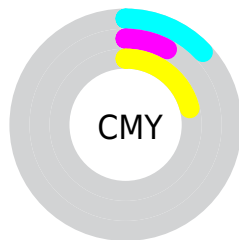
- Red (87%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 234, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 234, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 223, 234, 202

255, 255, 255

■ 223, 234, 202

■ 195, 206, 175

■ 168, 178, 148

■ 141, 152, 122

■ 116, 126, 97

■ 91, 101, 73

■ 67, 77, 51

■ 45, 54, 29

■ 25, 33, 5

■ 0, 8, 0

■ 223, 234, 202

■ 223, 234, 202

■ 215, 234, 179

■ 231, 234, 225

■ 207, 234, 155

■ 239, 234, 249

■ 199, 234, 132

■ 247, 234, 255

■ 191, 234, 108

■ 255, 234, 255

■ 183, 234, 85

■ 175, 234, 62

■ 167, 234, 38

■ 159, 234, 15

■ 154, 234, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

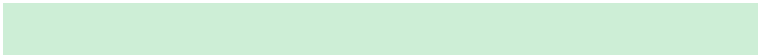
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 229, 197



223, 234, 202



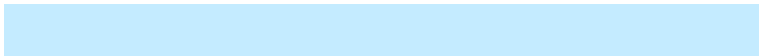
205, 238, 214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 234, 202



196, 235, 255



255, 218, 229

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 234, 202



213, 202, 234

Split Complementary

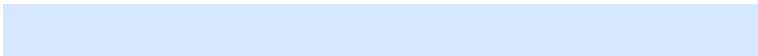
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



252, 220, 245



223, 234, 202



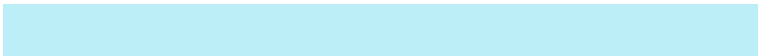
214, 230, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



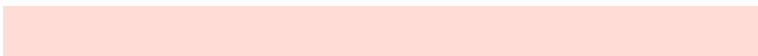
223, 234, 202



188, 238, 247



235, 225, 255



255, 220, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 234, 202



195, 239, 225



235, 225, 255



255, 219, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 234, 202



251, 255, 245



234, 213, 202



125, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



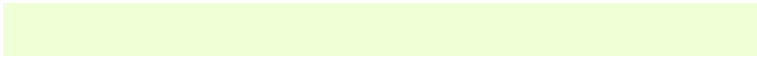
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 234, 202



241, 255, 214



207, 234, 202



113, 117, 106



119, 181, 0



35, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 202, 234



228, 214, 255



229, 202, 234



110, 106, 117



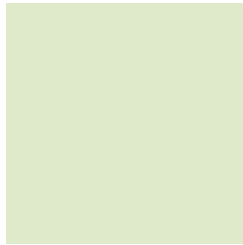
62, 0, 181



18, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 234, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 234, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

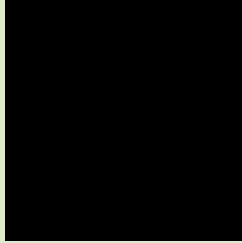
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

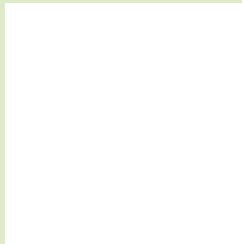
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 234, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 234, 202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 234, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

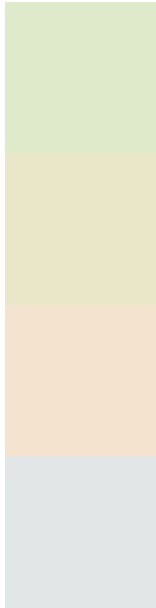




Tritanopia

229, 228, 246

Trichromacy



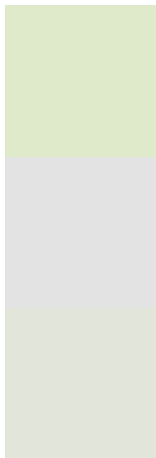
Original Color
223, 234, 202

Protanomaly
234, 231, 200

Deuteranomaly
243, 227, 207

Tritanomaly
227, 230, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color
223, 234, 202

Achromatopsia
227, 227, 227

Achromatomaly
226, 230, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 234, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 234, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 234, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 234, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 234, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 234, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 234, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 234, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 234, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 234, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 234, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 234,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 234, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 234, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
234, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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