

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 37, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 37, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 37, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	DF2582
RGB	223, 37, 130
RGB Percent	87%, 15%, 51%
CMY	0.1255, 0.8549, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.42, 0.13
HSL	330°, 74%, 51%
HSV	330°, 83%, 87%
XYZ	35.1223, 18.6228, 22.8625
YIQ	103.2160, 81.0030, 68.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

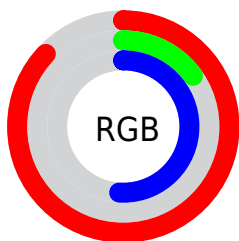
Format	Color
RYB	223, 37, 130
Decimal	14624130
CIELab	50.24, 73.27, -4.66
CIELCh	50, 73.417, 356.360
Yxy	18.6228, 0.4585, 0.2431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292814210 (0xFFDF2582)
YUV	103.2160, 13.2045, 105.0506
Hunter-Lab	43.1542, 69.7576, -1.2031

Details

The RGB color **223, 37, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **37, 223, 130**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 105, 183**, and **162, 0, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 15, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 59, 141**.

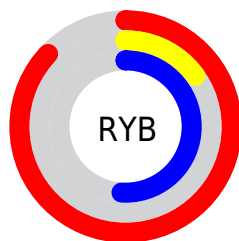
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (15%)

Blue (51%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (51%)

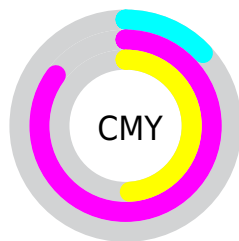


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)















Magenta (85%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 37, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 37, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 223, 37, 130	 223, 37, 130
255, 255, 255	 192, 0, 105
 255, 105, 183	 162, 0, 81
 255, 135, 210	 132, 0, 58
 255, 165, 239	 102, 0, 37
 255, 194, 255	 75, 0, 15
 255, 224, 255	 44, 0, 1
255, 254, 255	 0, 0, 0

 223, 37, 130	 223, 37, 130
 223, 15, 119	 223, 59, 141

■ 223, 0, 112

■ 223, 82, 152

■ 223, 104, 163

■ 223, 126, 175

■ 223, 149, 186

■ 223, 171, 197

■ 223, 193, 208

■ 223, 215, 219

■ 223, 238, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 71, 190



223, 37, 130



224, 51, 68

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 37, 130



91, 132, 0



0, 142, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 37, 130



37, 223, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 146, 174



223, 37, 130



0, 141, 43

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 37, 130



151, 114, 0



0, 146, 110



0, 130, 246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 37, 130



209, 75, 27



0, 146, 110



0, 144, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 37, 130



255, 191, 223



130, 37, 223



128, 89, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 37, 130



255, 0, 128



223, 37, 37



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 88



48, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 37, 130



255, 0, 128



37, 223, 223



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 88



48, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 37, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

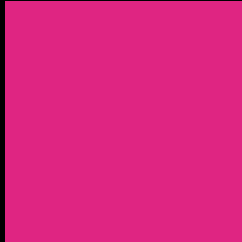
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 37, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 37, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 37, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 37, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

223, 37, 130

Protanopia

99, 118, 180

Deuteranopia

132, 116, 121



Tritanopia

219, 60, 63

Trichromacy



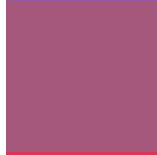
Original Color

223, 37, 130



Protanomaly

144, 89, 162



Deuteranomaly

165, 87, 124



Tritanomaly

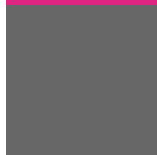
220, 52, 87

Monochromacy



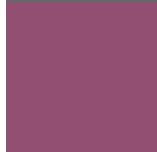
Original Color

223, 37, 130



Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103



Achromatomaly

147, 79, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 37, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 37, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 37, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 37, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 37, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 37, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 37, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 37, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 37, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 37, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 37, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 37,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 37, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 37, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 37,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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