

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 45, 222)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 45, 222) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 45, 222)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF2DDE
RGB	223, 45, 222
RGB Percent	87%, 18%, 87%
CMY	0.1255, 0.8235, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	300°, 74%, 53%
HSV	300°, 80%, 87%
XYZ	44.5546, 22.8387, 71.1673
YIQ	118.4000, 49.2710, 92.7830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

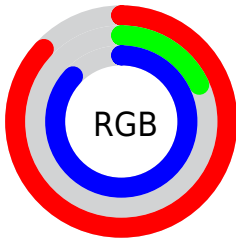
Format	Color
R _{YB}	223, 45, 222
Decimal	14626270
CIE _{Lab}	54.91, 82.78, -51.32
CIE _{LCh}	55, 97.395, 328.204
Yxy	22.8387, 0.3216, 0.1648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292816350 (0xFFDF2DDE)
YUV	118.4000, 51.0748, 91.7342
Hunter-Lab	47.7898, 82.7840, -54.8401

Details

The RGB color **223, 45, 222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **45, 223, 46**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 113, 255**, and **163, 0, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 23, 222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 67, 222**.

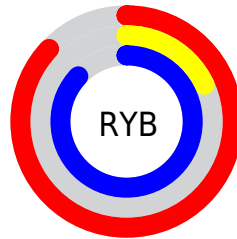
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (18%)

Blue (87%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (87%)

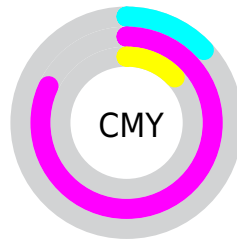


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)


















Magenta (82%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 45, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 45, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 223, 45, 222	 223, 45, 222
 255, 255, 255	 193, 0, 194
 255, 113, 255	 163, 0, 166
 255, 144, 255	 134, 0, 139
 255, 173, 255	 105, 0, 113
 255, 203, 255	 77, 0, 88
 255, 234, 255	 49, 0, 64
	 13, 0, 40
	 0, 1, 18
	 0, 0, 0

■ 223, 45, 222

■ 223, 45, 222

■ 223, 23, 222

■ 223, 67, 222

■ 223, 0, 222

■ 223, 90, 222

■ 223, 0, 222

■ 223, 112, 222

■ 223, 134, 223

■ 223, 157, 223

■ 223, 179, 223

■ 223, 201, 223

■ 223, 223, 223

■ 223, 246, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 111, 255



223, 45, 222



255, 0, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 45, 222



164, 127, 0



0, 165, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 45, 222



45, 223, 46

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 164, 124



223, 45, 222



78, 149, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 45, 222



227, 86, 0



0, 159, 25



0, 161, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 45, 222



255, 0, 85



0, 159, 25



0, 165, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 45, 222



255, 194, 255



45, 45, 223



128, 91, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 45, 222



255, 10, 254



223, 45, 134



112, 101, 112



176, 0, 175



48, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 45, 222



255, 10, 254



45, 223, 134



112, 101, 112



176, 0, 175



48, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 45, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

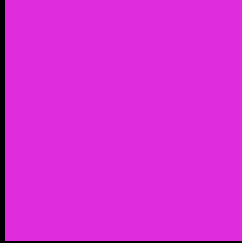
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 45, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 45, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 45, 222.

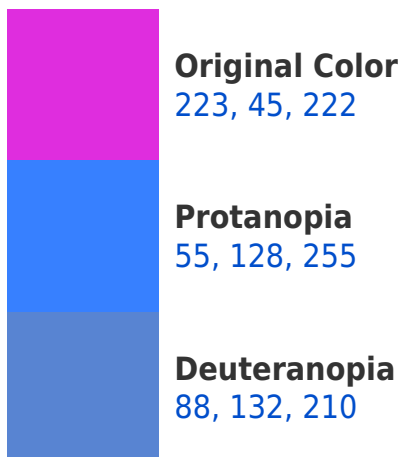



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 45, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
210, 95, 101

Trichromacy



Original Color
223, 45, 222



Protanomaly
116, 98, 243



Deuteranomaly
137, 100, 214



Tritanomaly
215, 77, 145

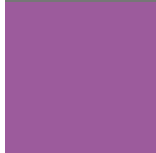
Monochromacy



Original Color
223, 45, 222



Achromatopsia
118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly
156, 91, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 45, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 45, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 45, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 45, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 45, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 45, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 45, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 45, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 45, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 45, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 45, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 45,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 45, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 45, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 45,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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