

Converting Colors

RGB(223, 93, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(223, 93, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(223, 93, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF5DF9
RGB	223, 93, 249
RGB Percent	87%, 36%, 98%
CMY	0.1255, 0.6353, 0.0235
CMYK	0.10, 0.63, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	290°, 93%, 67%
HSV	290°, 63%, 98%
XYZ	51.4447, 30.3562, 92.7704
YIQ	149.6540, 27.4040, 76.0760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

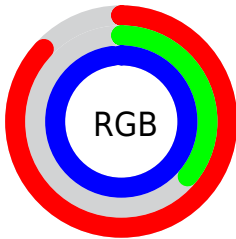
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 93, 249
Decimal	14638585
CIE Lab	61.96, 71.44, -55.19
CIE LCh	62, 90.276, 322.314
Yxy	30.3562, 0.2947, 0.1739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292828665 (0xFFDF5DF9)
YUV	149.6540, 48.9776, 64.3244
Hunter-Lab	55.0965, 70.2501, -61.2639

Details

The RGB color **223, 93, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **119, 249, 93**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 150, 255**, and **164, 27, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 68, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 118, 249**.

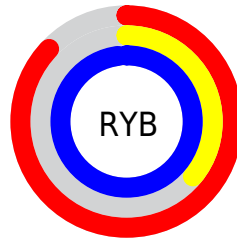
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (36%)

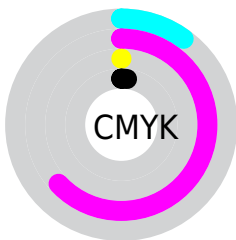
Blue (98%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (98%)

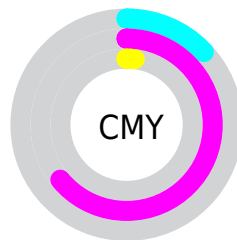


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 223, 93, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 223, 93, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



223, 93, 249



223, 93, 249

255, 255, 255



193, 63, 220



255, 150, 255



164, 27, 192



255, 179, 255



135, 0, 164



255, 208, 255



107, 0, 137



255, 238, 255



79, 0, 111



52, 0, 86



20, 0, 62



0, 3, 39



0, 1, 16

■ 223, 93, 249

■ 223, 93, 249

■ 219, 68, 249

■ 227, 118, 249

■ 215, 43, 249

■ 231, 143, 249

■ 211, 18, 249

■ 235, 168, 249

■ 208, 0, 249

■ 240, 193, 249

■ 244, 218, 249

■ 248, 242, 249

■ 252, 255, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81, 138, 255



223, 93, 249



255, 38, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 93, 249



198, 139, 0



0, 184, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223, 93, 249



119, 249, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 182, 126



223, 93, 249



124, 163, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 93, 249



254, 101, 0



0, 176, 36



0, 180, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 93, 249



255, 33, 121



0, 176, 36



0, 184, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 93, 249



247, 207, 255



93, 119, 249



123, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 93, 249



223, 64, 255



249, 93, 197



123, 112, 125



157, 0, 189



51, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 93, 119



255, 64, 96



93, 249, 145



125, 112, 115



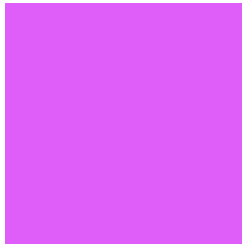
189, 0, 31



61, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 93, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

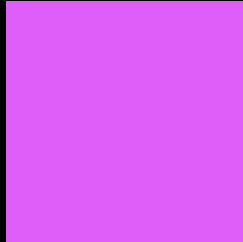
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 223, 93, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

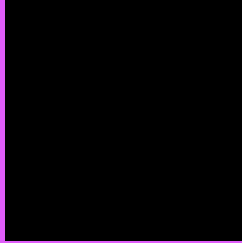
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 223, 93, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 93, 249.

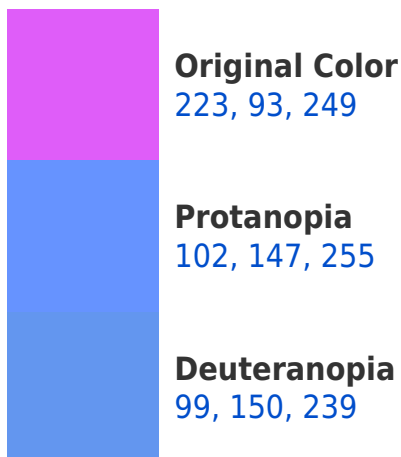


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 223, 93, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
208, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

223, 93, 249



Protanomaly

146, 127, 253



Deuteranomaly

144, 129, 243



Tritanomaly

213, 114, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color

223, 93, 249



Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150



Achromatomaly

177, 129, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 223, 93, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 93, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(223, 93, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 93, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 93, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 223, 93, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 93, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 93, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 93, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 93, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 93, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 93,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 93, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 93, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 93,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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