

Converting Colors

RGB(224, 171, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(224, 171, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(224, 171, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0AB6B
RGB	224, 171, 107
RGB Percent	88%, 67%, 42%
CMY	0.1216, 0.3294, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.52, 0.12
HSL	33°, 65%, 65%
HSV	33°, 52%, 88%
XYZ	47.9572, 46.0347, 20.2679
YIQ	179.5510, 52.1320, -8.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

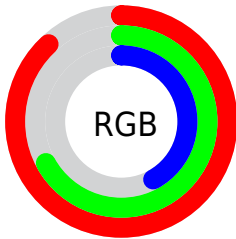
Format	Color
RYB	204, 224, 107
Decimal	14723947
CIELab	73.57, 11.98, 40.23
CIElCh	74, 41.980, 73.412
Yxy	46.0347, 0.4197, 0.4029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292914027 (0xFFE0AB6B)
YUV	179.5510, -35.7676, 38.9818
Hunter-Lab	67.8488, 7.4327, 29.7830

Details

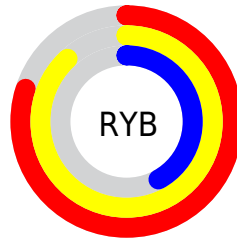
The RGB color **224, 171, 107** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **107, 160, 224**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 226, 159**, and **166, 119, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 161, 85**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 181, 129**.

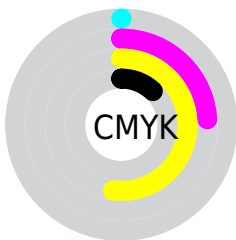
Distribution



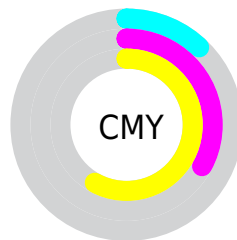
- Red (88%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 224, 171, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 224, 171, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 224, 171, 107

 224, 171, 107

255, 255, 255

 195, 145, 82

 255, 226, 159

 166, 119, 58

 255, 255, 187

 138, 94, 34

 255, 255, 215

 110, 71, 7


 255, 255, 243


 84, 48, 0

 57, 27, 0

 33, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

 224, 171, 107

 224, 171, 107

224, 161, 85

224, 181, 129

224, 151, 62

224, 191, 152

224, 141, 40

224, 201, 174

224, 130, 17

224, 212, 197

224, 123, 0

224, 222, 219

224, 232, 241

224, 242, 255

224, 252, 255

224, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248, 158, 130



224, 171, 107



189, 184, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224, 171, 107



18, 201, 197



207, 164, 237

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224, 171, 107



107, 160, 224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152, 179, 255



224, 171, 107



0, 198, 232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224, 171, 107



95, 200, 157



81, 191, 254



242, 153, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224, 171, 107



161, 191, 115



81, 191, 254



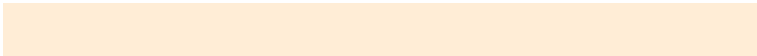
191, 169, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224, 171, 107



255, 237, 214



224, 107, 162



128, 117, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224, 171, 107



255, 182, 94



220, 224, 107



112, 107, 101



176, 96, 0



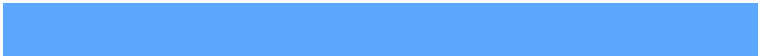
48, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 160, 224



94, 167, 255



111, 107, 224



101, 106, 112



0, 80, 176



0, 22, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 171, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

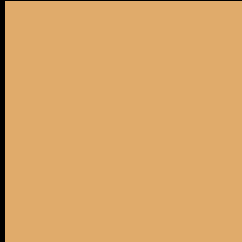
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 171, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

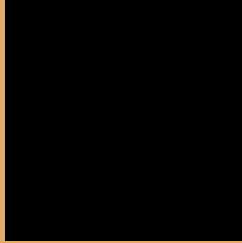
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 224, 171, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 171, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 171, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
224, 171, 107

Protanopia
198, 181, 111

Deuteranopia
220, 173, 107



Tritanopia
230, 163, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color
224, 171, 107

Protanomaly
207, 177, 110

Deuteranomaly
221, 172, 107

Tritanomaly
228, 166, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color
224, 171, 107

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
196, 177, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 224, 171, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 171, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 171, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 171, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 171, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 224, 171, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 171, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 171, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 171, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 171, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 171, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 171,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 171, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 171, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
171, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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