

# Converting Colors

RGB(224, 195, 213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(224, 195, 213) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(224, 195, 213)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0C3D5
RGB	224, 195, 213
RGB Percent	88%, 76%, 84%
CMY	0.1216, 0.2353, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.05, 0.12
HSL	323°, 32%, 82%
HSV	323°, 13%, 88%
XYZ	62.2658, 59.6816, 71.1887
YIQ	205.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

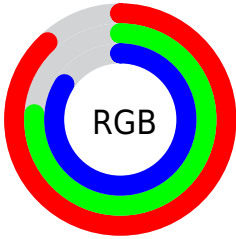
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	224, 195, 213
Decimal	14730197
CIE Lab	81.66, 13.28, -5.20
CIE LCh	82, 14.262, 338.626
Yxy	59.6816, 0.3224, 0.3090
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292920277 (0xFFE0C3D5)
YUV	205.7230, 3.5876, 16.0289
Hunter-Lab	77.2539, 8.6749, -0.5575

# Details

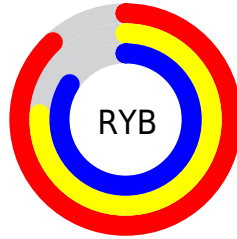
The RGB color **224, 195, 213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **195, 224, 206**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 252, 255, and **169, 141, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 173, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 217, 221**.

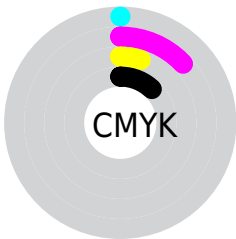
# Distribution



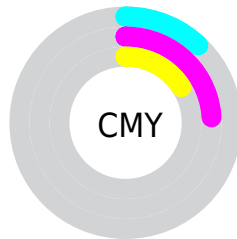
- Red (88%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 224, 195, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 224, 195, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 224, 195, 213

255, 255, 255

 255, 252, 255

 224, 195, 213

 196, 168, 185

 169, 141, 158

 142, 116, 132

 116, 91, 107


 92, 67, 83


 68, 45, 60

 45, 24, 38

 26, 0, 18


 0, 0, 0

 224, 195, 213

 224, 195, 213

 224, 173, 205


 224, 217, 221

 224, 150, 196

 224, 240, 230

 224, 128, 188

 224, 255, 238

 224, 105, 179

 224, 255, 247

 224, 83, 171

 224, 255, 255

 224, 61, 162

 224, 38, 154

 224, 16, 145

 224, 0, 139

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 198, 224



224, 195, 213



231, 194, 199

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224, 195, 213



210, 203, 177



170, 210, 219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224, 195, 213



195, 224, 206

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 211, 206



224, 195, 213



195, 207, 182

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224, 195, 213



223, 199, 178



180, 210, 193



178, 207, 227

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224, 195, 213



232, 195, 191



180, 210, 193



169, 210, 215



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224, 195, 213



255, 245, 251



206, 195, 224



128, 121, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224, 195, 213



255, 214, 240



224, 195, 199



112, 101, 108



176, 0, 109



48, 0, 30



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 195, 213



255, 214, 240



195, 224, 220



112, 101, 108



176, 0, 109

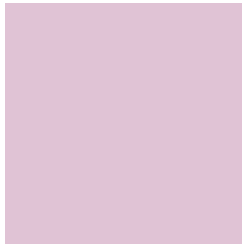


48, 0, 30



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 195, 213 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

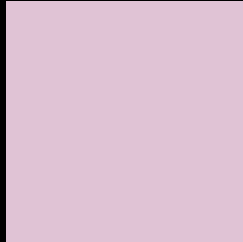
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 195, 213 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

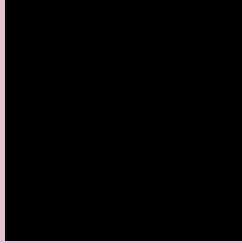
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 224, 195, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 195, 213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 195, 213.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[224, 195, 213](#)

**Protanopia**  
[203, 202, 217](#)

**Deuteranopia**  
[218, 197, 213](#)



**Tritanopia**  
224, 195, 211

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
224, 195, 213

**Protanomaly**  
211, 199, 216

**Deuteranomaly**  
220, 196, 213

**Tritanomaly**  
224, 195, 212

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
224, 195, 213

**Achromatopsia**  
206, 206, 206

**Achromatomaly**  
213, 202, 209

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 224, 195, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 195, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 195, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 195, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 195, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 224, 195, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 195, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 195, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 195, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 195, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 195, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 195, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 195, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 195, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
195, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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