

Converting Colors

RGB(224, 211, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(224, 211, 216) contains.

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Color

RGB(224, 211, 216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0D3D8
RGB	224, 211, 216
RGB Percent	88%, 83%, 85%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1725, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.12
HSL	337°, 17%, 85%
HSV	337°, 6%, 88%
XYZ	66.4294, 67.3937, 74.4728
YIQ	215.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

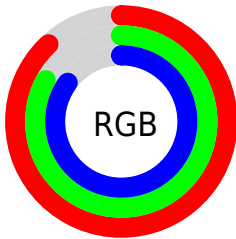
Format	Color
RYB	224, 211, 216
Decimal	14734296
CIELab	85.70, 5.35, -0.87
CIELCh	86, 5.419, 350.805
Yxy	67.3937, 0.3189, 0.3235
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292924376 (0xFFE0D3D8)
YUV	215.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922
Hunter-Lab	82.0937, 0.7766, 3.6795

Details

The RGB color **224, 211, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 224, 219**, and the grayscale version is **215, 215, 215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **169, 157, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 189, 202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 233, 230**.

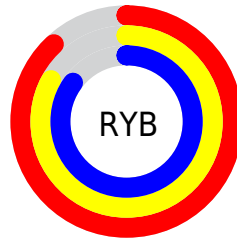
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (83%)

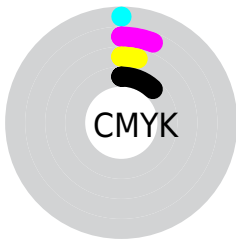
Blue (85%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (85%)

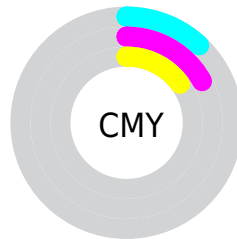


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 224, 211, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 224, 211, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 224, 211, 216

255, 255, 255

■ 224, 211, 216

■ 196, 183, 188

■ 169, 157, 161

■ 142, 130, 135

■ 117, 105, 110

■ 92, 81, 85

■ 69, 58, 62


■ 46, 37, 40

■ 26, 16, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

 224, 211, 216


 224, 211, 216

 224, 189, 202


 224, 233, 230

 224, 166, 188


 224, 255, 244


 224, 144, 175


 224, 255, 255

 224, 121, 161

 224, 99, 147

 224, 77, 133

 224, 54, 120

 224, 32, 106

 224, 9, 92

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 212, 221



224, 211, 216



226, 211, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224, 211, 216



215, 215, 205



203, 217, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224, 211, 216



211, 224, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 217, 218



224, 211, 216



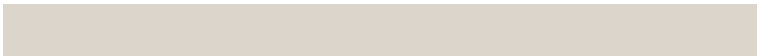
209, 216, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224, 211, 216



220, 213, 204



204, 217, 212



207, 215, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224, 211, 216



225, 211, 208



204, 217, 212



202, 217, 221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224, 211, 216



255, 250, 252



219, 211, 224



128, 125, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224, 211, 216



255, 237, 244



224, 212, 211



112, 103, 107



176, 0, 68



48, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 211, 216



255, 237, 244



211, 223, 224



112, 103, 107



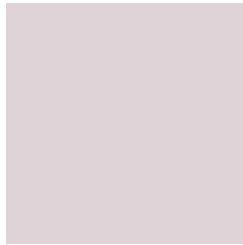
176, 0, 68



48, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 211, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

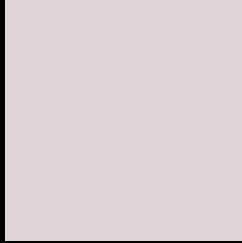
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 211, 216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

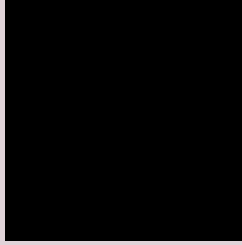
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

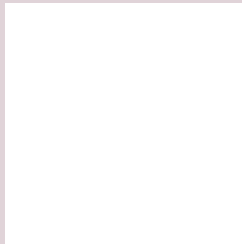
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 224, 211, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 211, 216.

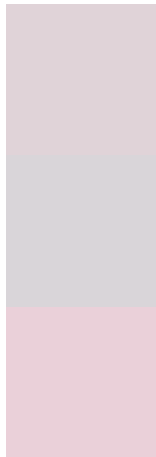


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 211, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
224, 211, 216

Protanopia
217, 213, 217

Deuteranopia
234, 208, 217



Tritanopia
225, 209, 226

Trichromacy



Original Color

224, 211, 216

Protanomaly

220, 212, 217

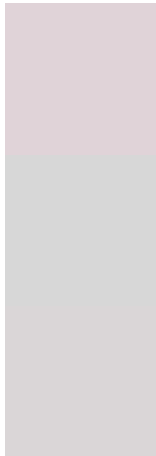
Deuteranomaly

230, 209, 217

Tritanomaly

225, 210, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color

224, 211, 216

Achromatopsia

215, 215, 215

Achromatomaly

218, 214, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 224, 211, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(224, 211, 216) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 211, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 211, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 211, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 224, 211, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 211, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 211, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 211, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 211, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 211, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 211,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 211, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 211, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
211, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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