

Converting Colors

RGB(224, 220, 217)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(224, 220, 217) contains.

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Color

RGB(224, 220, 217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DCD9
RGB	224, 220, 217
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 85%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1373, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.12
HSL	26°, 10%, 86%
HSV	26°, 3%, 88%
XYZ	68.8581, 72.0434, 75.9222
YIQ	220.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

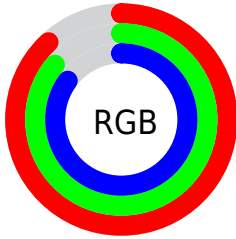
Format	Color
RYB	224, 222, 217
Decimal	14736601
CIELab	87.99, 0.83, 1.94
CIELCh	88, 2.113, 66.755
Yxy	72.0434, 0.3176, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292926681 (0xFFE0DCD9)
YUV	220.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590
Hunter-Lab	84.8784, -3.7282, 6.3811

Details

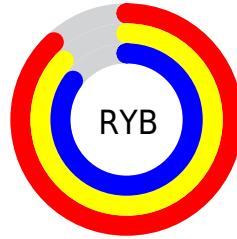
The RGB color **224, 220, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **217, 221, 224**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **169, 165, 162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 207, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 233, 239**.

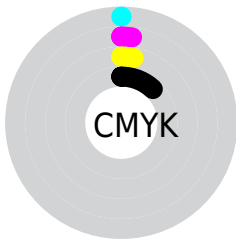
Distribution



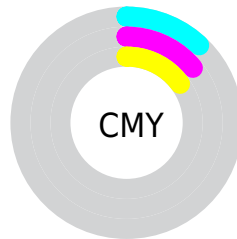
- Red (88%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 224, 220, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 224, 220, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 224, 220, 217

255, 255, 255

■ 224, 220, 217

■ 196, 192, 189

■ 169, 165, 162

■ 142, 139, 136

■ 117, 113, 111

■ 92, 89, 86

■ 69, 66, 63

■ 46, 43, 41

■ 26, 23, 21

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 224, 220, 217

■ 224, 220, 217

■ 224, 207, 195

■ 224, 233, 239

■ 224, 194, 172

■ 224, 246, 255

■ 224, 182, 150

■ 224, 255, 255

■ 224, 169, 127

■ 224, 156, 105

■ 224, 143, 83

■ 224, 130, 60

■ 224, 118, 38

■ 224, 105, 15

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 220, 218



224, 220, 217



222, 221, 217

Triad

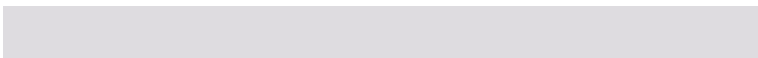
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224, 220, 217



216, 222, 221



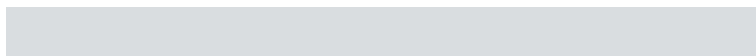
222, 220, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



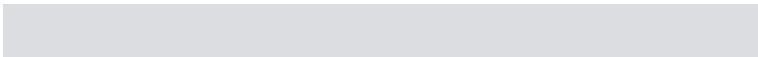
224, 220, 217



217, 221, 224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 221, 225



224, 220, 217



216, 222, 223

Square

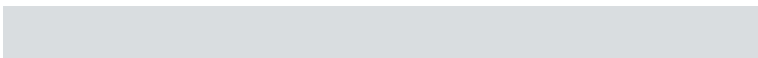
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224, 220, 217



217, 222, 219



217, 221, 224



224, 220, 222

Rectangle

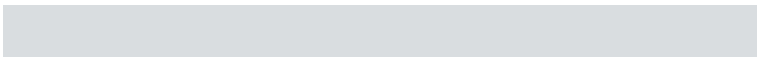
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



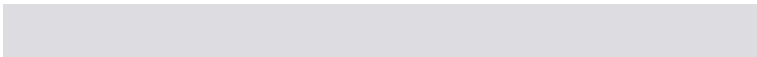
224, 220, 217



220, 221, 217



217, 221, 224



221, 220, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224, 220, 217



255, 254, 252



224, 217, 221



128, 127, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224, 220, 217



255, 249, 245



224, 223, 217



112, 109, 107



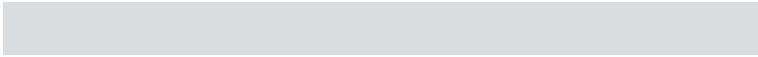
176, 75, 0



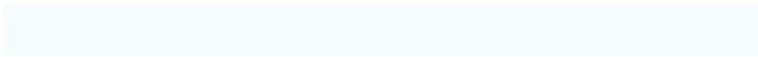
48, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

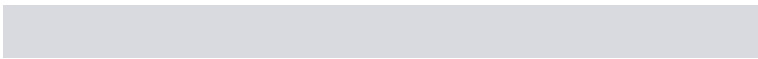
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 221, 224



245, 251, 255



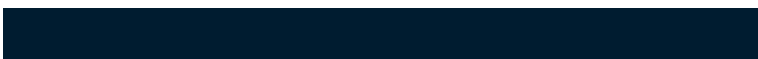
217, 218, 224



107, 110, 112



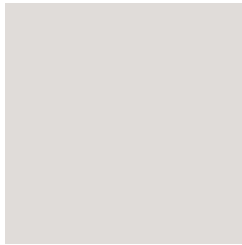
0, 101, 176



0, 28, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 220, 217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

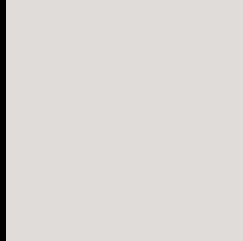
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 220, 217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

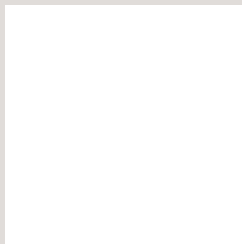
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 224, 220, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 220, 217.

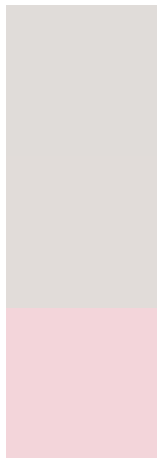


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 220, 217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
224, 220, 217

Protanopia
225, 220, 217

Deuteranopia
243, 213, 218



Tritanopia
227, 217, 234

Trichromacy



Original Color

224, 220, 217

Protanomaly

225, 220, 217

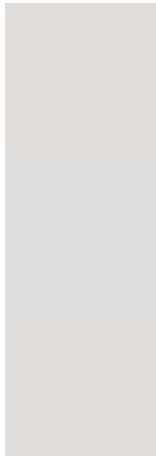
Deuteranomaly

236, 216, 218

Tritanomaly

226, 218, 228

Monochromacy



Original Color

224, 220, 217

Achromatopsia

221, 221, 221

Achromatomaly

222, 221, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 224, 220, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(224, 220, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 220, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 220, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 220, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 224, 220, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 220, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 220, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 220, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220, 217); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220, 217); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220, 217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 220, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 220, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
220, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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