

Converting Colors

RGB(224, 52, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(224, 52, 137) contains.

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Color

RGB(224, 52, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E03489
RGB	224, 52, 137
RGB Percent	88%, 20%, 54%
CMY	0.1216, 0.7961, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.39, 0.12
HSL	330°, 74%, 54%
HSV	330°, 77%, 88%
XYZ	36.4838, 20.1094, 25.6255
YIQ	113.1180, 75.2270, 62.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

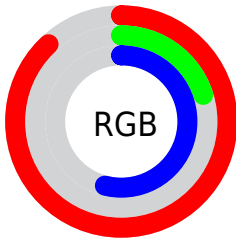
Format	Color
R_{YB}	224, 52, 137
Decimal	14693513
CIE _{Lab}	51.96, 70.44, -6.31
CIE _{LCh}	52, 70.725, 354.883
Yxy	20.1094, 0.4437, 0.2446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292883593 (0xFFE03489)
YUV	113.1180, 11.7738, 97.2435
Hunter-Lab	44.8435, 66.7479, -2.4904

Details

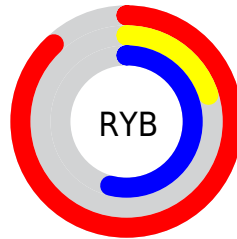
The RGB color **224, 52, 137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **52, 224, 139**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 115, 190**, and **163, 0, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 30, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 74, 148**.

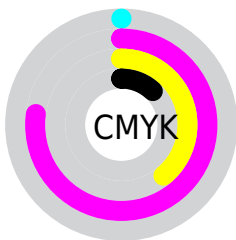
Distribution



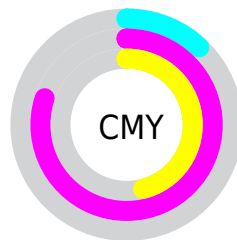
- Red (88%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 224, 52, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 224, 52, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 224, 52, 137

255, 255, 255

 255, 115, 190

 255, 144, 218

 255, 173, 247

 255, 203, 255

 255, 233, 255

 224, 52, 137

 193, 0, 112

 163, 0, 87

 134, 0, 64

 104, 0, 42

 76, 0, 22

 47, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 224, 52, 137

 224, 30, 126

 224, 52, 137

 224, 74, 148

■ 224, 7, 114

■ 224, 97, 160

■ 224, 0, 111

■ 224, 119, 171

■ 224, 142, 182

■ 224, 164, 194

■ 224, 186, 205

■ 224, 209, 216

■ 224, 231, 228

■ 224, 254, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 81, 195



224, 52, 137



227, 60, 77

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224, 52, 137



101, 135, 0



0, 146, 223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224, 52, 137



52, 224, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 150, 173



224, 52, 137



0, 145, 47

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224, 52, 137



158, 118, 0



0, 150, 111



0, 135, 246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224, 52, 137



213, 81, 39



0, 150, 111



0, 148, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224, 52, 137



255, 196, 225



138, 52, 224



128, 92, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224, 52, 137



255, 20, 136



224, 52, 52



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 87



48, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 52, 137



255, 20, 136



52, 224, 224



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 87



48, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 52, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

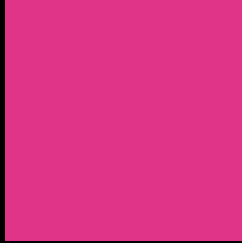
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 224, 52, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 224, 52, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 52, 137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 224, 52, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
224, 52, 137

Protanopia
105, 123, 183

Deuteranopia
135, 121, 128



Tritanopia
220, 70, 74

Trichromacy



Original Color

224, 52, 137



Protanomaly

148, 97, 166



Deuteranomaly

167, 96, 131



Tritanomaly

221, 63, 97

Monochromacy



Original Color

224, 52, 137



Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113



Achromatomaly

153, 91, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 224, 52, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 52, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 52, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 52, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 52, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 224, 52, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 52, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 52, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 52, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 52, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 52, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 52,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 224, 52, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 52, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224, 52,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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