

Converting Colors

RGB(225, 164, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(225, 164, 126) contains.

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Color

RGB(225, 164, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1A47E
RGB	225, 164, 126
RGB Percent	88%, 64%, 49%
CMY	0.1176, 0.3569, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.44, 0.12
HSL	23°, 62%, 69%
HSV	23°, 44%, 88%
XYZ	48.0927, 44.0648, 25.7093
YIQ	177.9070, 48.5540, 1.1140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

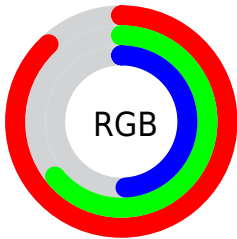
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 188, 126
Decimal	14787710
CIE Lab	72.27, 17.95, 28.58
CIE LCh	72, 33.745, 57.871
Yxy	44.0648, 0.4080, 0.3739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292977790 (0xFFE1A47E)
YUV	177.9070, -25.5902, 41.3006
Hunter-Lab	66.3813, 13.1543, 23.5041

Details

The RGB color **225, 164, 126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **126, 187, 225**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 219, 179**, and **167, 112, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 150, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 178, 149**.

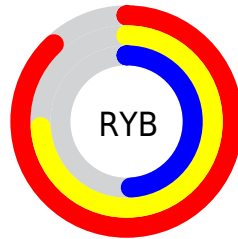
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (64%)

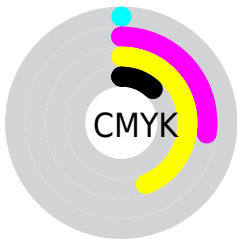
Blue (49%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (49%)

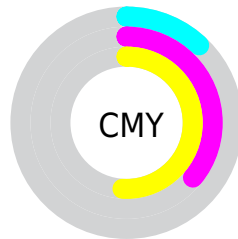


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)


Magenta (36%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 164, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 164, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 225, 164, 126

 225, 164, 126

255, 255, 255

 196, 138, 101

 255, 219, 179

 167, 112, 76

 255, 248, 207

 139, 87, 53

 255, 255, 235

 112, 64, 31


 86, 41, 8

 60, 20, 0

 37, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 225, 164, 126

 225, 164, 126

■ 225, 150, 104

■ 225, 178, 149

■ 225, 136, 81

■ 225, 192, 171

■ 225, 122, 59

■ 225, 206, 194

■ 225, 109, 36

■ 225, 219, 216

■ 225, 95, 14

■ 225, 233, 239

■ 225, 86, 0

■ 225, 247, 255

■ 225, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 156, 150



225, 164, 126



200, 175, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 164, 126



96, 194, 174



178, 170, 232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 164, 126



126, 187, 225

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 181, 238



225, 164, 126



71, 193, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 164, 126



132, 191, 143



87, 189, 229



214, 160, 210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 164, 126



180, 181, 118



87, 189, 229



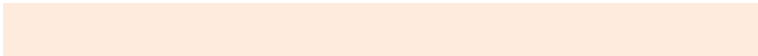
164, 174, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 164, 126



255, 235, 222



225, 126, 187



128, 115, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 164, 126



255, 172, 120



225, 213, 126



112, 105, 101



176, 68, 0



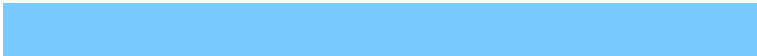
48, 19, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 187, 225



120, 203, 255



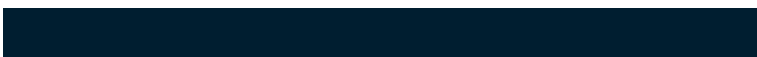
126, 138, 225



101, 108, 112



0, 108, 176



0, 30, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 164, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

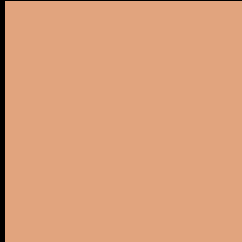
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 164, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

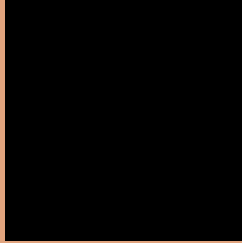
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 225, 164, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 164, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 164, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
225, 164, 126

Protanopia
190, 177, 132

Deuteranopia
211, 170, 125



Tritanopia
229, 158, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
225, 164, 126

Protanomaly
203, 172, 130

Deuteranomaly
216, 168, 125

Tritanomaly
228, 160, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
225, 164, 126

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
195, 173, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 164, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 164, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 164, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 164, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 164, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 164, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

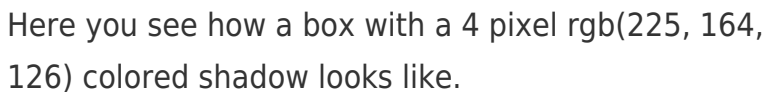
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 164, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 164, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 164, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 164, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 164, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 164, 126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 164, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 164, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
164, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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