

Converting Colors

RGB(225, 169, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(225, 169, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(225, 169, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1A9C2
RGB	225, 169, 194
RGB Percent	88%, 66%, 76%
CMY	0.1176, 0.3373, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.14, 0.12
HSL	333°, 48%, 77%
HSV	333°, 25%, 88%
XYZ	54.9769, 48.2785, 57.4600
YIQ	188.5940, 25.3510, 19.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

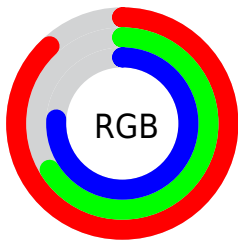
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 169, 194
Decimal	14789058
CIE Lab	75.00, 24.36, -4.72
CIE LCh	75, 24.810, 349.023
Yxy	48.2785, 0.3421, 0.3004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292979138 (0xFFE1A9C2)
YUV	188.5940, 2.6652, 31.9281
Hunter-Lab	69.4828, 19.6399, -0.3930

Details

The RGB color **225, 169, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **169, 225, 200**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 225, 250**, and **169, 116, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 147, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 192, 206**.

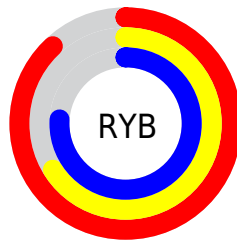
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (66%)

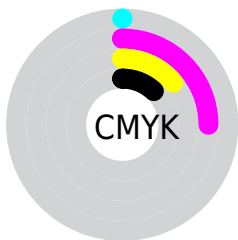
Blue (76%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (76%)

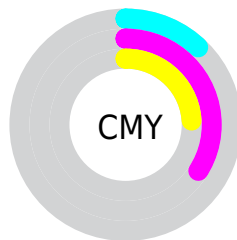


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 169, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 169, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 225, 169, 194

 225, 169, 194

255, 255, 255

 197, 142, 167

 255, 225, 250

 169, 116, 140

 255, 253, 255

 142, 91, 115

 116, 67, 90

 90, 44, 67

 66, 22, 45


 43, 0, 24

 7, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 225, 169, 194

 225, 169, 194

 225, 147, 182


 225, 192, 206

 225, 124, 169

 225, 214, 219

 225, 102, 157

 225, 236, 231


 225, 79, 144

 225, 255, 244

 225, 57, 132

 225, 255, 255

 225, 34, 119

 225, 11, 107

 225, 0, 100

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 174, 215



225, 169, 194



232, 169, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 169, 194



186, 188, 141



123, 195, 218

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 169, 194



169, 225, 200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120, 197, 199



225, 169, 194



160, 194, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 169, 194



210, 180, 140



136, 197, 175



146, 189, 229

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 169, 194



229, 171, 157



136, 197, 175



120, 196, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 169, 194



255, 237, 245



200, 169, 225



128, 117, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 169, 194



255, 179, 213



225, 172, 169



112, 101, 106



176, 0, 79



48, 0, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 169, 194



255, 179, 213



169, 222, 225



112, 101, 106



176, 0, 79



48, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 169, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

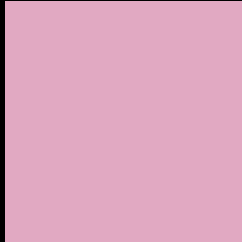
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 169, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

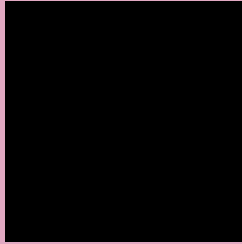
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 225, 169, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 169, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 169, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
225, 169, 194

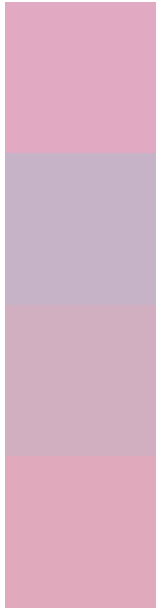
Protanopia
183, 184, 203

Deuteranopia
200, 179, 192



Tritanopia
224, 171, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color
225, 169, 194

Protanomaly
198, 179, 200

Deuteranomaly
209, 175, 193

Tritanomaly
224, 170, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
225, 169, 194

Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly
202, 182, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 169, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 169, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 169, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 169, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 169, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 169, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 169, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 169, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 169, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 169, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 169, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 169,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 169, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 169, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
169, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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