

# Converting Colors

RGB(225, 191, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(225, 191, 224) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(225, 191, 224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E1BFE0
RGB	225, 191, 224
RGB Percent	88%, 75%, 88%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2510, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	302°, 36%, 82%
HSV	302°, 15%, 88%
XYZ	63.1367, 58.6510, 78.5141
YIQ	204.9280, 9.6710, 17.4710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

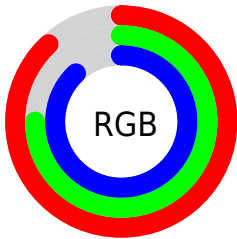
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 191, 224
Decimal	14794720
CIE Lab	81.10, 17.73, -11.93
CIE LCh	81, 21.375, 326.062
Yxy	58.6510, 0.3152, 0.2928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292984800 (0xFFE1BFE0)
YUV	204.9280, 9.4025, 17.6031
Hunter-Lab	76.5839, 13.1356, -7.1756

# Details

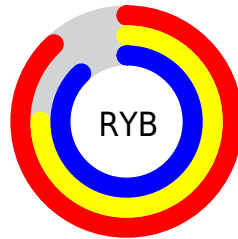
The RGB color **225, 191, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **191, 225, 192**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 247, 255**, and **169, 137, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 169, 223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 214, 225**.

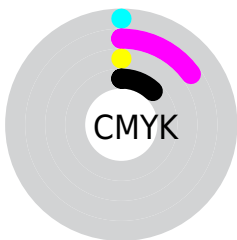
# Distribution



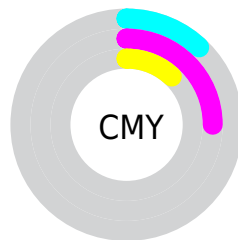
- Red (88%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 191, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 191, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 225, 191, 224

 225, 191, 224

255, 255, 255

 197, 164, 196

 255, 247, 255


 169, 137, 169

 143, 112, 142

 117, 87, 117

 92, 64, 92

 68, 41, 68

 45, 20, 46

 27, 0, 26

 0, 0, 0

225, 191, 224

225, 191, 224

225, 169, 223

225, 214, 225

225, 146, 223

225, 236, 225

225, 124, 222

225, 255, 226

225, 101, 221

225, 255, 227

225, 78, 221

225, 255, 227

225, 56, 220

225, 255, 228

225, 33, 219

225, 255, 229

225, 11, 219

225, 255, 229

225, 0, 218

225, 255, 230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 197, 237



225, 191, 224



240, 188, 205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 191, 224



220, 199, 162



147, 213, 218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 191, 224



191, 225, 192

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 213, 198



225, 191, 224



198, 206, 165

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 191, 224



236, 193, 169



175, 210, 179



154, 209, 234

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 191, 224



243, 188, 191



175, 210, 179



149, 213, 212



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 191, 224



255, 242, 255



192, 191, 225



128, 120, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 191, 224



255, 209, 254



225, 191, 207



112, 101, 112



176, 0, 171



48, 0, 47



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 191, 224



255, 209, 254



191, 225, 209



112, 101, 112



176, 0, 171

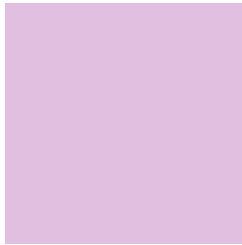


48, 0, 47



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 191, 224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

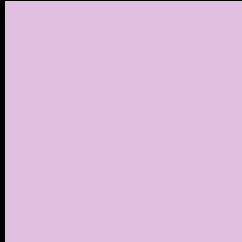
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 191, 224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

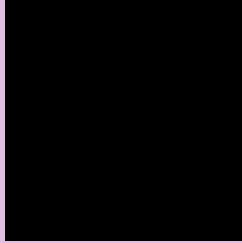
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 225, 191, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 191, 224.

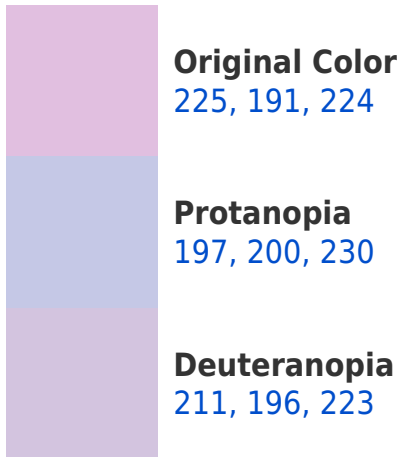



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 191, 224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
223, 194, 209

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
225, 191, 224

**Protanomaly**  
207, 197, 228

**Deuteranomaly**  
216, 194, 223

**Tritanomaly**  
224, 193, 214

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
225, 191, 224

**Achromatopsia**  
205, 205, 205

**Achromatomaly**  
212, 200, 212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 191, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 191, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 191, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 191, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 191, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 191, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 191, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 191, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 191, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 191, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 191, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 191,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 191, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 191, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
191, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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