

Converting Colors

RGB(225, 199, 180)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(225, 199, 180) contains.

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Color

RGB(225, 199, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1C7B4
RGB	225, 199, 180
RGB Percent	88%, 78%, 71%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2196, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.20, 0.12
HSL	25°, 43%, 79%
HSV	25°, 20%, 88%
XYZ	59.7130, 60.1497, 51.6429
YIQ	204.6080, 21.5950, -0.3970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

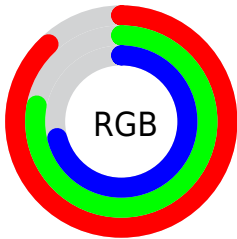
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 213, 180
Decimal	14796724
CIE Lab	81.92, 6.17, 12.85
CIE LCh	82, 14.257, 64.373
Yxy	60.1497, 0.3482, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292986804 (0xFFE1C7B4)
YUV	204.6080, -12.1317, 17.8838
Hunter-Lab	77.5562, 1.7094, 14.8096

Details

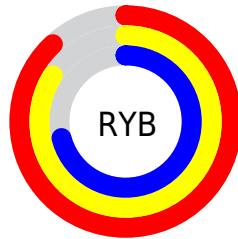
The RGB color **225, 199, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 206, 225**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 236**, and **169, 145, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 186, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 212, 203**.

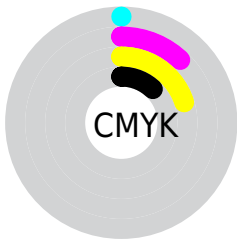
Distribution



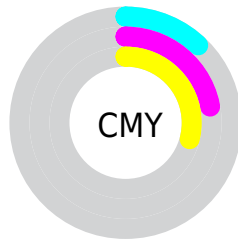
- Red (88%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 199, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 199, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 225, 199, 180

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 236


 225, 199, 180

 197, 172, 153

 169, 145, 127

 143, 120, 102

 117, 95, 78

 91, 71, 55

 67, 49, 34


 45, 28, 12

 22, 2, 0

 0, 0, 0

 225, 199, 180

 225, 199, 180

 225, 186, 158


 225, 212, 203

 225, 173, 135


 225, 225, 225

 225, 160, 113


 225, 238, 248


 225, 147, 90

 225, 251, 255

 225, 134, 68

 225, 255, 255

 225, 121, 45

 225, 108, 22

 225, 95, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



232, 196, 189



225, 199, 180



213, 203, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 199, 180



172, 212, 205



209, 200, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 199, 180



180, 206, 225

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192, 204, 230



225, 199, 180



170, 211, 218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 199, 180



183, 210, 192



177, 208, 227



223, 196, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 199, 180



203, 206, 179



177, 208, 227



203, 201, 228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 199, 180



255, 246, 240



225, 180, 206



128, 122, 119



0, 0, 0



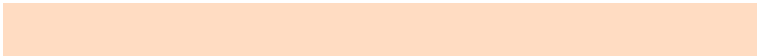
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 199, 180



255, 220, 194



225, 221, 180



112, 106, 101



176, 74, 0



48, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 206, 225



194, 229, 255



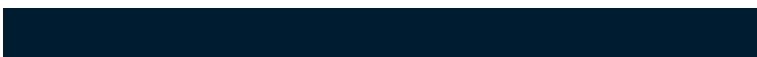
180, 184, 225



101, 107, 112



0, 102, 176



0, 28, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 199, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 199, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

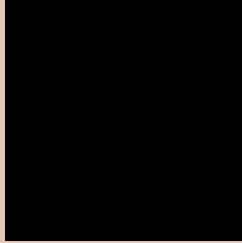
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 225, 199, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 199, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 199, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
225, 199, 180

Protanopia
212, 203, 182

Deuteranopia
232, 196, 181



Tritanopia
229, 195, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color

225, 199, 180

Protanomaly

217, 202, 181

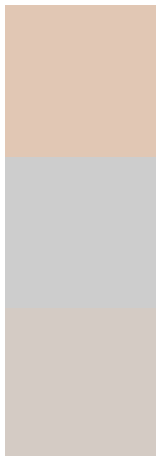
Deuteranomaly

229, 197, 181

Tritanomaly

228, 196, 199

Monochromacy



Original Color

225, 199, 180

Achromatopsia

205, 205, 205

Achromatomaly

212, 203, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 199, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 199, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 199, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 199, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 199, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 199, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 199, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 199, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 199, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 199, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 199, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 199,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 199, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 199, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
199, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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