

# Converting Colors

RGB(225, 203, 195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(225, 203, 195) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(225, 203, 195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1CBC3
RGB	225, 203, 195
RGB Percent	88%, 80%, 76%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2039, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.13, 0.12
HSL	16°, 33%, 82%
HSV	16°, 13%, 88%
XYZ	62.2576, 62.6596, 60.4429
YIQ	208.6660, 15.6800, 2.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

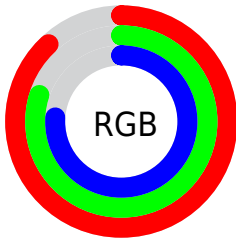
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 206, 195
Decimal	14797763
CIE Lab	83.26, 6.37, 6.77
CIE LCh	83, 9.300, 46.734
Yxy	62.6596, 0.3359, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292987843 (0xFFE1CBC3)
YUV	208.6660, -6.7373, 14.3249
Hunter-Lab	79.1578, 1.8641, 10.1381

# Details

The RGB color **225, 203, 195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **195, 217, 225**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 252**, and **170, 149, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 186, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 219, 218**.

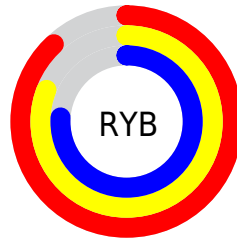
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (80%)

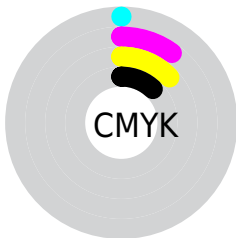
Blue (76%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (76%)

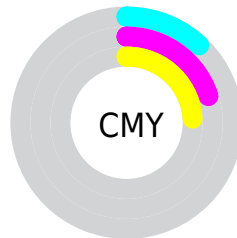


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 203, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 203, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 225, 203, 195

255, 255, 255


255, 255, 252


 225, 203, 195


 197, 176, 168

 170, 149, 141

 143, 123, 116

 117, 98, 91

 92, 74, 68

 68, 52, 46

 46, 31, 25

 26, 6, 0


 0, 0, 0

 225, 203, 195

 225, 203, 195

 225, 186, 172


 225, 219, 218

 225, 170, 150


 225, 236, 240


 225, 154, 127

 225, 253, 255

 225, 137, 105

 225, 255, 255

 225, 121, 83

 225, 104, 60

 225, 87, 37

 225, 71, 15

 225, 60, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227, 202, 203



225, 203, 195



219, 205, 191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 203, 195



191, 212, 203



204, 206, 224

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 203, 195



195, 217, 225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 209, 224



225, 203, 195



186, 213, 212

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 203, 195



199, 211, 195



187, 212, 220



215, 204, 219

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 203, 195



213, 207, 190



187, 212, 220



201, 207, 225

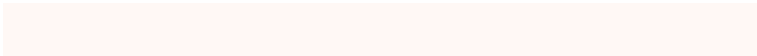


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 203, 195



255, 248, 245



225, 195, 217



128, 123, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 203, 195



255, 225, 214



225, 218, 195



112, 104, 101



176, 47, 0



48, 13, 0

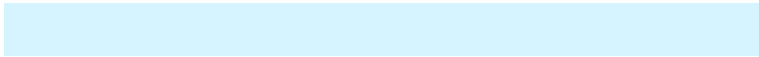


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 217, 225



214, 244, 255



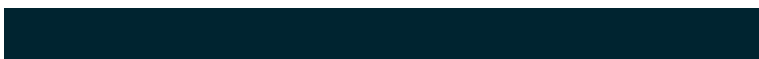
195, 202, 225



101, 109, 112



0, 129, 176



0, 36, 48



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 203, 195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

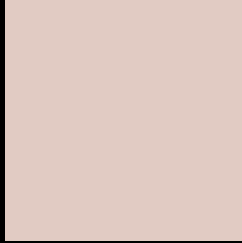
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 203, 195 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

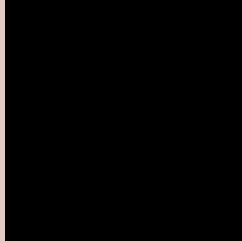
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 225, 203, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 203, 195.

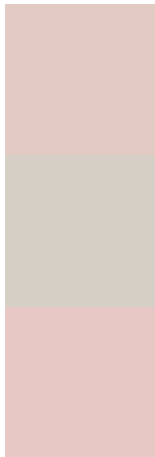


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 203, 195.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
225, 203, 195

**Protanopia**  
214, 207, 197

**Deuteranopia**  
232, 200, 196



**Tritanopia**  
228, 200, 216

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

225, 203, 195

**Protanomaly**

218, 206, 196

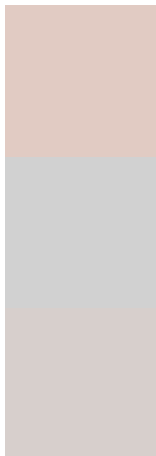
**Deuteranomaly**

229, 201, 196

**Tritanomaly**

227, 201, 208

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

225, 203, 195

**Achromatopsia**

209, 209, 209

**Achromatomaly**

215, 207, 204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 203, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 203, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 203, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 203, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 203, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 203, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 203, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 203, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 203, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 203, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 203, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 203,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 203, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 203, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
203, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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