

Converting Colors

RGB(225, 221, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(225, 221, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(225, 221, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1DD77
RGB	225, 221, 119
RGB Percent	88%, 87%, 47%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1333, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.47, 0.12
HSL	58°, 64%, 67%
HSV	58°, 47%, 88%
XYZ	60.2376, 69.0524, 27.6063
YIQ	210.5680, 35.1260, -30.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

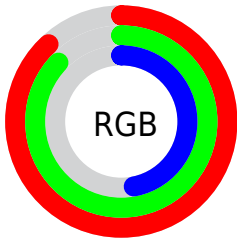
Format	Color
RYB	123, 225, 119
Decimal	14802295
CIELab	86.53, -12.46, 50.19
CIELCh	87, 51.714, 103.938
Yxy	69.0524, 0.3839, 0.4401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292992375 (0xFFE1DD77)
YUV	210.5680, -45.1430, 12.6569
Hunter-Lab	83.0978, -16.0264, 38.4714

Details

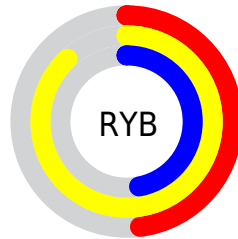
The RGB color **225, 221, 119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **119, 123, 225**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 173**, and **168, 166, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 220, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 222, 142**.

Distribution



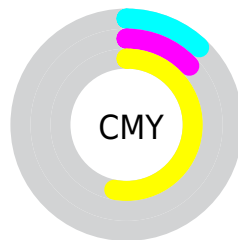
- Red (88%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 221, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 221, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 225, 221, 119

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 173


 255, 255, 201

 255, 255, 230

 225, 221, 119

 196, 193, 93

 168, 166, 67

 140, 140, 41

 113, 114, 9

 86, 90, 0

 61, 67, 0


 36, 45, 0

 4, 25, 0


 0, 0, 0

 225, 221, 119


 225, 221, 119

 225, 220, 97


 225, 222, 142

 225, 219, 74

 225, 223, 164

 225, 218, 51

 225, 224, 187

 225, 218, 29

 225, 224, 209

 225, 217, 6

 225, 225, 232

 225, 217, 0

 225, 226, 254

 225, 227, 255

 225, 228, 255

 225, 229, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 205, 122



225, 221, 119



170, 233, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 221, 119



0, 239, 255



255, 180, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 221, 119



119, 123, 225

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



251, 195, 255



225, 221, 119



79, 229, 255

Square

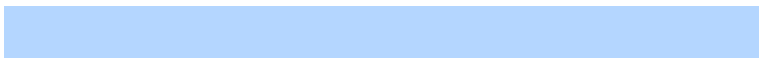
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 221, 119



0, 242, 239



180, 214, 255



255, 177, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 221, 119



128, 239, 172



180, 214, 255



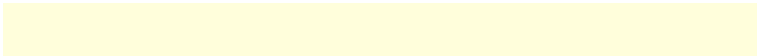
255, 184, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 221, 119



255, 254, 219



225, 119, 124



128, 127, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 221, 119



255, 250, 110



177, 225, 119



112, 112, 101



176, 169, 0



48, 47, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 123, 225



110, 115, 255



167, 119, 225



101, 101, 112



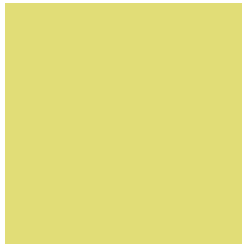
0, 7, 176



0, 2, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 221, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

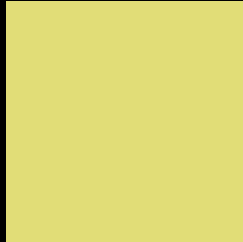
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 221, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

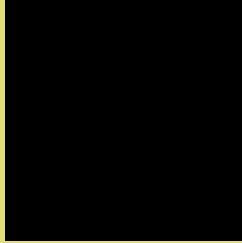
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 225, 221, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 221, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 221, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
225, 221, 119

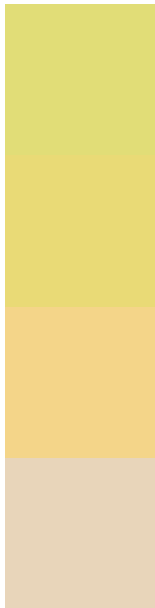
Protanopia
238, 217, 117

Deuteranopia
255, 209, 148



Tritanopia
236, 209, 225

Trichromacy



Original Color
225, 221, 119

Protanomaly
233, 218, 118

Deuteranomaly
244, 213, 137

Tritanomaly
232, 213, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color
225, 221, 119

Achromatopsia
211, 211, 211

Achromatomaly
216, 215, 178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 221, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 221, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 221, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 221, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 221, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 221, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 221, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 221, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 221, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 221, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 221, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 221,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 221, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 221, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
221, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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