

Converting Colors

RGB(225, 83, 173)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(225, 83, 173) contains.

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Color

RGB(225, 83, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E153AD
RGB	225, 83, 173
RGB Percent	88%, 33%, 68%
CMY	0.1176, 0.6745, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.23, 0.12
HSL	322°, 70%, 60%
HSV	322°, 63%, 88%
XYZ	41.6874, 25.2112, 42.2042
YIQ	135.7180, 55.7420, 58.0940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

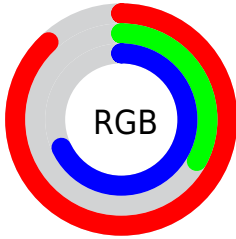
Format	Color
RYB	225, 83, 173
Decimal	14767021
CIELab	57.28, 64.03, -19.48
CIELCh	57, 66.923, 343.079
Yxy	25.2112, 0.3821, 0.2311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292957101 (0xFFE153AD)
YUV	135.7180, 18.3800, 78.3003
Hunter-Lab	50.2108, 60.3306, -14.6882

Details

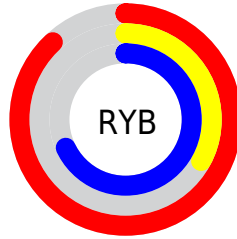
The RGB color **225, 83, 173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **83, 225, 135**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 140, 229**, and **166, 10, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 60, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 106, 181**.

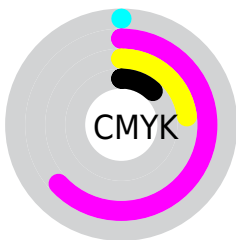
Distribution



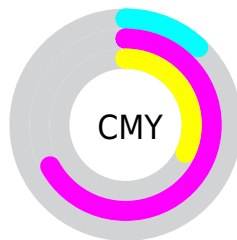
- Red (88%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (32%)



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 225, 83, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 225, 83, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 225, 83, 173 225, 83, 173

255, 255, 255


 195, 53, 146 255, 140, 229 166, 10, 121 255, 169, 255 137, 0, 96 255, 198, 255 109, 0, 72 255, 227, 255 81, 0, 49 55, 0, 28 21, 0, 0 0, 0, 0 225, 83, 173 225, 83, 173


 225, 60, 165

 225, 106, 181

 225, 38, 157

 225, 128, 189

 225, 16, 148

 225, 151, 198

 225, 0, 143

 225, 173, 206

 225, 195, 214

 225, 218, 222

 225, 240, 231

 225, 255, 239

 225, 255, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 110, 224



225, 83, 173



241, 76, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 83, 173



141, 143, 0



0, 162, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 83, 173



83, 225, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 164, 162



225, 83, 173



73, 156, 43

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



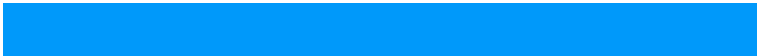
225, 83, 173



192, 123, 0



0, 162, 101



0, 153, 250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 83, 173



235, 88, 77



0, 162, 101



0, 163, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 83, 173



255, 207, 237



133, 83, 225



128, 98, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 83, 173



255, 61, 184



225, 83, 104



112, 101, 108



176, 0, 112



48, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 83, 173



255, 61, 184



83, 225, 204



112, 101, 108



176, 0, 112



48, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 83, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

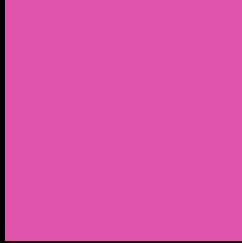
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 225, 83, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

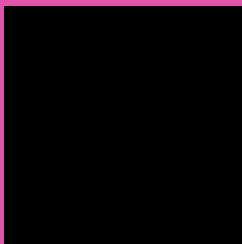
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 225, 83, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 83, 173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 225, 83, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
225, 83, 173

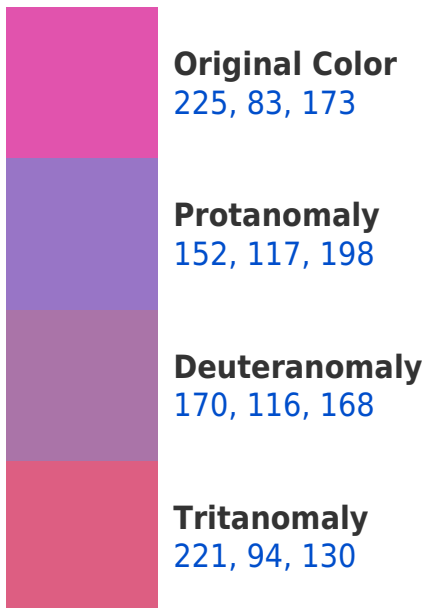
Protanopia
110, 136, 212

Deuteranopia
138, 135, 165

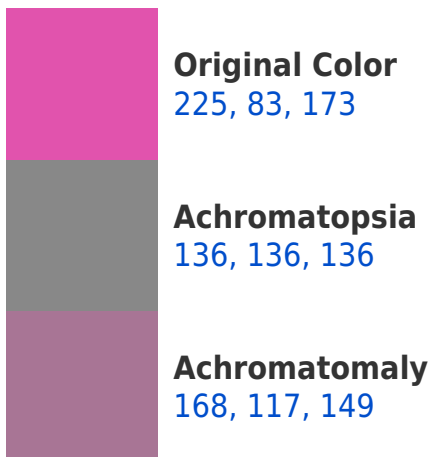


Tritanopia
219, 100, 106

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 225, 83, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 83, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
    color:rgb(225, 83, 173)
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 83, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 83, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 225, 83, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 83, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 83, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 83, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 83, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 83, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 83,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 83, 173 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 83, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225, 83,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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