

# Converting Colors

RGB(226, 117, 242)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(226, 117, 242) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(226, 117, 242)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E275F2
RGB	226, 117, 242
RGB Percent	89%, 46%, 95%
CMY	0.1137, 0.5412, 0.0510
CMYK	0.07, 0.52, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	292°, 83%, 70%
HSV	292°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	53.7523, 35.3021, 87.9853
YIQ	163.8410, 24.8390, 61.9830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

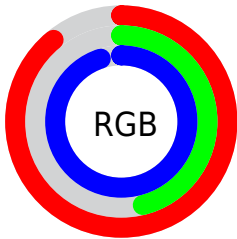
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 117, 242
Decimal	14841330
CIE Lab	65.98, 60.11, -44.94
CIE LCh	66, 75.046, 323.218
Yxy	35.3021, 0.3036, 0.1994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293031410 (0xFFE275F2)
YUV	163.8410, 38.5324, 54.5134
Hunter-Lab	59.4156, 57.5088, -46.2084

# Details

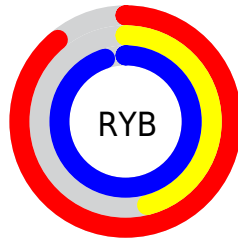
The RGB color **226, 117, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **133, 242, 117**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 173, 255**, and **168, 62, 185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 93, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **229, 141, 242**.

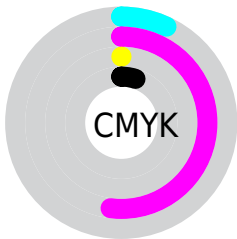
# Distribution



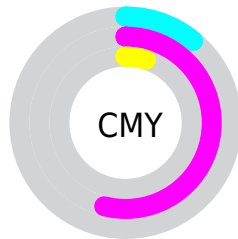
- Red (89%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 117, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 117, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 226, 117, 242

255, 255, 255

 255, 173, 255


 255, 201, 255

 255, 230, 255

 226, 117, 242

 197, 90, 213

 168, 62, 185

 140, 31, 158

 112, 0, 131

 85, 0, 106

 58, 0, 81


 33, 0, 57


 0, 2, 34


 0, 0, 9


 226, 117, 242

 226, 117, 242

 223, 93, 242

 229, 141, 242

 220, 69, 242


 232, 165, 242

 217, 44, 242

 235, 190, 242

 214, 20, 242

 238, 214, 242

 211, 0, 242

 241, 238, 242

 245, 255, 242

 248, 255, 242

 251, 255, 242

 254, 255, 242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 149, 255



226, 117, 242



255, 91, 179

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 117, 242



205, 152, 0



0, 191, 212

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 117, 242



133, 242, 117

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 190, 142



226, 117, 242



141, 172, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 117, 242



253, 123, 50



36, 184, 74



0, 186, 255

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 117, 242



255, 90, 133



36, 184, 74



0, 191, 189



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 117, 242



250, 217, 255



117, 134, 242



125, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 117, 242



235, 97, 255



242, 117, 196



118, 108, 120



160, 0, 184



49, 0, 56



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 117, 133



255, 97, 117



117, 242, 163



120, 108, 109



184, 0, 24

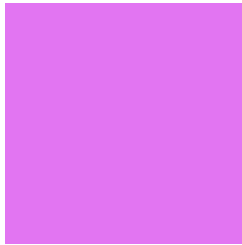


56, 0, 7



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 117, 242 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

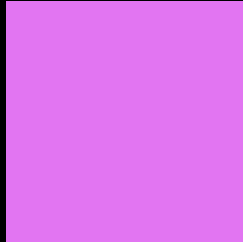
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 117, 242 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

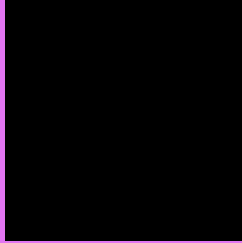
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 226, 117, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 117, 242.

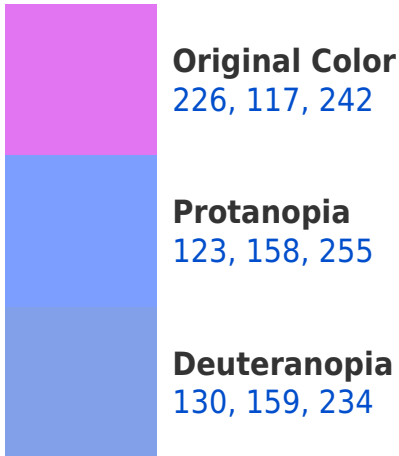


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 117, 242.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
214, 140, 150

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

226, 117, 242



**Protanomaly**

160, 143, 250



**Deuteranomaly**

165, 144, 237



**Tritanomaly**

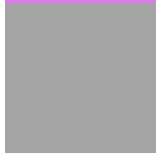
218, 132, 183

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

226, 117, 242



**Achromatopsia**

164, 164, 164



**Achromatomaly**

187, 147, 192

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 117, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 117, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 117, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 117, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 117, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 117, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 117, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 117, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 117, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 117, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 117, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 117,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 117, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 117, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
117, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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