

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 202, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 202, 183) contains.

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Color

RGB(226, 202, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2CAB7
RGB	226, 202, 183
RGB Percent	89%, 79%, 72%
CMY	0.1137, 0.2078, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.19, 0.11
HSL	27°, 43%, 80%
HSV	27°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	61.0318, 61.8287, 53.5172
YIQ	207.0100, 20.4030, -0.8210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

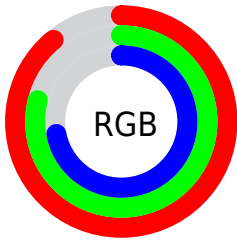
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 217, 183
Decimal	14863031
CIE Lab	82.82, 5.40, 12.55
CIE LCh	83, 13.661, 66.695
Yxy	61.8287, 0.3460, 0.3505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293053111 (0xFFE2CAB7)
YUV	207.0100, -11.8369, 16.6542
Hunter-Lab	78.6312, 0.9430, 14.6885

Details

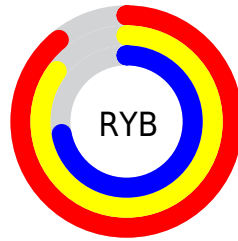
The RGB color **226, 202, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 207, 226**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 239**, and **170, 148, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 189, 160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226, 215, 206**.

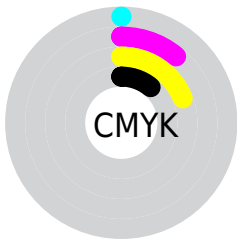
Distribution



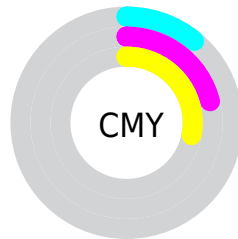
- Red (89%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 202, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 202, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 226, 202, 183


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 239

 226, 202, 183

 198, 175, 156

 170, 148, 130

 144, 122, 105

 118, 97, 81

 93, 74, 58

 68, 51, 36


 45, 30, 15

 24, 6, 0

 0, 0, 0

 226, 202, 183

 226, 202, 183

 226, 189, 160


 226, 215, 206

 226, 177, 138


 226, 227, 228

 226, 164, 115


 226, 240, 251


 226, 152, 93

 226, 252, 255

 226, 139, 70

 226, 255, 255

 226, 126, 47

 226, 114, 25

 226, 101, 2

 226, 100, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 199, 191



226, 202, 183



214, 206, 181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 202, 183



176, 214, 209



212, 202, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 202, 183



183, 207, 226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 206, 231



226, 202, 183



174, 213, 221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 202, 183



185, 213, 196



182, 210, 229



226, 199, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 202, 183



204, 209, 183



182, 210, 229



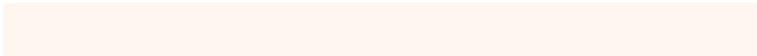
207, 203, 229

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 202, 183



255, 246, 240



226, 183, 207



128, 123, 119



0, 0, 0



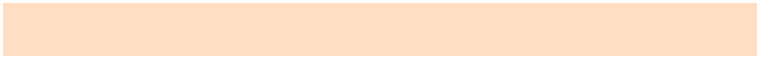
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 202, 183



255, 222, 196



226, 223, 183



112, 106, 101



176, 78, 0



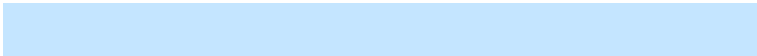
48, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 207, 226



196, 229, 255



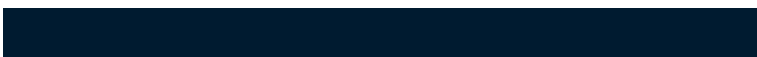
183, 186, 226



101, 107, 112



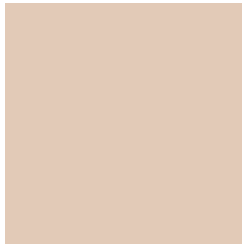
0, 98, 176



0, 27, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 202, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 202, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

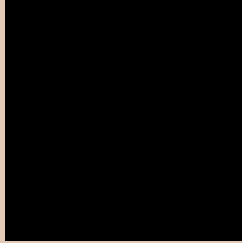
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 202, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 202, 183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 202, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
226, 202, 183

Protanopia
215, 206, 185

Deuteranopia
234, 199, 184



Tritanopia
230, 198, 213

Trichromacy



Original Color

226, 202, 183

Protanomaly

219, 205, 184

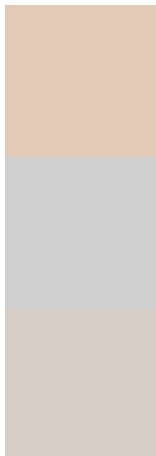
Deuteranomaly

231, 200, 184

Tritanomaly

229, 199, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

226, 202, 183

Achromatopsia

207, 207, 207

Achromatomaly

214, 205, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 202, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 202, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 202, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 202, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 202, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 202, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 202, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 202, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 202, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 202, 183); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 202, 183); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 202, 183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 202, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 202, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
202, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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