

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 205, 228)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 205, 228) contains.

RGB(226, 205, 228)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(226, 205, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2CDE4
RGB	226, 205, 228
RGB Percent	89%, 80%, 89%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1961, 0.1059
CMYK	0.01, 0.10, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	295°, 30%, 85%
HSV	295°, 10%, 89%
XYZ	67.1989, 65.4328, 82.4868
YIQ	213.9010, 5.1330, 11.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

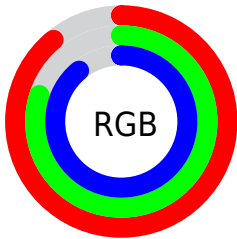
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 205, 228
Decimal	14863844
CIE Lab	84.71, 11.35, -8.69
CIE LCh	85, 14.295, 322.560
Yxy	65.4328, 0.3124, 0.3042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293053924 (0xFFE2CDE4)
YUV	213.9010, 6.9508, 10.6108
Hunter-Lab	80.8906, 6.7284, -3.8366

Details

The RGB color **226, 205, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 228, 205**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **171, 151, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224, 182, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 228, 228**.

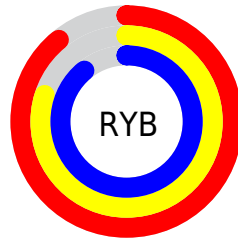
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (80%)

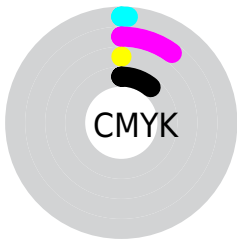
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (89%)

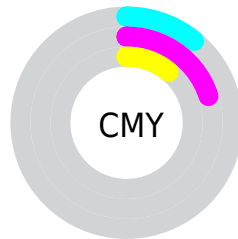


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 205, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 205, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 226, 205, 228

255, 255, 255

■ 226, 205, 228

■ 198, 178, 200

■ 171, 151, 173

■ 144, 125, 146

■ 118, 100, 120

■ 94, 76, 96

■ 70, 53, 72

■ 47, 32, 49

■ 27, 9, 29


■ 0, 0, 0

 226, 205, 228


 226, 205, 228

 224, 182, 228

 228, 228, 228

 222, 159, 228

 230, 251, 228

 220, 137, 228


 232, 255, 228

 218, 114, 228

 234, 255, 228

 216, 91, 228


 236, 255, 228

 214, 68, 228

 238, 255, 228

 212, 45, 228

 240, 255, 228

 210, 23, 228

 242, 255, 228

 208, 0, 228

 244, 255, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 209, 236



226, 205, 228



237, 203, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 205, 228



226, 209, 185



177, 219, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 205, 228



207, 228, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 219, 207



226, 205, 228



211, 214, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 205, 228



237, 205, 191



196, 217, 195



181, 217, 232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 205, 228



240, 202, 206



196, 217, 195



178, 220, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 205, 228



254, 247, 255



205, 207, 228



127, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 205, 228



252, 224, 255



228, 205, 219



114, 103, 115



163, 0, 179



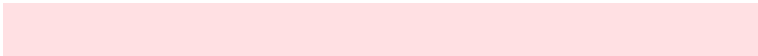
47, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 205, 207



255, 224, 227



205, 228, 214



115, 103, 104



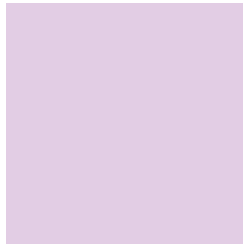
179, 0, 16



51, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 205, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

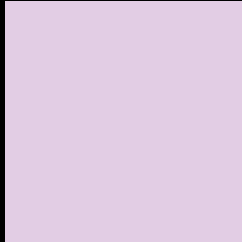
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 205, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

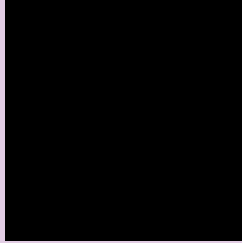
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

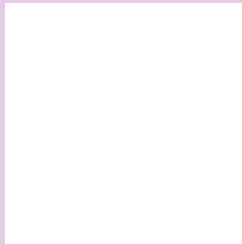
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 205, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 205, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 205, 228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
226, 205, 228

Protanopia
210, 210, 231

Deuteranopia
225, 206, 228



Tritanopia
225, 206, 222

Trichromacy



Original Color

226, 205, 228

Protanomaly

216, 208, 230

Deuteranomaly

225, 206, 228

Tritanomaly

225, 206, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color

226, 205, 228

Achromatopsia

214, 214, 214

Achromatomaly

218, 211, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 205, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 205, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 205, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 205, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 205, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 205, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 205, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 205, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 205, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 205, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 205, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 205,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 205, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 205, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
205, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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