

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 219, 136)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 219, 136) contains.

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Color

RGB(226, 219, 136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2DB88
RGB	226, 219, 136
RGB Percent	89%, 86%, 53%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1412, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.40, 0.11
HSL	55°, 61%, 71%
HSV	55°, 40%, 89%
XYZ	61.1395, 68.6094, 33.3131
YIQ	211.6310, 30.8150, -24.3290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

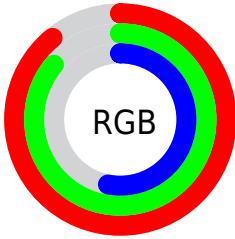
Format	Color
RYB	144, 226, 136
Decimal	14867336
CIELab	86.31, -9.38, 41.63
CIELCh	86, 42.673, 102.693
Yxy	68.6094, 0.3749, 0.4208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293057416 (0xFFE2DB88)
YUV	211.6310, -37.2861, 12.6016
Hunter-Lab	82.8308, -13.1985, 34.1361

Details

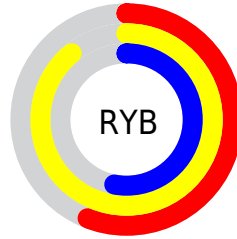
The RGB color **226, 219, 136** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **136, 143, 226**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 190**, and **169, 164, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 217, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226, 221, 159**.

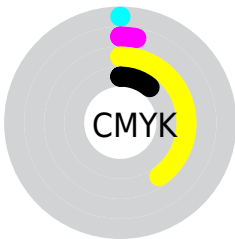
Distribution



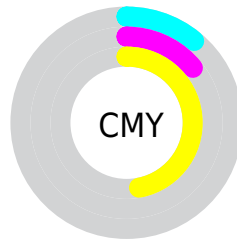
- Red (89%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 219, 136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 219, 136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 226, 219, 136


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 190


 255, 255, 219

 255, 255, 247

 226, 219, 136

 197, 191, 110

 169, 164, 84


 142, 138, 60

 115, 113, 35

 89, 88, 7

 64, 65, 0

 40, 43, 0

 11, 24, 0


 0, 0, 0

 226, 219, 136

 226, 219, 136

 226, 217, 113


 226, 221, 159

 226, 215, 91


 226, 223, 181

 226, 214, 68

 226, 224, 204

 226, 212, 46

 226, 226, 226

 226, 210, 23

 226, 228, 249

 226, 208, 0

 226, 230, 255

 226, 208, 0

 226, 231, 255

 226, 233, 255

 226, 235, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 205, 139



226, 219, 136



181, 230, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 219, 136



64, 235, 255



255, 188, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 219, 136



136, 143, 226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243, 199, 255



226, 219, 136



120, 227, 255

Square

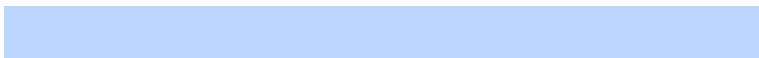
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 219, 136



80, 238, 232



186, 214, 255



255, 185, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 219, 136



148, 234, 178



186, 214, 255



255, 191, 254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 219, 136



255, 253, 224



226, 136, 143



128, 126, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 219, 136



255, 245, 133



189, 226, 136



112, 111, 101



176, 162, 0



48, 45, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 143, 226



133, 142, 255



174, 136, 226



101, 102, 112



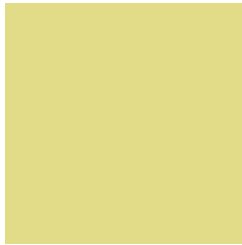
0, 14, 176



0, 4, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 219, 136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 219, 136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

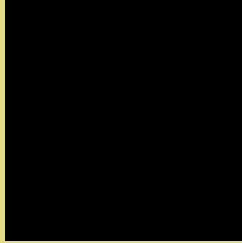
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 219, 136 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 219, 136.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 219, 136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
226, 219, 136

Protanopia
235, 216, 135

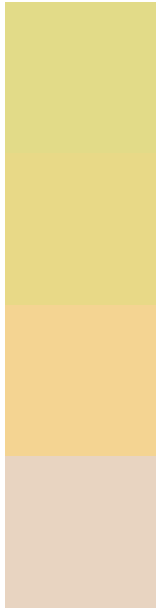
Deuteranopia
255, 208, 151



Tritanopia

236, 208, 225

Trichromacy



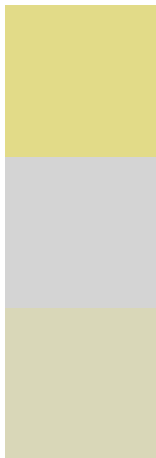
Original Color
226, 219, 136

Protanomaly
232, 217, 135

Deuteranomaly
244, 212, 146

Tritanomaly
232, 212, 193

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 219, 136

Achromatopsia
212, 212, 212

Achromatomaly
217, 215, 184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 219, 136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 219, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 219, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 219, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 219, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 219, 136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 219, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 219, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 219, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 219, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 219, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 219,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 219, 136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 219, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
219, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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