

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 221, 239)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 221, 239) contains.

RGB(226, 221, 239)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(226, 221, 239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2DDEF
RGB	226, 221, 239
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 94%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1333, 0.0627
CMYK	0.05, 0.08, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	257°, 36%, 90%
HSV	257°, 8%, 94%
XYZ	72.8005, 74.1136, 92.1297
YIQ	224.5470, -2.7980, 6.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

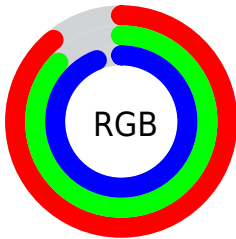
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 221, 239
Decimal	14867951
CIE Lab	88.98, 4.99, -8.17
CIE LCh	89, 9.577, 301.421
Yxy	74.1136, 0.3045, 0.3100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293058031 (0xFFE2DDEF)
YUV	224.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743
Hunter-Lab	86.0893, 0.2903, -3.1876

Details

The RGB color **226, 221, 239** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **234, 239, 221**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **171, 166, 183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 197, 239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 245, 239**.

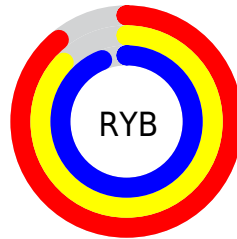
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (87%)

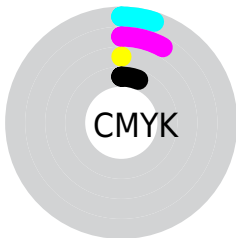
Blue (94%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (94%)

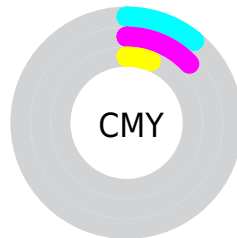


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 221, 239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 221, 239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 226, 221, 239

255, 255, 255

■ 226, 221, 239

■ 198, 193, 211

■ 171, 166, 183

■ 144, 140, 156

■ 118, 114, 130

■ 94, 90, 105

■ 70, 66, 81

■ 48, 44, 58

■ 27, 24, 36

■ 0, 0, 15

■ 226, 221, 239

■ 226, 221, 239

■ 209, 197, 239

■ 243, 245, 239

■ 191, 173, 239

■ 255, 255, 239

■ 174, 149, 239

■ 157, 125, 239

■ 140, 102, 239

■ 122, 78, 239

■ 105, 54, 239

■ 88, 30, 239

■ 71, 6, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215, 224, 241



226, 221, 239



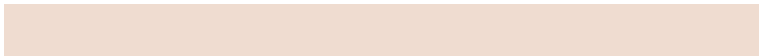
236, 219, 232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 221, 239



239, 220, 208



203, 229, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 221, 239



234, 239, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 228, 214



226, 221, 239



231, 223, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 221, 239



243, 218, 214



220, 226, 208



201, 229, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 221, 239



241, 218, 226



220, 226, 208



205, 229, 220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 221, 239



251, 250, 255



221, 234, 239



126, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 221, 239



238, 232, 255



235, 221, 239



111, 108, 120



51, 0, 184



16, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

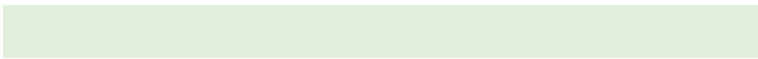
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 221, 234



255, 232, 249



225, 239, 221



120, 108, 117



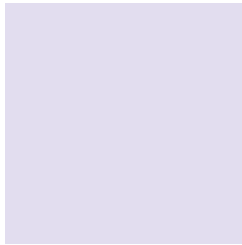
184, 0, 133



56, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 221, 239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

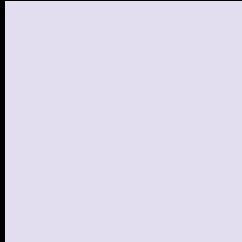
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 221, 239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

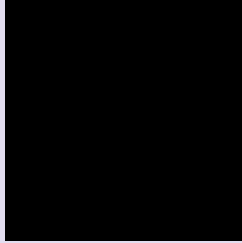
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

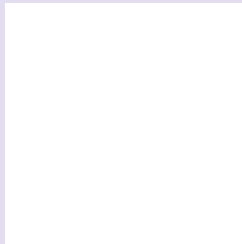
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 221, 239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 221, 239.

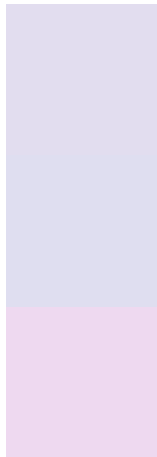


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 221, 239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
226, 221, 239

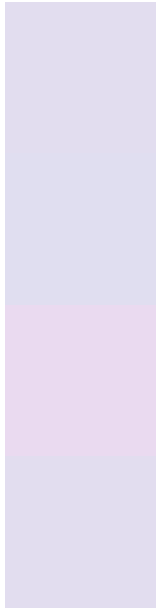
Protanopia
223, 222, 240

Deuteranopia
238, 217, 240



Tritanopia
226, 221, 239

Trichromacy



Original Color
226, 221, 239

Protanomaly
224, 222, 240

Deuteranomaly
234, 218, 240

Tritanomaly
226, 221, 239

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 221, 239

Achromatopsia
225, 225, 225

Achromatomaly
225, 224, 230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 221, 239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 221, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 221, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 221, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 221, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 221, 239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

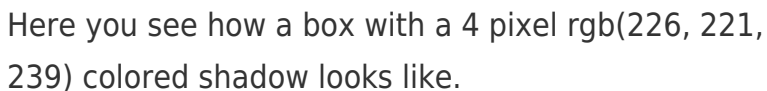
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 221, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 221, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 221, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 221, 239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 221, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
221, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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