

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 226, 195)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 226, 195) contains.

RGB(226, 226, 195)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(226, 226, 195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2E2C3
RGB	226, 226, 195
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 76%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1137, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.14, 0.11
HSL	60°, 35%, 83%
HSV	60°, 14%, 89%
XYZ	68.4107, 74.5016, 62.4044
YIQ	222.4660, 9.9510, -9.6410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

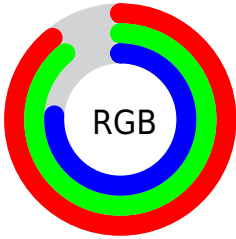
Format	Color
RYB	195, 226, 195
Decimal	14869187
CIELab	89.16, -5.18, 15.18
CIELCh	89, 16.039, 108.849
Yxy	74.5016, 0.3332, 0.3629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293059267 (0xFFE2E2C3)
YUV	222.4660, -13.5407, 3.0993
Hunter-Lab	86.3143, -9.5751, 17.5539

Details

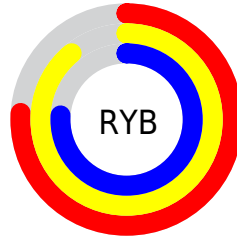
The RGB color **226, 226, 195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **195, 195, 226**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 252**, and **171, 171, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 226, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226, 226, 218**.

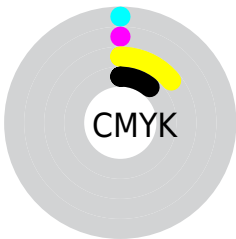
Distribution



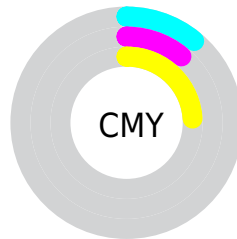
- Red (89%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 226, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 226, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 226, 226, 195

 226, 226, 195

255, 255, 255

 198, 198, 168

255, 255, 252

 171, 171, 141

 144, 144, 116

 118, 119, 91

 93, 94, 67

 69, 70, 45

 47, 48, 24

 27, 27, 0

 0, 0, 0

 226, 226, 195

 226, 226, 195

 226, 226, 172

 226, 226, 218

 226, 226, 150


 226, 226, 240

 226, 226, 127

 226, 226, 255

 226, 226, 105

 226, 226, 82

 226, 226, 59

 226, 226, 37

 226, 226, 14

 226, 226, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



242, 221, 194



226, 226, 195



208, 230, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 226, 195



188, 231, 246



252, 214, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 226, 195



195, 195, 226

Split Complementary

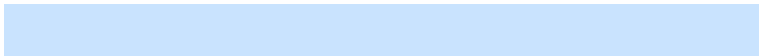
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



238, 217, 244



226, 226, 195



201, 227, 254

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



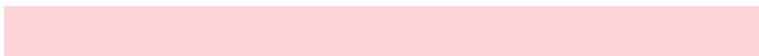
226, 226, 195



185, 233, 233



220, 222, 253



255, 214, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 226, 195



198, 232, 212



220, 222, 253



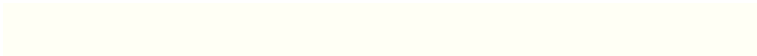
248, 215, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 226, 195



255, 255, 245



226, 195, 195



128, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 226, 195



255, 255, 214



211, 226, 195



112, 112, 101



176, 176, 0



48, 48, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 195, 226



214, 214, 255



211, 195, 226



101, 101, 112



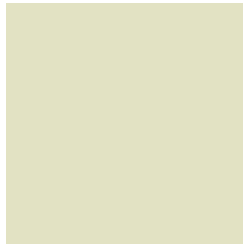
0, 0, 176



0, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 226, 195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

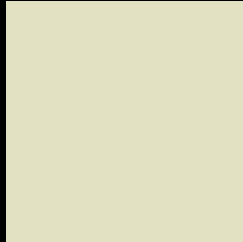
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 226, 195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

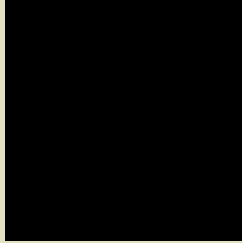
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

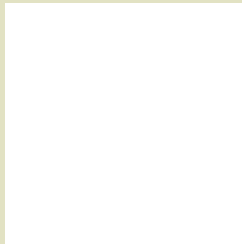
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 226, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 226, 195.

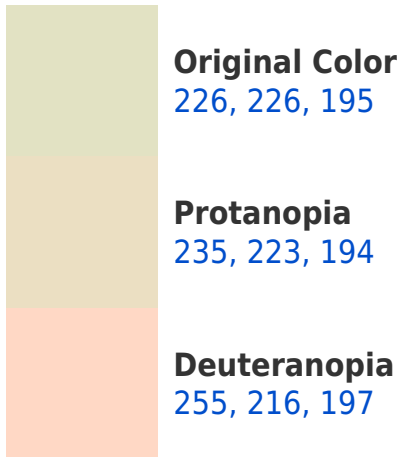


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 226, 195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

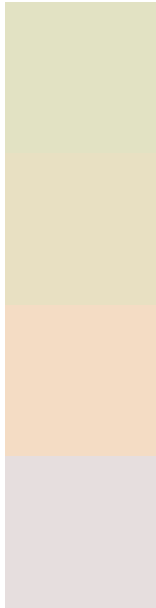
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
232, 220, 237

Trichromacy



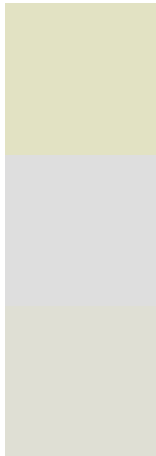
Original Color
226, 226, 195

Protanomaly
232, 224, 194

Deuteranomaly
244, 220, 196

Tritanomaly
230, 222, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 226, 195

Achromatopsia
222, 222, 222

Achromatomaly
223, 223, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 226, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 226, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 226, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 226, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 226, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 226, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 226, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 226, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 226, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 226, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 226, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 226,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 226, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 226, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
226, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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