

Converting Colors

RGB(226, 238, 178)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(226, 238, 178) contains.

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Color

RGB(226, 238, 178)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2EEB2
RGB	226, 238, 178
RGB Percent	89%, 93%, 70%
CMY	0.1137, 0.0667, 0.3020
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.25, 0.07
HSL	72°, 64%, 82%
HSV	72°, 25%, 93%
XYZ	69.9744, 80.5322, 53.9757
YIQ	227.5720, 12.1080, -21.2040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

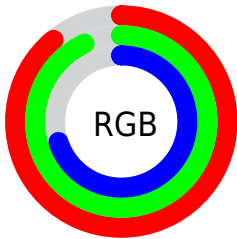
Format	Color
RYB	178, 238, 190
Decimal	14872242
CIELab	91.92, -13.71, 27.79
CIELCh	92, 30.985, 116.256
Yxy	80.5322, 0.3422, 0.3938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293062322 (0xFFE2EEB2)
YUV	227.5720, -24.4390, -1.3786
Hunter-Lab	89.7397, -17.8593, 27.1567

Details

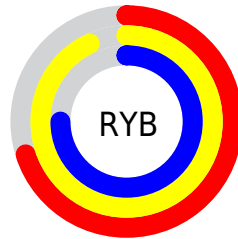
The RGB color **226, 238, 178** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **190, 178, 238**, and the grayscale version is **228, 228, 228**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 234**, and **170, 182, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 238, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 238, 202**.

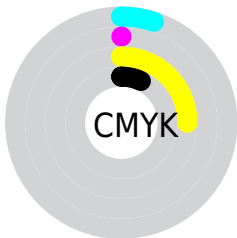
Distribution



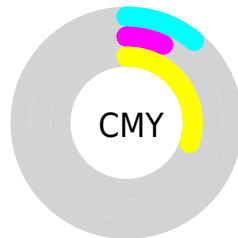
- Red (89%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 226, 238, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 226, 238, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 226, 238, 178

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 234

 226, 238, 178

 198, 210, 151

 170, 182, 125

 143, 155, 100

 117, 129, 75

 92, 104, 52

 68, 80, 29

 44, 57, 6

 23, 36, 0

 0, 13, 0

■ 226, 238, 178

■ 226, 238, 178

■ 221, 238, 154

■ 231, 238, 202

■ 216, 238, 130

■ 236, 238, 226

■ 212, 238, 107

■ 240, 238, 249

■ 207, 238, 83

■ 245, 238, 255

■ 202, 238, 59

■ 250, 238, 255

■ 197, 238, 35

■ 255, 238, 255

■ 193, 238, 11

■ 255, 238, 255

■ 190, 238, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

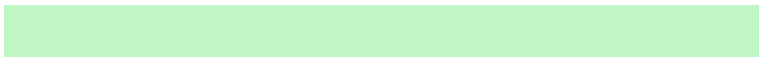
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 229, 173



226, 238, 178



192, 245, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 238, 178



156, 244, 255



255, 211, 237

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 238, 178



190, 178, 238

Split Complementary

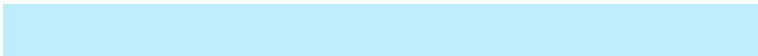
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 216, 255



226, 238, 178



190, 236, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 238, 178



145, 248, 255



232, 226, 255



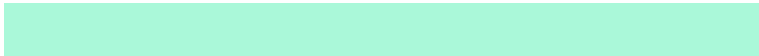
255, 212, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 238, 178



170, 248, 217



232, 226, 255



255, 212, 247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 238, 178



251, 255, 235



238, 190, 178



125, 128, 115



0, 0, 0



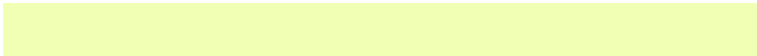
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

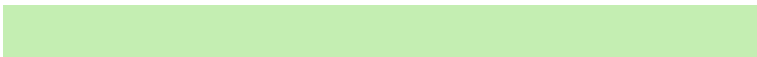
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 238, 178



240, 255, 179



196, 238, 178



117, 120, 108



147, 184, 0



45, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 178, 238



194, 179, 255



220, 178, 238



110, 108, 120



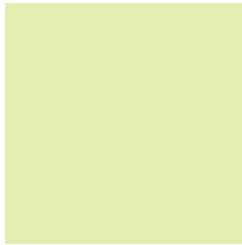
37, 0, 184



11, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 238, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

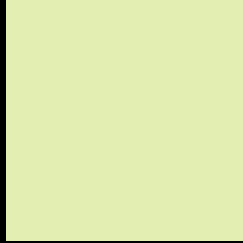
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 226, 238, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

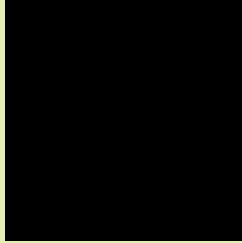
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 226, 238, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 238, 178.

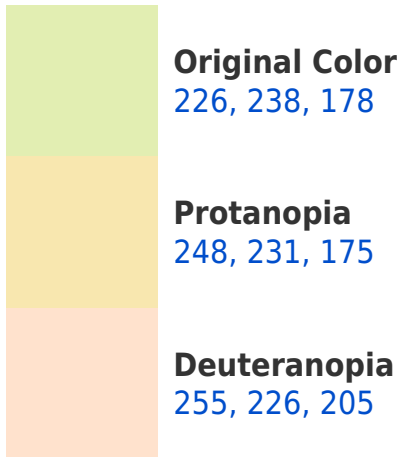


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 226, 238, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

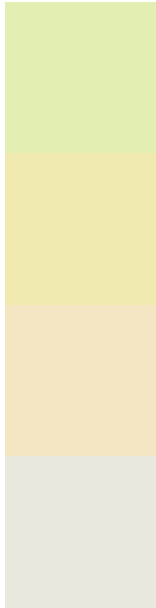




Tritanopia

235, 229, 247

Trichromacy



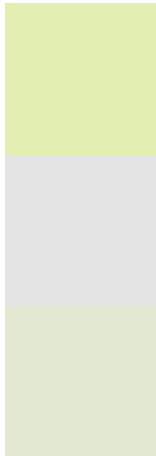
Original Color
226, 238, 178

Protanomaly
240, 234, 176

Deuteranomaly
244, 230, 195

Tritanomaly
232, 232, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 238, 178

Achromatopsia
228, 228, 228

Achromatomaly
227, 232, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 226, 238, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 238, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 238, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 238, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 238, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 226, 238, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 238, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 238, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 238, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 238, 178); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 238, 178); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 238, 178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 238, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 238, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
238, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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