

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 115, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 115, 135) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 115, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E37387
RGB	227, 115, 135
RGB Percent	89%, 45%, 53%
CMY	0.1098, 0.5490, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.41, 0.11
HSL	349°, 67%, 67%
HSV	349°, 49%, 89%
XYZ	42.1825, 30.3416, 26.5549
YIQ	150.7680, 60.3320, 29.9640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

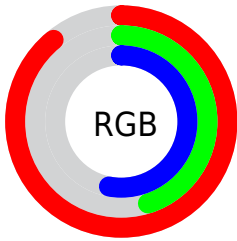
Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 115, 135
Decimal	14906247
CIE _{Lab}	61.95, 45.41, 9.44
CIE _{LCh}	62, 46.377, 11.740
Yxy	30.3416, 0.4257, 0.3062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293096327 (0xFFE37387)
YUV	150.7680, -7.7736, 66.8555
Hunter-Lab	55.0832, 40.2987, 9.9753

Details

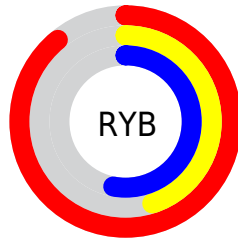
The RGB color **227, 115, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **115, 227, 207**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 169, 188**, and **168, 62, 86** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 92, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 138, 154**.

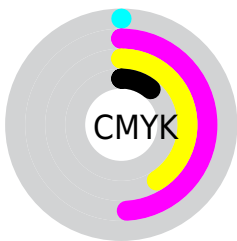
Distribution



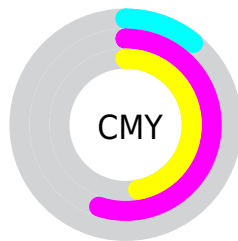
- Red (89%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 115, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 115, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 227, 115, 135

255, 255, 255

 255, 169, 188

 255, 197, 216

 255, 226, 244

 227, 115, 135

 197, 89, 110

 168, 62, 86

 139, 35, 62


 111, 0, 41


 83, 0, 21

 58, 0, 1

 23, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 227, 115, 135

 227, 115, 135

■ 227, 92, 116

■ 227, 138, 154

■ 227, 70, 98

■ 227, 160, 172

■ 227, 47, 79

■ 227, 183, 191

■ 227, 24, 60

■ 227, 206, 210

■ 227, 2, 42

■ 227, 229, 228

■ 227, 0, 41

■ 227, 251, 247

■ 227, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 119, 176



227, 115, 135



220, 124, 97

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 115, 135



113, 163, 86



0, 161, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 115, 135



115, 227, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 168, 203



227, 115, 135



48, 169, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 115, 135



158, 153, 66



0, 171, 165



110, 149, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 115, 135



205, 133, 78



0, 171, 165



0, 164, 221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 115, 135



255, 217, 224



206, 115, 227



128, 105, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 115, 135



255, 105, 131



227, 150, 115



115, 103, 105



179, 0, 32



51, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 115, 135



255, 105, 131



115, 192, 227



115, 103, 105



179, 0, 32



51, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 115, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 115, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 115, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 115, 135.

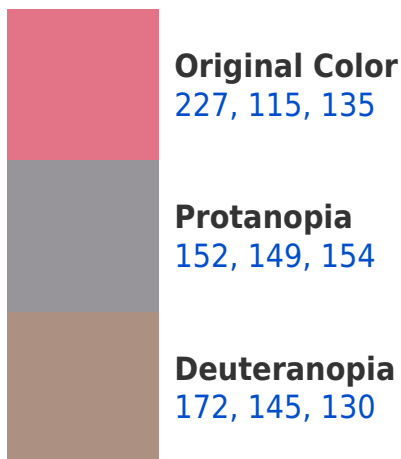


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 115, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

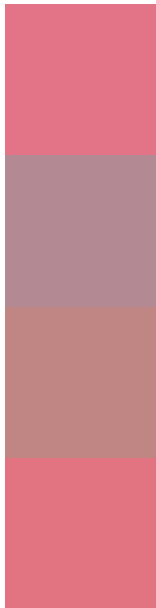
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
226, 117, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color
227, 115, 135

Protanomaly
179, 137, 147

Deuteranomaly
192, 134, 132

Tritanomaly
226, 116, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 115, 135

Achromatopsia
151, 151, 151

Achromatomaly
179, 138, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 115, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 115, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 115, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 115, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 115, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 115, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 115, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 115, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 115, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 115, 135); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 115, 135); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 115, 135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 115, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 115, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
115, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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