

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 124, 100)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 124, 100) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 124, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E37C64
RGB	227, 124, 100
RGB Percent	89%, 49%, 39%
CMY	0.1098, 0.5137, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.56, 0.11
HSL	11°, 69%, 64%
HSV	11°, 56%, 89%
XYZ	41.1865, 31.6663, 15.9980
YIQ	152.0610, 69.0920, 14.3720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

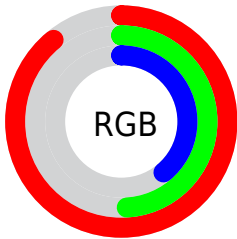
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 130, 100
Decimal	14908516
CIE Lab	63.07, 37.56, 30.79
CIE LCh	63, 48.565, 39.339
Yxy	31.6663, 0.4635, 0.3564
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293098596 (0xFFE37C64)
YUV	152.0610, -25.6661, 65.7215
Hunter-Lab	56.2728, 32.1679, 22.5352

Details

The RGB color **227, 124, 100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 203, 227**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 178, 151**, and **167, 73, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 106, 77**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 142, 123**.

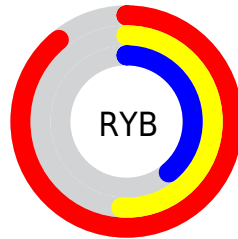
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (49%)

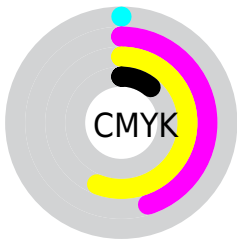
Blue (39%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (39%)

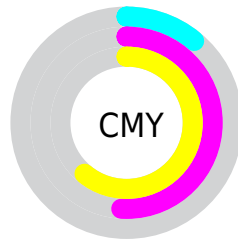


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 124, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 124, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 227, 124, 100

255, 255, 255

 255, 178, 151

 255, 206, 178

 255, 235, 206

 255, 255, 234

 227, 124, 100

 197, 98, 76

 167, 73, 53

 138, 48, 31


 109, 21, 8


 81, 0, 0

 54, 0, 0

 18, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0


 227, 124, 100

 227, 124, 100

 227, 106, 77

 227, 142, 123

 227, 87, 55

 227, 161, 145

 227, 69, 32

 227, 179, 168

 227, 50, 9

 227, 198, 191

 227, 43, 0

 227, 216, 213

 227, 234, 236

 227, 253, 255

 227, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 116, 141



227, 124, 100



202, 140, 71

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 124, 100



51, 172, 121



102, 153, 238

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 124, 100



100, 203, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 165, 233



227, 124, 100



0, 174, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 124, 100



118, 166, 83



0, 172, 206



174, 136, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 124, 100



178, 150, 63



0, 172, 206



66, 157, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 124, 100



255, 220, 212



227, 100, 204



128, 107, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 124, 100



255, 116, 84



227, 187, 100



115, 105, 103



179, 34, 0



51, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 203, 227



84, 223, 255



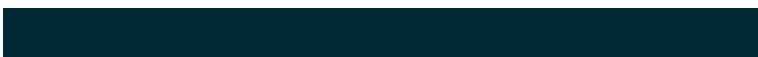
100, 140, 227



103, 113, 115



0, 145, 179



0, 41, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 124, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 124, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 124, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 124, 100.

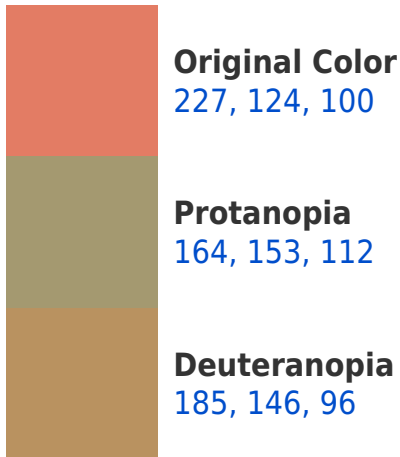


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 124, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
229, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color
227, 124, 100

Protanomaly
187, 142, 108

Deuteranomaly
200, 138, 97

Tritanomaly
228, 121, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 124, 100

Achromatopsia
152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly
179, 142, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 124, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 124, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 124, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 124, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 124, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 124, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 124, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 124, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 124, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 124, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 124, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 124,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 124, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 124, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
124, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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